PROJECT NO. 161-15869-00

THE NURSERY GOLF COURSE RV PARK

TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT

MAY 2017



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THE NURSERY GOLF AND COUNTRY CLUB INC.

Project No: 161-15869-00

Date: May 2017

WSP Canada Inc. Suite 1200, 10909 Jasper Avenue Edmonton, AB T5J 3L9

Phone: 780-466-6555 Fax: 780-463-0177 www.wspgroup.com



CORPORATE AUTHORIZATION

This report "The Nursery Golf Course RV Park Traffic Impact Assessment" was prepared by WSP Canada Inc. for The Nursery Golf and Country Club Inc. The quality of information, conclusions and estimates contained herein is consistent with the level of effort provided by WSP Canada Inc. and are based on: i) information available at the time of preparation, ii) data supplied by outside sources, and iii) the assumptions, conditions and qualifications set forth in this report. This report is intended to be used by The Nursery Golf and Country Club Inc. only, subject to the terms and conditions of its contract with WSP Canada Inc. Any other use of, or reliance on, this report by any third party is at that party's sole risk.

PREPARED BY:

Mg 18,2017

James Sun, M. Sc., P. Eng., PTOE Transportation Engineer

REVIEWED BY:

Janis L. Fong, P. Eng.

Practice Lead, Transportation

2017-05-18

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1	February 24, 2017	Issued for Review				
2	May 18, 2017	Revised Based on County's Comments Issued for Approval				

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

WSP Canada Inc. was retained by The Nursery Golf and Country Club to complete a traffic impact assessment (TIA) for a proposed recreational vehicle (RV) park located east of Range Road 270 and south of Township Road 412 in the SW 07-41-26-W4M in Lacombe County.

The purpose of this study is to identify and assess potential traffic impacts on the study intersections and roadways associated with the proposed development, and to suggest required mitigation measures (if any) to allow the adjacent roadways to safely accommodate traffic generated by the development.

The Nursery Golf Course is an 18-hole public golf course located west of the QEII (Highway 2) and north of the City of Lacombe. The lands surrounding the golf course are primarily undeveloped farmland. The proposed RV Park will be located on the golf course at the existing driving range area. The current development concept plan for Phase 1 shows 31 stalls. However, a total of 35 stalls for Phase 1 were analyzed in this TIA in case of any changes to the site layout and stall sizing in the future. An additional 35 stalls were also considered for potential future RV park expansion. The RV Park Phase 1 is anticipated to be fully built out in approximately 2018.

Primary vehicular access to The Nursery Golf Course and the proposed RV Park will be obtained via Highway 2, Highway 12, Highway 792, Township Road 412, and Range Road 270. In this study, the Township Road 412 / Range Road 270 intersection and the road segments of Township Road 412 and Range Road 270 in the proximity of the study intersection were analysed.

The existing Township Road 412 / Range Road 270 intersection presents a flared Type IIId intersection treatment with provision for simultaneous through and left turn movements. In this study, a 2.5% linear traffic growth rate was used to estimate the future background traffic growth.

The following conclusions and recommendations were reached:

- → It is anticipated that the 35-stall RV Park in Phase 1 would generate approximately 85 new trips on a summer weekday with 8 and 9 new trips during the weekday AM and PM peak hours, respectively. With the addition of 35 future stalls, the RV Park would generate approximately 170 new trips on a summer weekday with 16 and 18 new trips during the weekday AM and PM peak hours.
- → The amount of trips generated by the proposed RV Park is not expected to significantly impact the study intersection and roadways.
- → The existing Type IIId intersection treatment at the study intersection meets the requirement for the forecasted future traffic volumes. Therefore, no further intersection improvements will be required as a result of the proposed development.
- All traffic movements at the Township Road 412 / Range Road 270 intersection are expected to operate at LOS A during the AM and PM peak hours under the Phase 1 post-development traffic conditions and operate at LOS B or better up to the 20 year horizon (2037). The existing intersection treatment will be capable of accommodating the forecasted post-development traffic.
- → Traffic on Township Road 412 east of Range Road 270 is expected to operate at LOS A during the AM and PM peak hours in summer seasons under the post-development traffic conditions up to the 20 year horizon (2037). Thus, it can be concluded that both Township Road 412 and Range Road 270 have sufficient capacity to accommodate the traffic generated by the proposed RV Park and anticipated future traffic growth.
- → The intersection sight distances are adequate to both the east and west directions along Township Road 412 at the Range Road 270 intersection. There are no obstructions within driver's sight line triangles.

- → The existing intersection treatment can safely accommodate the turning manoeuvres of recreational vehicles.
- → Illumination at the study intersection will <u>not</u> be warranted.

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1 INTRODUCTION

WSP Canada Inc. was retained by The Nursery Golf and Country Club to complete a traffic impact assessment (TIA) for a proposed recreational vehicle (RV) park located east of Range Road 270 and south of Township Road 412 in the SW 07-41-26-W4M in Lacombe County. The subject site location is shown in Figure 1-1.

1.1 STUDY PURPOSE

The purpose of this study is to identify and assess potential traffic impacts on the study intersections associated with the proposed development, and to suggest required mitigation measures (if any) to allow the adjacent roadways to safely accommodate traffic generated by the development.

1.2 SITE AND VICINITY DESCRIPTION

1.2.1 SITE DESCRIPTION

The Nursery Golf Course is an 18-hole public golf course located west of Highway 2 and north of the City of Lacombe. The lands surrounding the golf course are primarily undeveloped farmland. The proposed RV Park will be located on the golf course at the existing driving range area. The current development concept plan for Phase 1 shows 31 stalls. However, a total of 35 stalls for Phase 1 were analyzed in this TIA in case of any changes to the site layout and stall sizing in the future. An additional 35 stalls were also considered for potential future RV park expansion. The RV Park Phase 1 is anticipated to be fully built out approximately in 2018. The proposed development concept plan is attached in Appendix B.

1.2.2 TRANSPORTATION NETWORK

Primary vehicular access to The Nursery Golf Course and the proposed RV Park will be obtained via Highway 2, Highway 12, Highway 792, Township Road 412, and Range Road 270. In this study, the Township Road 412 / Range Road 270 intersection and the road segments of Township Road 412 and Range Road 270 in the proximity of the study intersection were analysed.

Township Road 412 is a paved two-lane undivided road that connects Highway 792 to the west and the Highway 2 / 2A interchange to the east. The current daily traffic volume in the summer on Township Road 412 east of Range Road 270 is estimated to be 1,000 vehicles per day.

Range Road 270 is a paved two-lane roadway that provides access to the rural properties and farmland in the surrounding area. The current traffic volume in the summer on Range Road 270 is estimated to be approximately 210 vehicles per day south of Township Road 412 and 600 vehicles per day north of Township Road 412. The posted speed limit on Range Road 270 is 90 km/h.

The Township Road 412 / Range Road 270 intersection presents a flared Type IIId intersection treatment with provision for simultaneous through and left turn movements. The flared intersection operates so that the main (through) road through traffic has little or no delay when lead vehicles are turning left or right. This intersection is currently controlled by two-way stop signs on Range Road 270 with free flow conditions on Township Road 412.

1.3 ANALYSIS HORIZONS

Three analysis horizons were established in this study:

- Existing traffic conditions (2017),
- Phase 1 Full Build Out (2018), and
- 20 year horizon (2037).



Figure 1-1 Site Location

1.4 SCOPE OF WORK

The scope of this study includes the following:

- → Determine current traffic operating conditions for the study intersection.
- → Forecast background traffic volumes at the analysis horizons based on the anticipated traffic growth rate.
- Determine the number of trips generated by the development at each analysis horizons.
- → Distribute the generated trips to different geographic areas (origins and destinations).
- → Assign the generated trips to specific routes to and from the development.
- → Forecast post-development (combined) traffic volumes at the study intersection and on the roadways for each analysis horizon.
- Propose appropriate intersection treatment and traffic control (if needed) for the study intersection.
- Evaluate capacity for Township Road 412 and Range Road 270.
- Determine roadway and intersection improvements as required to provide acceptable levels of service and safety while mitigating impacts due to the development.

1.5 METHODOLOGY

In order to meet the study objectives and accomplish the works stated above, the following methodology was used:

- → Obtain the County's recent traffic counts on Township Road 412 and Range Road 270 and review WSP's 2010 traffic turning movement count at the Township Road 412 / Range Road 270 intersection to estimate current traffic volumes at the study intersection.
- → Estimate total trips generated by the development based on ITE *Trip Generation Manual (9th Edition)* and the development information provided by the developer.
- → Conduct illumination warrant analysis based on TAC's Guide for the Design of Roadway Lighting (2006).
- Analyze the delay, level of service (LOS) and queue lengths of the study intersections at weekday AM and PM peak periods for the analysis horizon traffic using Synchro Studio 9 (Synchro) software.
- Identify any improvements necessary for the intersection and roadways to accommodate the forecasted traffic volumes.

2 TRAFFIC ANALYSIS

This section analyzes the existing (2017), Phase 1 full build out (2018), and 20 year horizon (2037) traffic conditions for the study intersection. A linear traffic growth rate was applied to the existing traffic volumes to determine the future background traffic volumes.

2.1 EXISTING TRAFFIC

Lacombe County provided recent roadway traffic counts on Township Road 412 and Range Road 270. WSP conducted intersection turning movement counts at the Township Road 412 / Range Road 270 intersection in 2010 for the purpose of preparing a traffic impact assessment of the closure of the Range Road 270 intersection on Highway 2. The existing (2017) traffic volumes at the study intersection were estimated based on the County's recent traffic counts. The anticipated traffic turning movement patterns (left, right, and through) at the study intersection were estimated based on WSP's 2010 TIA. It is believed that WSP's 2010 estimates for the traffic turning movement patterns at the study intersection after the closure of Range Road 270 intersection on Highway 2 are still valid.

Figure 2-1 shows the estimated existing weekday AM and PM peak hour traffic turning movement volumes at the Township Road 412 / Range Road 270 intersection and the anticipated daily traffic volumes on the roadways.

2.2 BACKGROUND TRAFFIC

Background traffic (non-site traffic) is the traffic that exists without the addition of trips generated by the proposed development.

In consultation with the County, a 2.5% linear traffic growth rate is deemed to be adequate to estimate the future traffic growth on Township Road 412 and Range Road 270.

The forecasted background traffic volumes in terms of weekday average summer daily traffic (ASDT), AM and PM peak hour traffic at the analysis horizons are presented in Figures 2-2 and 2-3.



Figure 2-1 Existing (2017) Traffic



Figure 2-2 Phase 1 (2018) Background Traffic



Figure 2-3 20 Year Horizon (2037) Background Traffic

2.3 TRIP GENERATION

To estimate the trips generated by the proposed RV park, the trip generation rates for Campground/Recreational Vehicle Park (Land Use Code: 416) in the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) *Trip Generation Manual (9th Edition)* were used. The daily trip generation rate was estimated by multiplying the sum of AM and PM peak hour trip generation rates by five (5) (i.e., daily trip rates = $5 \times (AM+PM)$).

As stated previously, the current development concept plan for Phase 1 shows 31 stalls. However, a total of 35 stalls for Phase 1 were analyzed in this TIA in case of any changes to the site layout and stall sizing in the future.

Table 2-1 summarizes the estimated trips that would be generated by the 35 camp sites in Phase 1. It is estimated that the RV Park Phase 1 would generate a total of approximately 85 daily trips, 8 AM peak hour trips, and 9 PM peak hour trips when it is completed. The trips that would be generated by the RV Park with the additional future 35 stalls are illustrated in Table 2-2.

Table 2-1 Trip Generation – Phase 1 (35 Stalls)

STALLS: 35	WEEKDAY		AM PEAK HOUR			PM PEAK HOUR			
	TOTAL	IN	OUT	TOTAL	IN	OUT	TOTAL	IN	OUT
Directional Distribution	100%	50%	50%	100%	36%	64%	100%	65%	35%
Rates (Trips / Camp Site)	2.40	1.20	1.20	0.21	0.08	0.13	0.27	0.18	0.09
Total Trips	84	42	42	8	3	5	9	6	3

Table 2-2 Trip Generation – Ultimate (70 Stalls)

STALLS: 70	WEEKDAY		AM PEAK HOUR			PM PEAK HOUR			
	TOTAL	IN	OUT	TOTAL	IN	OUT	TOTAL	IN	OUT
Directional Distribution	100%	50%	50%	100%	36%	64%	100%	65%	35%
Rates (Trips / Camp Site)	2.40	1.20	1.20	0.21	0.08	0.13	0.27	0.18	0.09
Total Trips	168	84	84	16	6	10	18	12	6

2.4 TRIP DISTRIBUTION AND ASSIGNMENT

Trip distributions for the proposed RV Park were estimated based on the relative locations of surrounding populated areas and the road network in the vicinity of the site. It is anticipated that most of the traffic generated by the RV Park will be travelling from / to Highway 2 at the east. For the purpose of this study, it is assumed that 85% of the trips generated by the RV Park would be from Highway 2, 10% of the trips would be from the west along Township Road 412, and 5% would be from the north along Range Road 270.

Figure 2-4 illustrates the estimated trip distribution for the proposed RV Park at the study intersection. The resultant trip assignments are shown in Figures 2-5 and 2-6 for Phase 1 and ultimate stage, respectively.

2.5 COMBINED TRAFFIC

Combined traffic volumes (post-development traffic) include both background traffic and the traffic generated by the proposed development. Combined traffic volumes were calculated by superimposing the trips generated by the proposed development onto the future background traffic volumes. The resulting combined AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes at the study intersection are shown in Figures 2-7 and 2-8.



Figure 2-4 Trip Distribution



Figure 2-5 Trip Assignment - Phase 1



Figure 2-6 Trip Assignment - Ultimate



Figure 2-7 Phase (2018) Combined Traffic



Figure 2-8 20 Year Horizon (2037) Combined Traffic

3 INTERSECTION ANALYSIS

This section presents the intersection analysis procedures that are specified in Alberta Transportation's *Highway Geometric Design Guide*.

3.1 LEFT TURN LANE WARRANT ANALTYSIS

The Township Road 412 / Range Road 270 intersection presents a flared Type IIId intersection treatment with provision for simultaneous through and left turn movements. The purpose of the left turn lane warrant analysis is to check if dedicated left turn lanes are required on Township Road 412 to accommodate the forecasted future left turning traffic. Table 3-1 outlines the traffic movement information at the study intersection during the AM and PM peak periods for each analysis horizon.

The left turn lane warrant analysis was based on a design speed of 110 km/h (posted speed 100 km/h) on Township Road 412.

Table 3-1 Left Turn Lane Warrant Analysis

EB AM PEAK	ADVANCING	OPPOSING	LEFT TURNS	% LEFT TURN	TRUCKS IN LT	WARRANTED?
2017 Traffic	25	23	2	8%	< 10%	No
2018 Combined	27	26	2	7%	< 10%	No
2037 Combined	40	41	4	8%	< 10%	No
EB PM PEAK	ADVANCING	OPPOSING	LEFT TURNS	% LEFT TURN	TRUCKS IN LT	WARRANTED?
2017 Traffic	13	79	6	46%	< 10%	No
2018 Combined	14	85	6	43%	< 10%	No
2037 Combined	22	129	9	41%	< 10%	No
WB AM PEAK	ADVANCING	OPPOSING	LEFT TURNS	% LEFT TURN	TRUCKS IN LT	WARRANTED?
WB AM PEAK 2017 Traffic	ADVANCING 23	OPPOSING 29	LEFT TURNS	% LEFT TURN 43%	TRUCKS IN LT	WARRANTED?
2017 Traffic	23	29	10	43%	< 10%	No
2017 Traffic 2018 Combined	23 26	29 27	10 13	43% 50%	< 10% < 10%	No No No
2017 Traffic 2018 Combined 2037 Combined	23 26 41	29 27 40	10 13 21	43% 50% 51%	< 10% < 10% < 10%	No No No
2017 Traffic 2018 Combined 2037 Combined WB PM PEAK	23 26 41 ADVANCING	29 27 40 OPPOSING	10 13 21 LEFT TURNS	43% 50% 51% % LEFT TURN	< 10% < 10% < 10% TRUCKS IN LT	No No No WARRANTED?

^{*}LT = Left Turns

The above left turn lane warrant analysis reveals that left turn lanes are not expected to be warranted for the east and westbound traffic at the Township Road 412 / Range Road 270 intersection even under the forecasted 20 year horizon (2037) post-development traffic conditions. The existing Type IIId intersection treatment at the study intersection meets the requirement for the forecasted future traffic volumes. Therefore, no further intersection improvements will be required.

3.2 RIGHT TURN LANE WARRANT ANALTYSIS

According to Alberta Transportation's *Highway Geometric Design Guide*, the warrant for a right turn lane requires that all of the following conditions be met:

- → Main (or through) road AADT ≥ 1800,
- → Intersecting road AADT ≥ 900, and
- → Right turn daily traffic volume ≥ 360 for the movement in question.

In this study, ASDT volumes were used to conduct the right turn lane warrant analysis. Based on the forecasted traffic volumes on Township Road 412 and Range Road 270, dedicated right turn lanes are not expected to be warranted on Township Road 412 at the Range Road 270 intersection.

4 CAPACITY ANALYSIS

This section describes the method used for the capacity analysis and evaluates the operating level of service of the study intersection and roadways under the analysis horizon traffic conditions.

4.1 METHODOLOGY

To determine the operating conditions of an intersection or roadway, the concept of level of service (LOS) is generally used. The LOS of an intersection is a qualitative measure of capacity and operating conditions and is directly related to vehicle delay. LOS is given a letter designation from A to F, with LOS A representing very short delays and the best operating conditions, and LOS F representing very long delays and failure of a movement. LOS D is typically considered the limit of acceptable operation because excessive delays tend to occur beyond this threshold.

For this study, WSP developed Synchro Studio 9 (Synchro) intersection simulation models for the study intersections when they are under signal or stop control. Synchro 9 follows the *Highway Capacity Manual*, 2010 (HCM 2010) LOS criteria that are listed in Table 4-1. For two-way stop controlled intersections, the delay is typically calculated for the movements at the minor approaches only, since the major roads are considered to be operating at free flow conditions.

Table 4-1 Level of Service Criteria for Intersections (HCM 2010)

SIGNALIZED	UNSIGNALIZED	LOS BY VOLUME-TO-CAPACITY RATIO				
CONTROL DELAY (S)	CONTROL DELAY (S)	<i>v/c</i> ≤ 1.0	<i>v/c</i> > 1.0			
≤ 10	≤ 10	Α	F			
> 10 and ≤ 20	> 10 and ≤ 15	В	F			
> 20 and ≤ 35	> 15 and ≤ 25	С	F			
> 35 and ≤ 55	> 25 and ≤ 35	D	F			
> 55 and ≤ 80	> 35 and ≤ 50	E	F			
> 80	> 50	F	F			

The procedure for roadway segment analysis and evaluation criteria used in this study follow those outlined in the *Highway Capacity Manual 2010 (HCM 2010)*. HCM 2010 defines the measures of effectiveness to determine the automobile level of service. In this study, the percent time-spent-following (PTSF) was selected to evaluate the traffic operational performance of the roadway segments on Township Road 412 and Range Road 270. PTSF represents the freedom to maneuver and the comfort and convenience of travel. It is the average percentage of time that vehicles must travel in platoons behind slower vehicles due to the inability to pass. The LOS criteria for two-lane roadway segment as defined by HCM 2010 are shown in Table 4-2.

Table 4-2 Level of Service Criteria for Two-Lane Class II Highways (HCM 2010)

LOS	PTSF (%)	DESCRIPTION
А	≤ 40	Speed would be controlled primarily by roadway conditions. A small amount of platooning would be expected.
В	> 40 - 55	Passing demand and passing capacity are balanced. The degree of platooning are noticeable.
С	> 55 - 70	Most vehicles are travel in platoons. Speed are noticeably curtailed.
D	> 70 - 85	Platooning increase significantly. Passing demand is high, but passing capacity approaches zero. A high percentage vehicles are now travelling in platoons.
Е	> 85	Demand is approaching capacity. Passing is virtually impossible. Speed are seriously curtailed.
F	-	Demand flow exceeds capacity. Operating conditions are unstable and heavy congestion exists.

4.2 CAPACITY ANALYSIS RESULTS

Synchro models were created for the study intersection based on the forecasted AM and PM peak hour traffic volumes at each analysis horizon using the existing intersection lane configurations.

4.2.1 TOWNSHIP ROAD 412 / RANGE ROAD 270

The Township Road 412 / Range Road 270 intersection is currently controlled by stop signs on Range Road 270 with free flow conditions on Township Road 412. Alberta Transportation's Type III left turn lanes are provided on the east and west approaches.

The traffic operational performance at the Township Road 412 / Range Road 270 intersection under the analysis horizon traffic conditions are summarized in Tables 4-3 to 4-5. The detailed Synchro outputs are attached in Appendix E.

Table 4-3 Capacity Analysis: Existing (2017) Traffic – Township Road 412 / Range Road 270

TRAFFIC		AM P	EAK HOU	R	PM PEAK HOUR				
MOVEMENTS	Delay (s)	LOS	V/C	95 th Queue Length (m)	Delay (s)	LOS	V/C	95 th Queue Length (m)	
EBL	7.3	Α	0.00	0.0	7.4	Α	0.01	0.1	
WBL	7.3	Α	0.01	0.2	7.3	Α	0.01	0.2	
NBLTR	8.8	Α	0.01	0.1	8.7	Α	0.01	0.3	
SBLTR	9.2	Α	0.07	1.6	9.3	Α	0.03	0.7	
INT Summary	5.7	Α	0.07	-	3.2	Α	0.03	-	

Table 4-4 Capacity Analysis: 2018 Post-Development Traffic – Township Road 412 / Range Road 270

TRAFFIC		AM P	EAK HOU	R	PM PEAK HOUR			
MOVEMENTS	Delay (s)	LOS	V/C	95 th Queue Length (m)	Delay (s)	LOS	V/C	95 th Queue Length (m)
EBL	7.3	Α	0.00	0.0	7.4	Α	0.01	0.1
WBL	7.3	Α	0.01	0.2	7.3	Α	0.01	0.3
NBLTR	8.8	Α	0.01	0.3	8.8	Α	0.02	0.5
SBLTR	9.3	Α	0.07	1.7	9.5	Α	0.03	0.8
INT Summary	5.8	Α	0.07	-	3.6	Α	0.03	-

Table 4-5 Capacity Analysis: 2037 Post-Development Traffic – Township Road 412 / Range Road 270

TRAFFIC MOVEMENTS	AM PEAK HOUR				PM PEAK HOUR			
	Delay (s)	LOS	V/C	95 th Queue Length (m)	Delay (s)	LOS	V/C	95 th Queue Length (m)
EBL	7.3	А	0.00	0.1	7.5	Α	0.01	0.2
WBL	7.3	Α	0.02	0.4	7.3	Α	0.02	0.4
NBLTR	9.1	Α	0.03	0.6	9.1	Α	0.04	0.9
SBLTR	9.9	Α	0.11	2.9	10.1	В	0.05	1.3
INT Summary	6.2	Α	0.11	-	3.9	Α	0.05	-

The above capacity analyses reveal that all traffic movements at the Township Road 412 / Range Road 270 intersection are expected to operate at LOS A during the AM and PM peak hours under the Phase 1 post-development traffic conditions and operate at LOS B or better up to the 20 year horizon (2037). The existing intersection treatment will be capable of accommodating the forecasted post-development traffic.

4.2.2 ROADWAY CAPACITY ANALYSIS

Following the HCM 2010 method, the roadway capacity analyses were conducted for the road segment on Township Road 412 east of Range Road 270 since the highest traffic volumes were forecasted on this approach at the study intersection. Table 4-6 summarizes the analysis results and the detail analysis worksheets are attached in Appendix E.

Table 4-6 Township Road 412 (East of Range Road 270) Operational Performance Analysis Results

ANALYSIS HORIZON	PERIOD	DIRECTION	PTSF	LOS
	Δ N A	Eastbound	24.7%	А
Fuinting Traffic (2017)	AM	Westbound	8.5%	Α
Existing Traffic (2017)	РМ	Eastbound	9.1%	Α
		Westbound	24.0%	Α
	AM	Eastbound	24.4%	Α
2018 Post-		Westbound	8.7%	Α
Development Traffic	PM	Eastbound	9.3%	Α
		Westbound	23.9%	Α
	AM	Eastbound	24.1%	Α
2037 Post-		Westbound	9.1%	Α
Development Traffic	PM	Eastbound	9.4%	Α
		Westbound	23.8%	Α

Table 4-8 reveals that traffic on Township Road 412 east of Range Road 270 is expected to operate at LOS A during the AM and PM peak hours in summer seasons under the post-development traffic conditions up to the 20 year horizon (2037). It can be concluded that Township Road 412 and Range Road 270 have sufficient capacity to accommodate the traffic generated by the proposed RV Park.

5 ADDITIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

This section is intended as a general overview of a number of site aspects. Some additional issues have been identified for consideration.

5.1 SIGHT DISTANCE

The intersection sight distances along Township Road 412 at the Range Road 270 intersection were checked based on the photos taken in 2010 and the Township Road 412 vertical alignment profiles. It was found that the available sight distances exceed 800 m to both the east and west directions along Township Road 412 at the Range Road 270 intersection. In accordance with Alberta Transportation's *Highway Geometric Design Guide*, the required intersection sight distance for a recreational vehicle is 430 m based on a design speed of 110 km/h. Thus, it is deemed that the intersection sight distances are adequate at the Township Road 412 / Range Road 270 intersection.

5.2 OPERATIONAL ANALYSIS

The operational analysis was conducted for the longest vehicle expected to be used daily for the operations at the proposed development. In this study, the recreational vehicle was used in the operational analysis as the longest vehicle.

The horizontal layout intersection plan shown in Appendix D illustrates that the recreational vehicle can safely manoeuvre at the study intersection.

5.3 ILLUMINATION

The Township Road 412 / Range Road 270 intersection was evaluated for illumination requirements based on the latest revision of the Transportation Association of Canada's (TAC) *Guide for the Design of Roadway Lighting.* The following factors were evaluated:

- → Geometric geometric features of the intersection and associated roadways.
- → Operational present and proposed AADT, roadway classification and operating speeds on all connecting legs.
- → Environmental proximity to other lighted developments within the area.
- Collision night-time highway collision history in the area that may be attributed to lack of illumination.

Based on the TAC requirements, illumination will <u>not</u> be warranted at the Township Road 412 / Range Road 270 intersection.

6 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

This study has examined the traffic impacts associated with the proposed RV Park development located west of Highway 2 and east of Range Road 270 in Lacombe County. The conclusions and recommendations are summarized below:

- → The existing Type IIId intersection treatment at the study intersection meets the requirement for the forecasted future traffic volumes. Therefore, no further intersection improvements will be required as a result of the proposed development.
- → All traffic movements at the Township Road 412 / Range Road 270 intersection are expected to operate at LOS A during the AM and PM peak hours under the Phase 1 post-development traffic conditions and operate at LOS B or better up to the 20 year horizon (2037). The existing intersection treatment will be capable of accommodating the forecasted post-development traffic.
- → Traffic on Township Road 412 east of Range Road 270 is expected to operate at LOS A during the AM and PM peak hours in summer seasons under the post-development traffic conditions up to the 20 year horizon (2037). Thus, it can be concluded that both Township Road 412 and Range Road 270 have sufficient capacity to accommodate the traffic generated by the proposed RV Park and anticipated future traffic growth.
- → The intersection sight distances are adequate to both the east and west directions along Township Road 412 at the Range Road 270 intersection. There are no obstructions within driver's sight line triangles.
- The existing intersection treatment can safely accommodate the turning manoeuvres of recreational vehicles.
- → Illumination at the study intersection will <u>not</u> be warranted.

7 REFERENCES

BIBLIOGRAPHY

- → Highway Geometric Design Guide (1999), Alberta Transportation.
- → Lacombe County Website, https://www.lacombecounty.com/. Retrieved February 3, 2017.
- → Alberta Transportation Traffic Data Mapping. Retrieved February 6, 2017.
- → Guide for the design of Roadway Lighting (2006), TAC.
- → Range Road 270 / Township Road 412 and Range Road 274 / Township Road 412 TIA (2010), Genivar Inc. (now WSP).

Appendix A

ABBREVIATIONS AND UNITS

ABBREVIATION DESCRIPTION

ITE	Institute of Transportation Engineers	
AADT	Average Annual Daily Traffic	
ASDT	Average Summer Daily Traffic	
ATR	Automatic Traffic Recorder	
V/C	Volume to Capacity Ratio	
LOS	Level of Service	
LT	Left Turn	
TIMS	Transportation Infrastructure Management System	
INT	Intersection	
NB	Northbound	
NBL	Northbound Left	
NBLR	Northbound Left and Right	
NBLTR	Northbound Left, Through, and Right	
НСМ	Highway Capacity manual	
TAC	Transportation Association Canada	
PTSF	Percent Time-Spent-Following	
S	Second	
m	Meter	
km/h	Kilometers per hour	

Appendix B

PROJECT INFORMATION

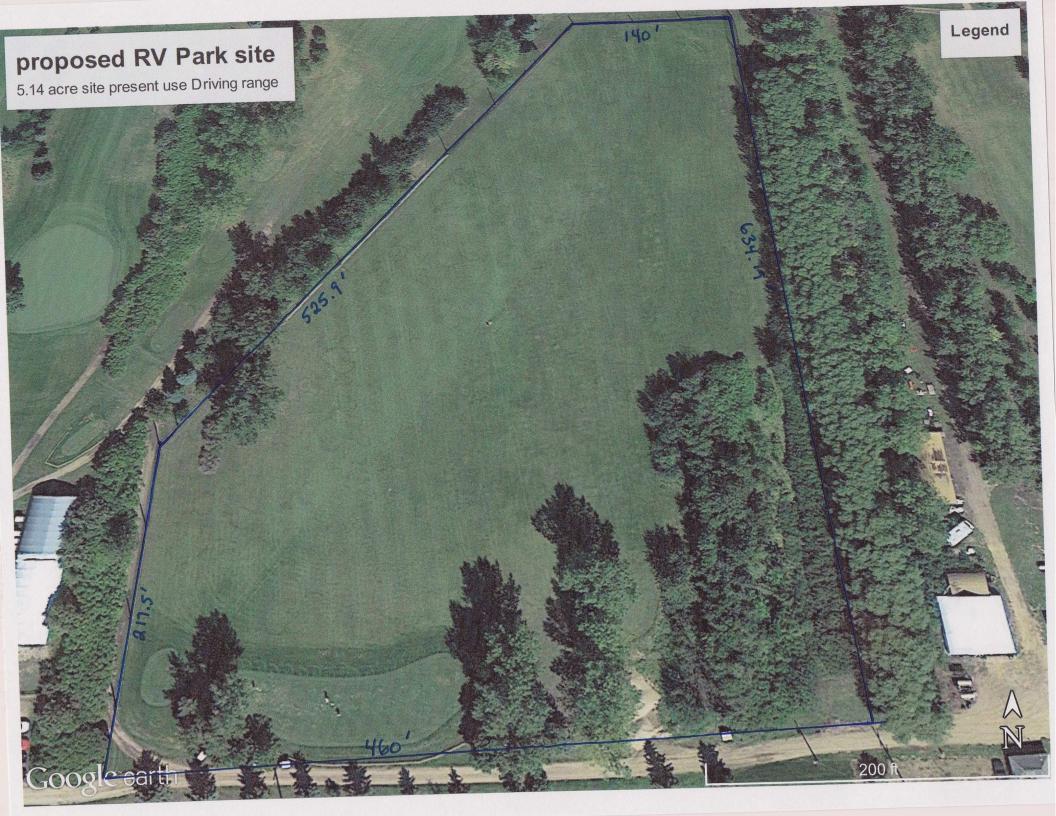
- Site Location
- Study Intersection Photos
- Township Road 412 Alignment Profiles
- January 27, 2017 Email from the County

Nurery Golf RV Site











Looking South at the Range Road 270 / Township Road 412 Intersection



Looking North at the Range Road 270 / Township Road 412 Intersection



Looking West at the Range Road 270 / Township Road 412 Intersection



Looking East at the Range Road 270 / Township Road 412 Intersection

Sun, James

From: Cajun Paradis cparadis@lacombecounty.com>

Sent: January-27-17 10:50 AM

To: Sun, James

Cc: Suchy, Craig; Dale Freitag

Subject: RE: RV Park TIA - Lacombe County

Hi James,

The Operations Department has indicated that your methodology and approach look good. The evaluation or capacity of the current road structure to accommodate additional traffic should be completed on the Range Road and Township Road and not just the intersection, nor just at peak times. The 2.5% growth rate is acceptable.

The Latest Traffic Counts are:

Twp Road 41-2 east of RR 27-0 – 993 vpd RR 27-0 south of Twp Road 41-2 – 209 vpd

Please let me know if you require anything further.

Cajun



Where People are the Key

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From: Sun, James [mailto:James.Sun@wspgroup.com]

Sent: January-27-17 9:35 AM

To: Cajun Paradis < cparadis@lacombecounty.com > **Cc:** Suchy, Craig < Craig.Suchy@wspgroup.com >

Subject: RV Park TIA - Lacombe County

Hi Cajun,

We were retained by The Nursery and Country Club Inc. to prepare a Traffic Impact Assessment for a proposed 35-lot RV park located east of Range Road 270 and adjacent to the existing golf course. Please see attached sketch for the site location. I would like to touch base with you regarding the TIA preparation. Please let me know if you agree with our methodology and work scope.

• This TIA will be prepared in accordance with Alberta Transportation's Traffic Impact Assessment Guidelines.

- ITE's Trip Generation Manual (9th Edition) will be used for estimating the trips generated by the proposed RV park.
- The Township Road 412 / Range Road 270 will be analyzed in the study.
- A 2.5% annual traffic growth rate will be used to forecast future background traffic. Please advise if the growth rate is appropriate or not.
- I am wondering if the County has traffic counts on Township Road 412 and Range Road 270 in the vicinity of the study intersection.

Please let me know if you have any other concerns that you want us to address in the TIA. It would be greatly appreciated if you could reply to me at your earliest convenience.

Thanks



James Sun, MSc., P.Eng., PTOE Transportation Engineer

WSP Canada Inc.
Suite 1200, 10909 Jasper Avenue
Edmonton, Alberta T5J 3L9
T 587-489-0161
C 780-233-0757
www.wspgroup.com

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Appendix C

TRAFFIC ANALYSIS

 Estimated Traffic Turning Movement at Study Intersection

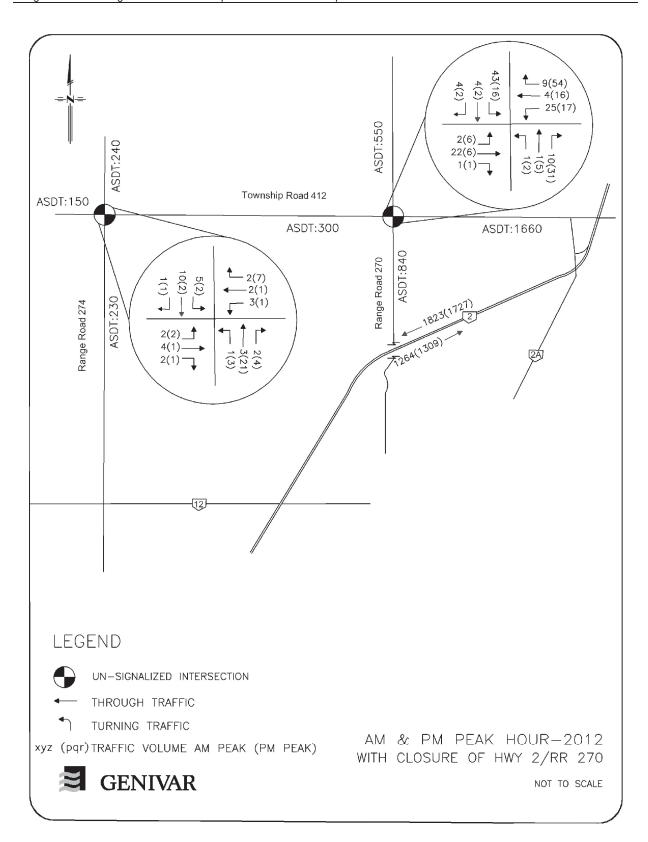


Exhibit 7: Forecasted Traffic (2012) – With Closure of HWY 2 / RR 270

GENIVAR 101-16659-00 13

Appendix D

INTERSECTION ANALYSIS

- Illumination Warrant Analysis
- Recreational Vehicle Turning Movements



Township Road 412 / Range Road 270 20 Year Horizon (2037) Traffic Volumes Road Name From Warrant Undertaken by James Sun WSP Canada Inc. Company Name Date

Warrant for Intersection Lighting (See Note 2)

	Classification Factor			Rating Factor 'R'			Weight Subcategory (if Applicable)	Weight 'W'	Enter 'R' Here	Score 'R' x 'W'	
		0	1	2 Georg	3 netric Factors (G)	4					
		I	l	Geon	netric Factors (G)	I					
							Raised and Operating Speed Less than 70 km/h on at Least One	15			
							Channelized Approach or				Only ONE
1	Channelization	None	Right and/or Left Turn Lanes on Minor	Right Turn Lane(s) Only	Left Turn Lane(s) on	Left and Right Turn	Raised and Operating Speed Less				Value is To Entered i
			Approaches Only	on Major Leg(s)	Major Leg(s)	Lanes on All Legs	than 70 km/h or More on at	20			These Th
							Least One Channelized Approach or				Rows!
							Painted Only	5	0	0	
	A							_	•		
	Approach Sight Distances on the Most Constrained Approach										
2	(Relative to Recommended	100% or More	75% to 99%	50% to 74%	25% to 49%	<25%		10	0	0	
	Minimum Intersection Sight Distance)										
	,							l			
	Horizontal Curvatures (Radius) at or										
	Immediately Before Intersection on Any Leg for Posted Speed Limit of:										
	Any begins rosted speed binit of.										
3	110 km/hr:	Tangent	>1800 m	1150 to 1800 m	750 to 1150 m	<750 m					
	90 or 100 km/h:	Tangent	>1400 m	950 to 1400 m	600 to 950 m	<600 m	Ī	_	0	0	
	70 or 80 km/h:	Tangent	>950 m	550 to 950 m	340 to 550 m	<340 m	İ	5	0	0	
	60 km/h:	Tangent	>575 m	320 to 575 m	190 to 320 m	<190 m	İ				
	Angle of Intersection or Offset					<70 or >110 Degree or					
4	Intersection	90 Degree Angle	80 or 100 Degree Angle	-	70 or 110 Degree Angle	Offset Intersection		5	0	0	
			3.1 to 3.9% and Meets	4.0 to 4.9% and Meets	5.0 to 7.0% and Meets	>7.0% OR Exceeds					
_	Downhill Approach Grades at or Immdediately Before Intersection	-2.00/	Design Guidelines for	Design Guidelines for	Design Guidelines for	Maximum Gradient for		2	0		
5	on Any Leg	<3.0%	Type and Speed of Road	Type and Speed of Road	Type and Speed of	Type and Speed of Road		3	0	0	
					Road				_		
6	Number of Legs	-	3	4	5	6 or More		3	2	6	_
								Subtotal Ge	eometric Factors	6	G
				Onera	tional Factors (O)						
e Inters	ection is signalized, Illumination is W	arranted									
e Inters	ection is NOT Signalized, Points shou	ld be Calculated on the E	Basis of EITHER the AADT	Factor or the Signalization	on Warrant Factor.						
	Either										
	AADT (2-Way) (See Note 1):		l —	ı	I	I	I				
	On Major Road and	<1000	1000 to 2000	2000 to 3000	3000 to 5000	>5000		10	1	10	
	diu		\rightarrow								
	On Minor Road	<500	500 to 1000	1000 to 1500	1500 to 2000	>2000		20	1	20	
7											
	or	Intersection Not	Intersection Not	Intersection Not	Intersection is Not						
	or Signalization Warrant	Intersection Not Signalized and Volume- Based Signal Warrant is	Signalized and Volume-		Intersection is Not Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is Over			30			
	or Signalization Warrant (See Note 1)	Signalized and Volume-	Signalized and Volume-	Signalized and Volume-	Signalized and Volume-			30			
		Signalized and Volume- Based Signal Warrant is	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 20%	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 40%	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is Over			30			
		Signalized and Volume- Based Signal Warrant is	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 20%	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 40%	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is Over			30			
8	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume	Signalized and Volume- Based Signal Warrant is	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 20%	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 40%	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is Over	Over 50		30	0	0	
8	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly	Signalized and Volume- Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied	Over 50			0	0	
8	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume	Signalized and Volume- Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied	Over 50			0	0	
	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway	Signalized and Volume- Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians No Primary Road	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary Rural Minor,	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied	Intersection Includes		10			
8	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2)	Signalized and Volume- Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, or Primary Rural Minor, or Primary/Designated	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied				0	0	
	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway	Signalized and Volume- Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians No Primary Road	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary Rural Minor,	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied	Intersection Includes		10			
9	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway	Signalized and Volume Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary Rural Minor, or Primary/Designated Community Access	Signalized and Volume Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied 10 to 30 Primary/Secondary	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied 30 to 50 Primary/Primary	Intersection Includes Divided Highway		10	0	0	
9	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway Classifications	Signalized and Volume- Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians No Primary Road	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, or Primary Rural Minor, or Primary/Designated	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied	Intersection Includes		10			
9	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway Classifications Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Major Road (See Note 3)	Signalized and Volume Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians	Signalized and Volume Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary Rural Minor, or Primary/Designated Community Access	Signalized and Volume Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied 10 to 30 Primary/Secondary	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied 30 to 50 Primary/Primary	Intersection Includes Divided Highway		10	0	0	
9	Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway Classifications Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Major Road (See Note 3) Operating Speed or Posted Speed	Signalized and Volume Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians	Signalized and Volume Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary Rural Minor, or Primary/Designated Community Access	Signalized and Volume Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied 10 to 30 Primary/Secondary	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied 30 to 50 Primary/Primary	Intersection Includes Divided Highway		10	0	0	
9	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway Classifications Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Major Road (See Note 3)	Signalized and Volume Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians No Primary Road Involved	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary/Rural Minor, Or Primary/Rural Community Access 60 km/h	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied 10 to 30 Primary/Secondary 70 km/h	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied 30 to 50 Primary/Primary 80 km/h	Intersection Includes Divided Highway 90 km/h or Over		5	0	0 15	
9	Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway Classifications Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Major Road (See Note 3) Operating Speed or Posted Speed	Signalized and Volume Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians No Primary Road Involved	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary/Rural Minor, Or Primary/Rural Community Access 60 km/h	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied 10 to 30 Primary/Secondary 70 km/h	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied 30 to 50 Primary/Primary 80 km/h	Intersection Includes Divided Highway 90 km/h or Over		5 5	0	0 15	0
9	Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway Classifications Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Major Road (See Note 3) Operating Speed or Posted Speed	Signalized and Volume Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians No Primary Road Involved	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary/Rural Minor, Or Primary/Rural Community Access 60 km/h	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied 10 to 30 Primary/Secondary 70 km/h 70 km/h	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied 30 to 50 Primary/Primary 80 km/h	Intersection Includes Divided Highway 90 km/h or Over		5 5	3	0 15 20	0
9	Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway Classifications Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Major Road (See Note 3) Operating Speed or Posted Speed	Signalized and Volume Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians No Primary Road Involved	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary/Rural Minor, Or Primary/Rural Community Access 60 km/h	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied 10 to 30 Primary/Secondary 70 km/h 70 km/h	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied 30 to 50 Primary/Primary 80 km/h	Intersection Includes Divided Highway 90 km/h or Over		5 5	3	0 15 20	0
9 10 11	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway Classifications Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Major Road (See Note 3) Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Minor Road (See Note 3)	Signalized and Volume Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians No Primary Road Involved	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary/Rural Major, Primary/Rural Migor, Community Access 60 km/h	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied 10 to 30 Primary/Secondary 70 km/h	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied 30 to 50 Primary/Primary 80 km/h 80 km/h	Intersection includes Divided Highway 90 km/h or Over		10 5 5 Subtotal Open	0 3 4	0 15 20 65	•
9 10 11	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway Classifications Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Major Road (See Note 3) Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Minor Road (See Note 3)	Signalized and Volume Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians No Primary Road Involved	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary/Rural Minor, Or Primary/Rural Community Access 60 km/h	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied 10 to 30 Primary/Secondary 70 km/h 70 km/h	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied 30 to 50 Primary/Primary 80 km/h	Intersection Includes Divided Highway 90 km/h or Over		5 5	3	0 15 20	_
9 10 11	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway Classifications Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Major Road (See Note 3) Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Minor Road (See Note 3)	Signalized and Volume Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians No Primary Road Involved	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary/Rural Major, Primary/Rural Migor, Community Access 60 km/h	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied 10 to 30 Primary/Secondary 70 km/h	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied 30 to 50 Primary/Primary 80 km/h 80 km/h	Intersection includes Divided Highway 90 km/h or Over		10 5 5 Subtotal Open	0 3 4 4 Control Factors	0 15 20 65	0
9 10 11	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway Classifications Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Major Road (See Note 3) Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Minor Road (See Note 3)	Signalized and Volume Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians No Primary Road Involved	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary/Rural Major, Primary/Rural Migor, Community Access 60 km/h	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied 10 to 30 Primary/Secondary 70 km/h 70 km/h Enviror In Two Quadrants	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied 30 to 50 Primary/Primary 80 km/h 80 km/h mental Factors (E) In Three Quadrants	Intersection includes Divided Highway 90 km/h or Over		5 Subtotal Ope	0 3 4 4 Control Factors	0 15 20 65 0	_
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9 10 11 12	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway Classifications Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Major Road (See Note 3) Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Minor Road (See Note 3) Lighted Development Within 150 m Radius of Intersection Average Annual Nighttime Collision Frequency (See Note 4) or Rate of	Signalized and Volume Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians No Primary Road Involved 50 km/h or Less	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary Rural Minor, or Primary/Rural Community Access 60 km/h In One Quadrant	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied 10 to 30 Primary/Secondary 70 km/h 70 km/h Enviror In Two Quadrants	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is Over BO% Satisfied 30 to 50 Primary/Primary 80 km/h 80 km/h imental Factors (E) In Three Quadrants sion Factors (A) 3 or More Collsions Per	Intersection includes Divided Highway 90 km/h or Over	1 or 2 Collisions per Year	5 5 Subtotal Ope	0 3 4 4 erational Factors	0 15 20 65 0 0	E Only ONE Value is To
9 10 11	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway Classifications Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Major Road (See Note 3) Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Minor Road (See Note 3) Lighted Development Within 150 m Radius of Intersection Average Annual Nighttime Collision Frequency (See Note 4) or Rate of Last Three Year (Only Collisions)	Signalized and Volume Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians No Primary Road Involved	Signalized and Volume- Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary/Rural Major, Primary/Rural Migor, Community Access 60 km/h	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied 10 to 30 Primary/Secondary 70 km/h 70 km/h Enviror In Two Quadrants	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied 30 to 50 Primary/Primary 80 km/h 80 km/h mental Factors (E) In Three Quadrants 3 or More Colisions Per Year OR At Least 1.5 Collisions per Million Entering Vehicles me Million Entering Vehicles and Aserage Year and an Aserage	Intersection includes Divided Highway 90 km/h or Over		5 5 Subtotal Ope	0 3 4 4 erational Factors	0 15 20 65 0	Only ONE Value is To Entered
9 10 11 11 12	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway Classifications Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Major Road (See Note 3) Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Minor Road (See Note 3) Lighted Development Within 150 m Radius of Intersection Average Annual Nighttime Collision Frequency (See Note 4) or Rate of	Signalized and Volume Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians No Primary Road Involved 50 km/h or Less	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary Rural Minor, or Primary/Rural Community Access 60 km/h In One Quadrant	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied 10 to 30 Primary/Secondary 70 km/h 70 km/h Enviror In Two Quadrants	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is Over BOW Satisfied 30 to 50 Primary/Primary 80 km/h 80 km/h wental Factors (E) In Three Quadrants sion Factors (A) 3 or More Collsions per Million Entering Vehiclisons per Million Entering Vehiclisons Pet Million P	Intersection includes Divided Highway 90 km/h or Over	3 or More Collisions per Year or	5 5 Subtotal Ope	0 3 4 4 erational Factors	0 15 20 65 0 0	Only ONE Value is To Entered These Tv
9 10 11 11 12	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway Classifications Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Major Road (See Note 3) Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Minor Road (See Note 3) Lighted Development Within 150 m Radius of Intersection Average Annual Nighttime Collision Frequency (See Note 4) or Rate of Last Three Year (Only Collisions Protentially Attributable to Potentially Attributable to	Signalized and Volume Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians No Primary Road Involved 50 km/h or Less	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary Rural Minor, or Primary/Rural Community Access 60 km/h In One Quadrant	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied 10 to 30 Primary/Secondary 70 km/h 70 km/h Enviror In Two Quadrants	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is Over BOW Satisfied 30 to 50 Primary/Primary 80 km/h 80 km/h wmental Factors (E) In Three Quadrants sion Factors (A) 3 or More Collsions per Million Entering Vehiclas per Million Entering Vehiclas per Willian Entering Vehiclas per Willian Entering Vehiclas per Willian Entering Vehiclas per Willian Entering Vehiclas per War and an Aweryate- Vear and an Aweryate- Vera to and an Aweryate- Vera to and an Aweryate- Vera to and an Aweryate- Vera to and an Aweryate- Vera to and an Aweryate- Vera to and an Aweryate- Vera to and an Aweryate- Vera to an American American American Vehiclas (A)	Intersection includes Divided Highway 90 km/h or Over		10 5 5 Subtotal Ope	0 3 4 4 erational Factors	0 15 20 65 0 0	Only ONE Value is To Entered These Tv
9 10 11 11 12	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway Classifications Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Major Road (See Note 3) Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Minor Road (See Note 3) Lighted Development Within 150 m Radius of Intersection Average Annual Nighttime Collision Frequency (See Note 4) or Rate of Last Three Year (Only Collisions Protentially Attributable to Potentially Attributable to	Signalized and Volume Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians No Primary Road Involved 50 km/h or Less	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary Rural Minor, or Primary/Rural Community Access 60 km/h In One Quadrant	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied 10 to 30 Primary/Secondary 70 km/h 70 km/h Enviror In Two Quadrants	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied 30 to 50 Primary/Primary 80 km/h 80 km/h In Three Quadrants sion Factors (E) In Three Quadrants Sor More Collisions Per Willion Ever OR At Least 1.5 Collisions per Million Ever and All Night-to- Layer Valley and All Night-to- Bay Collisions Per Ratio of All	Intersection includes Divided Highway 90 km/h or Over	3 or More Collisions per Year or	5 5 Subtotal Ope	0 3 4 erational Factors 0 nmental Factors	0 15 20 65 0 0	Conly Only Only Value is To Entered These Tv. Rows!
9 10 11 11 12	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway Classifications Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Major Road (See Note 3) Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Minor Road (See Note 3) Lighted Development Within 150 m Radius of Intersection Average Annual Nighttime Collision Frequency (See Note 4) or Rate of Last Three Year (Only Collisions Protentially Attributable to Potentially Attributable to	Signalized and Volume Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians No Primary Road Involved 50 km/h or Less	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary Rural Minor, or Primary/Rural Community Access 60 km/h In One Quadrant	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied 10 to 30 Primary/Secondary 70 km/h 70 km/h Enviror In Two Quadrants	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied 30 to 50 Primary/Primary 80 km/h 80 km/h In Three Quadrants sion Factors (E) In Three Quadrants Sor More Collisions Per Willion Ever OR At Least 1.5 Collisions per Million Ever and All Night-to- Layer Valley and All Night-to- Bay Collisions Per Ratio of All	Intersection includes Divided Highway 90 km/h or Over	3 or More Collisions per Year or	5 5 Subtotal Ope	0 3 4 4 erational Factors	0 15 20 65 0 0	E
9 10 11 11 12	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway Classifications Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Major Road (See Note 3) Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Minor Road (See Note 3) Lighted Development Within 150 m Radius of Intersection Average Annual Nighttime Collision Frequency (See Note 4) or Rate of Last Three Year (Only Collisions Protentially Attributable to Potentially Attributable to	Signalized and Volume Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians No Primary Road Involved 50 km/h or Less	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary Rural Minor, or Primary/Rural Community Access 60 km/h In One Quadrant	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied 10 to 30 Primary/Secondary 70 km/h 70 km/h Enviror In Two Quadrants	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied 30 to 50 Primary/Primary 80 km/h 80 km/h In Three Quadrants sion Factors (E) In Three Quadrants Sor More Collisions Per Willion Ever OR At Least 1.5 Collisions per Million Ever and All Night-to- Layer Valley and All Night-to- Bay Collisions Per Ratio of All	Intersection includes Divided Highway 90 km/h or Over	3 or More Collisions per Year or Rate ≥1.5 Collisions/MEV	5 5 Subtotal Ope 5 Subtotal Enviro 15 Subtotal	0 3 4 errational Factors 0 numental Factors	0 15 20 65 0 0	Conly Only Only Value is To Entered These Tv. Rows!
9 110 111 112	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway Classifications Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Major Road (See Note 3) Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Minor Road (See Note 3) Lighted Development Within 150 m Radius of Intersection Average Annual Nighttime Collision Frequency (See Note 4) or Rate of Last Three Year (Only Collisions Protentially Attributable to Potentially Attributable to	Signalized and Volume Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians No Primary Road Involved 50 km/h or Less	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary Rural Minor, or Primary/Rural Community Access 60 km/h In One Quadrant	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied 10 to 30 Primary/Secondary 70 km/h 70 km/h Enviror In Two Quadrants	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied 30 to 50 Primary/Primary 80 km/h 80 km/h In Three Quadrants sion Factors (E) In Three Quadrants Sor More Collisions Per Willion Ever OR At Least 1.5 Collisions per Million Ever and All Night-to- Layer Valley and All Night-to- Bay Collisions Per Ratio of All	Intersection includes Divided Highway 90 km/h or Over	3 or More Collisions per Year or Rate ≥1.5 Collisions/MEV	5 Subtotal Open Subtotal Enviro	0 3 4 erational Factors 0 nmental Factors	0 15 20 65 0 0 0 0 0 71	Conly ONI Value is T Entered These T Rows
9 110 111 112	(See Note 1) Regular Nighttime Hourly Pedestrian Volume (See Note 2) Intersection Roadway Classifications Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Major Road (See Note 3) Operating Speed or Posted Speed Limit on Minor Road (See Note 3) Lighted Development Within 150 m Radius of Intersection Average Annual Nighttime Collision Frequency (See Note 4) or Rate of Last Three Year (Only Collisions Protentially Attributable to Potentially Attributable to	Signalized and Volume Based Signal Warrant is Less than 20% Satisfied No Pedestrians No Primary Road Involved 50 km/h or Less	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 20% to 40% Satisfied Up to 10 Primary/Rural Major, Primary Rural Minor, or Primary/Rural Community Access 60 km/h In One Quadrant	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is 40% to 60% Satisfied 10 to 30 Primary/Secondary 70 km/h 70 km/h Enviror In Two Quadrants	Signalized and Volume. Based Warrant is Over 80% Satisfied 30 to 50 Primary/Primary 80 km/h 80 km/h In Three Quadrants sion Factors (E) In Three Quadrants Sor More Collisions Per Willion Ever OR At Least 1.5 Collisions per Million Ever and All Night-to- Layer Valley and All Night-to- Bay Collisions Per Ratio of All	Intersection includes Divided Highway 90 km/h or Over	3 or More Collisions per Year or Rate ≥1.5 Collisions/MEV	5 5 Subtotal Ope Subtotal Enviro 15 30 Subtotal Warran	0 3 4 errational Factors 0 numental Factors	0 15 20 65 0 0 0 0 0 71	Conly ON Value is Enterec These Rows

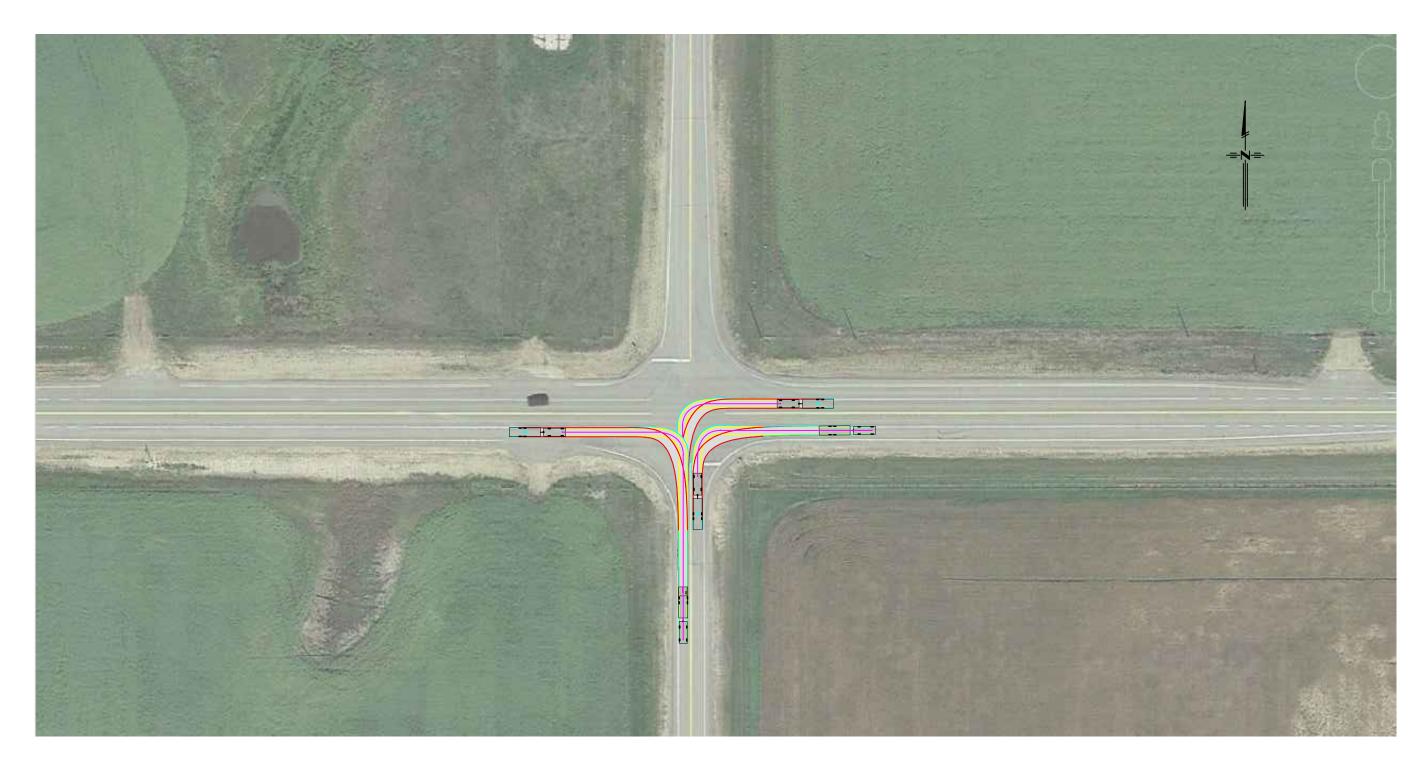
- 1 If the intersecition is not signalized, the user should choose EITHER the AADT OR the signalization factor. The points from either factor, but not both factors, may be used for the warrant point calculations.

 2 The number of certain types of vulnerable pedestrians should be factored to reflect their increased need for visibility.

 The number of child pedestrians (ages 12 and under) should be multiplied by two, and the number of senior pedestrians (age 65 and over) should be multiplied by 1.5.

 3 85th percentile nightime speed should be used, if available. Otherwise the posted speed may be used.

- 4 Reported collisions, rounded to the nearest whole number.





JENT:	ISSUED
THE NURSERY GOLF AND COUNTRY CLUB	
INC.	
ROJECT:	
RV PARK TIA	

ISSUED	FOR -	- REVISION:		DISCIPLINE:
				CIVIL
				TITLE:
				RECREATIONAL VEHICLE TURNING
				MOVEMENTS
				MICVEMIENTS
IS	RE	DATE	DESCRIPTION	

SCALE: PROJECT NO: 161-15869-00 1:1000 DESIGNED BY: J.SUN SHEET NUMBER: 161-15869-00-01 DRAWN BY: J.SUN CHECKED BY: ISSUE: REVIEW

DATE OF: FEBRUARY 14, 2017

IF THIS BAR IS NOT 25mm LONG, ADJUST YOUR PLOTTING SCALE.

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Appendix E

CAPACITY ANALYSIS

- Synchro Outputs
- HCM 2010 Two-Lane Highway Capacity Analyses

Intersection												
Int Delay, s/veh	5.7											
•			EDD	14/51	MOT	14/00	MDI	NET	NDD	0.01	007	000
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	<u></u>	♣	4	<u>`</u>	T)	•	4	4	•	10	4	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	2	22	1	10	4	9	1	•	2	43	1	4
Future Vol, veh/h	2	22	1	10	4	9	1		2	43	1	4
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	_ 0	_ 0	_ 0	_ 0	_ 0	_ 0	0		0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None	-	-	None
Storage Length	600	-	-	600	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	•	-	-	0	-
Grade, %	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	U	-	-	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	80	80	80	80	80	80	80		80	80	80	80
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	3	28	1	13	5	11	1	1	3	54	1	5
Major/Minor	Major1			Major2			Minor1			Minor2		
Conflicting Flow All	16	0	0	29	0	0	72	74	28	71	70	11
Stage 1	-	-	-		_	-	33		-	36	36	
Stage 2	_	_	_	_	_	_	39		_	35	34	_
Critical Hdwy	4.12	_	_	4.12	_	_	7.12		6.22	7.12	6.52	6.22
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	- 1.12	_	_	1.12	_	_	6.12		-	6.12	5.52	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	_	-	_	_	_	6.12		_	6.12	5.52	_
Follow-up Hdwy	2.218	_	_	2.218	_	_	3.518		3.318	3.518	4.018	3.318
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	1602	_	_	1584	_	_	919		1047	920	821	1070
Stage 1	1002	_	_	-	_	_	983		-	980	865	-
Stage 2	_	_	_	-	_	_	976		-	981	867	_
Platoon blocked, %		_	_		_	_	370	001		301	001	
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	1602	_	_	1584	_	_	907	808	1047	910	813	1070
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	1002	_	_	1004	_	_	907		-	910	813	1070
Stage 1	-	_		_			981		_	978	858	
Stage 2	_			_		_	962		_	975	865	
Stage 2							302	004		313	000	
Approach	EB			WB			NB			SB		
HCM Control Delay, s	0.6			3.2			8.8			9.2		
HCM LOS	0.0			5.2			Α			9.2 A		
TIOW LOS										^		
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBLn1	EBL	EBT	EBR WBL	WBT	WBR S	SBI n1					
Capacity (veh/h)	941	1602		- 1584			919					
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0.002	_	- 0.008	-	-	0.065					
HCM Control Delay (s)	8.8	7.3	-	- 7.3	-	-	9.2					
HCM Lane LOS			-	- 7.3 - A	-	-	9.2 A					
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	A 0	A	-		-	_	0.2					
HOW YOUR WIRE W(ven)	U	0	-	- 0	-	-	0.2					

Intersection													
Int Delay, s/veh	3.2												
			EDD	14/51	MOT	14/55	.			NDD	0.01	007	000
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	N	3L N	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	<u></u>	₽	4	<u>`</u>	^				4	•	40	- ♣	•
Traffic Vol, veh/h	6	6	1	9	16	54		1	2	8	16	2	2
Future Vol, veh/h	6	6	1	9	16	54		1	2	8	16	2	2
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	_ 0	_ 0	_ 0	_ 0	_ 0	_ 0	0.	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	St	op S	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	-	None	-	-	None		-	-	None	-	-	None
Storage Length	600	-	-	600	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	-	0	-	-	0	-		-	0	-	-	0	-
Grade, %	-	0	-	-	0	-		-	0	-	-	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	80	80	80	80	80	80		80	80	80	80	80	80
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2		2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	8	8	1	11	20	68		1	3	10	20	3	3
Major/Minor	Major1			Major2			Mino	r1			Minor2		
Conflicting Flow All	88	0	0	9	0	0			133	8	105	100	54
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	_	-		23	23	-	76	76	_
Stage 2	_	_	_	_	_	_			110	_	29	24	_
Critical Hdwy	4.12	-	_	4.12	_	_			6.52	6.22	7.12	6.52	6.22
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	_	_	-	_	_			5.52	-	6.12	5.52	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	_	_	_	_			5.52	_	6.12	5.52	_
Follow-up Hdwy	2.218	_	_	2.218	_	_	3.5		.018	3.318	3.518	4.018	3.318
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	1508	_	_	1611	_	_			758	1074	875	790	1013
Stage 1	-	_	_	-	_	_			876	-	933	832	-
Stage 2	_	_	_	-	_	_			804	_	988	875	_
Platoon blocked, %		_	_		_	_	J	00	001		000	010	
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	1508	_	_	1611	_	_	8	67	749	1074	857	780	1013
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	1000	_	_	-	_	_			749	-	857	780	1010
Stage 1	-	_	_	_	_	_			871	_	928	826	_
Stage 2	_	_	_	_	_	_			799	_	971	870	
Olage 2							J	10	100		37.1	010	
Approach	EB			WB				ΝB			SB		
	3.4			0.8				8.7					
HCM Control Delay, s HCM LOS	3.4			0.0			(9.3		
HOW LOS								Α			Α		
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBLn1	EBL	EBT	EBR WBL	WBT	WBR S	SRI n1						
Capacity (veh/h)	976	1508	LUI	- 1611	WDI	יוטיי	862						
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0.005	-	- 0.007	-	-	0.029						
	8.7	7.4	-	- 7.2	-	-	9.3						
HCM Control Delay (s) HCM Lane LOS			-	- 7.2 - A	-	-							
	A	A	-		-	-	Α						
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0	0	-	- 0	-	-	0.1						

Intersection												
Int Delay, s/veh	5.8											
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NBL	. NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	ሻ	f)		*	f)			4			4	
Traffic Vol, veh/h	2	23	2	13	4	9	2	2	6	44	2	4
Future Vol, veh/h	2	23	2	13	4	9	2	2	6	44	2	4
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	-	None	-	-	None			None	-	-	None
Storage Length	600	-	-	600	-	-			-	-	-	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	- 0	-	-	0	-
Grade, %	-	0	-	-	0	-	-	- 0	-	-	0	_
Peak Hour Factor	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	3	29	3	16	5	11	3	3	8	55	3	5
Major/Minor	Major1			Major2			Minor1			Minor2		
Conflicting Flow All	16	0	0	31	0	0	82	2 84	30	83	79	11
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	35	35	-	43	43	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	47		-	40	36	-
Critical Hdwy	4.12	_	-	4.12	-	-	7.12		6.22	7.12	6.52	6.22
Critical Hdwy Stg 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.12		-	6.12	5.52	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	_	-	_	-	-	6.12		-	6.12	5.52	_
Follow-up Hdwy	2.218	-	-	2.218	-	-	3.518	4.018	3.318	3.518	4.018	3.318
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	1602	-	-	1582	-	-	905		1044	904	811	1070
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	981	866	-	971	859	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	967	854	-	975	865	-
Platoon blocked, %		-	-		-	-						
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	1602	-	-	1582	-	-	890	796	1044	887	801	1070
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	-	-	-	-	-	890	796	-	887	801	-
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	979	864	-	969	850	-
Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	950	845	-	963	863	-
Approach	EB			WB			NE	}		SB		
HCM Control Delay, s	0.5			3.6			8.8	3		9.3		
HCM LOS							A			Α		
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBLn1	EBL	EBT	EBR WBL	WBT	WBR S	SBLn1					
Capacity (veh/h)	952		_	- 1582	-	_	895					
HCM Lane V/C Ratio		0.002	_	- 0.01	_	_	0.07					
HCM Control Delay (s)	8.8	7.3	-	- 7.3	-	-	9.3					
HCM Lane LOS	A	A	_	- A	_	_	A					
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0	0	-	- 0	-	_	0.2					
	•	-		•								

Interception												
Intersection Int Delay, s/veh	3.6											
•												
Movement	EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	NB		NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
Lane Configurations	7	₽		<u> </u>	ĵ,			4			4	_
Traffic Vol, veh/h	6	6	2	14	16	55		2 3		16	3	2
Future Vol, veh/h	6	6	2	14	16	55		2 3		16	3	2
Conflicting Peds, #/hr	_ 0	_ 0	_ 0	_ 0	_ 0	_ 0		0 0	0	0	0	0
Sign Control	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Free	Sto	p Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop
RT Channelized	-	-	None	-	-	None			None	-	-	None
Storage Length	600	-	-	600	-	-			-	-	-	-
Veh in Median Storage, #	-	0	-	-	0	-		- 0	-	-	0	-
Grade, %	-	0	-	-	0	-		- 0	-	-	0	-
Peak Hour Factor	80	80	80	80	80	80	8		80	80	80	80
Heavy Vehicles, %	2	2	2	2	2	2		2 2	2	2	2	2
Mvmt Flow	8	8	3	18	20	69		3 4	14	20	4	3
Major/Minor	Major1			Major2			Minor	1		Minor2		
Conflicting Flow All	89	0	0	10	0	0	11		9	122	114	54
Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2		-	89	89	_
Stage 2	_	_	_	_	_	_	9		_	33	25	_
Critical Hdwy	4.12	_	_	4.12	_	_	7.1		6.22	7.12	6.52	6.22
Critical Hdwy Stg 1		_	_	2	_	_	6.1		-	6.12	5.52	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2	-	-	_	-	_	-	6.1		_	6.12	5.52	_
Follow-up Hdwy	2.218	_	_	2.218	_	_	3.51		3.318	3.518	4.018	3.318
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver	1506	_	_	1610	_	_	85		1073	853	776	1013
Stage 1	-	_	_	-	_	_	99		-	918	821	-
Stage 2	-	_	-	-	_	_	91		_	983	874	_
Platoon blocked, %		_	_		_	_	V I	1 700		000	07 1	
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver	1506	-	_	1610	_	_	84	3 731	1073	828	763	1013
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver	-	_	_	-	_	_	84		-	828	763	-
Stage 1	-	_	-	-	_	_	98		_	913	812	_
Stage 2	_	_	_	_	_	_	89		_	961	869	_
Olago Z							00	704		301	000	
	ED			WD			.			0.0		
Approach	EB			WB			NI			SB		
HCM Control Delay, s	3.2			1.2			8.			9.5		
HCM LOS								4		Α		
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt	NBLn1	EBL	EBT	EBR WBL	WBT	WBR:	SBLn1					
Capacity (veh/h)	956	1506	-	- 1610	-	-	832					
HCM Lane V/C Ratio	0.021	0.005	-	- 0.011	-	-	0.032					
HCM Control Delay (s)	8.8	7.4	-	- 7.3	-	-	9.5					
HCM Lane LOS	Α	Α	-	- A	-	-	Α					
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh)	0.1	0	-	- 0	-	-	0.1					
. ,												

6.2												
EBL	EBT	EBR	WBL	WBT	WBR	ı	NBL	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT	SBR
ሻ								4			4	
							4	4			4	
											4	6
0	0		0		0		-					0
Free	Free		Free	Free	Free	5	Stop	Stop		Stop	Stop	
-	-	None	-	-	None		-	-	None	-	-	None
	-	-	600	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-
-		-	-		-		-		-	-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-	-		-
4	41	5	26	8	18		5	5	14	81	5	8
Maior1			Major2			Mir	nor1			Minor2		
	0				0			120	11		123	16
									44			10
_	_			_	_				_			_
112	-			-		-	-					6.22
7.12	_	_	7.12									0.22
					_				_			
2 218	_	_	2 218	_	_				3 318			3.318
												1063
1000	_	_	1002	_	_				1020			1000
_	_	_	_		_				_			
	_	_		_	_		JUT	000		330	000	
1589	-	_	1562	_	_		826	747	1026	815	752	1063
1005	_	_	1002	_	_				1020			1000
_	-	_	_	_	_				_			_
_	_	_	_	_	_				_			_
							000	010		020	010	
EB			WB				NB			SB		
0.5			3.8				9.1			9.9		
							Α			Α		
NBLn1	EBL	EBT	EBR WBL	WBT	WBR S	SBLn1						
		-		_	_							
		-		-	_							
		-		-	_							
Α	Α	-	- A	-	-	Α						
	EBL 3 3 3 0 Free - 600 80 2 4 Major1 25 - 4.12 2.218 1589 1589 1589 1589	EBL EBT 3 333 3 33 0 0 0 Free Free 600 0 80 80 2 2 4 41 Major1 25 0 4.12 2.218 1589 1589 1589 1589 EB 0.5 NBLn1 EBL 908 1589 0.026 0.002	EBL EBT EBR 3 33 4 0 0 0 Free Free Free - None 600 - 0 - - 0 - - 0 - 80 80 80 2 2 2 4 41 5 Major1 25 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	EBL EBT EBR WBL 3 33 4 21 3 33 4 21 0 0 0 0 Free Free Free Free - None - 600 - 0 - - 600 - - 600 - 0 - - 80 80 80 80 2 2 2 2 4 41 5 26 Major2 22 2 2 4 41 5 26 Major2 3 4 4 4 25 0 0 46 46 4	EBL EBT EBR WBL WBT 3 33 4 21 6 0 0 0 0 0 Free Free Free Free Free - None - - 0 - 0 - - 0 - 0 - - 0 - 0 - - 0 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 41 5 26 8 Major1 Major2 Major2 Major2 Major2 Major2 Major2 A 112 A 12 A	EBL EBT EBR WBL WBT WBR 3 333 4 21 6 14 3 333 4 21 6 14 0 0 0 0 0 0 Free Free Free Free Free - None - - None 600 - - 600 - - - 0 - - 0 - - 80	BBL BBT BBR WBL WBT WBR	EBL EBT EBR WBL WBT WBR NBL 3 33 4 21 6 14 4 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Free Free Free Free Free Free Free Stop - None - - None - - 1 1 1 4 6 0 0 0 -	EBL EBT EBR WBL WBT WBR NBL NBT 3 333 4 21 6 14 4	BBL BBT BBR WBL WBT WBR NBL NBT NBR	BBL BBT BBR WBL WBT WBR NBL NBT NBR SBL	BBL BBT BBR WBL WBT WBR NBL NBT NBR SBL SBT

Intersection	SBR
Lane Configurations 1 1 1 4 4 5 18 24 5 Traffic Vol, veh/h 9 9 4 24 24 81 4 5 18 24 5	SBR
Traffic Vol, veh/h 9 9 4 24 24 81 4 5 18 24 5	
Traffic Vol, veh/h 9 9 4 24 24 81 4 5 18 24 5	
	3
Future Vol, veh/h 9 9 4 24 24 81 4 5 18 24 5	3
Conflicting Peds, #/hr 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0
Sign Control Free Free Free Free Free Free Stop Stop Stop Stop	Stop
RT Channelized None None None	None
Storage Length 600 600	-
Veh in Median Storage, # - 0 0 0	-
Grade, % - 0 0 0	-
Peak Hour Factor 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	80
Heavy Vehicles, % 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2
Mvmt Flow 11 11 5 30 30 101 5 6 23 30 6	4
Major/Minor Major1 Major2 Minor1 Minor2	
Conflicting Flow All 131 0 0 16 0 0 182 227 14 192 180	81
Stage 1 36 36 - 141 141	_
Stage 2 146 191 - 51 39	_
Critical Hdwy 4.12 4.12 7.12 6.52 6.22 7.12 6.52	6.22
Critical Hdwy Stg 1 6.12 5.52 - 6.12 5.52	-
Critical Hdwy Stg 2 6.12 5.52 - 6.12 5.52	_
Follow-up Hdwy 2.218 2.218 3.518 4.018 3.318 3.518 4.018	3.318
Pot Cap-1 Maneuver 1454 1602 779 672 1066 768 714	979
Stage 1 980 865 - 862 780	-
Stage 2 857 742 - 962 862	_
Platoon blocked, %	
Mov Cap-1 Maneuver 1454 1602 755 654 1066 731 695	979
Mov Cap-2 Maneuver 755 654 - 731 695	-
Stage 1 973 858 - 855 765	_
Stage 2 831 728 - 928 855	_
Approach EB WB NB SB	
HCM Control Delay, s 3.1 1.4 9.1 10.1	
HCM LOS A B	
Minor Lane/Major Mvmt NBLn1 EBL EBT EBR WBL WBT WBR SBLn1	
Capacity (veh/h) 905 1454 1602 743	
HCM Lane V/C Ratio 0.037 0.008 0.019 0.054	
HCM Control Delay (s) 9.1 7.5 7.3 10.1	
HCM Lane LOS A A A B	
HCM 95th %tile Q(veh) 0.1 0 0.1 0.2	

	Analyst: James Sun	Date: 2017-02-14
Site Information		
Highway	Township Road 412	
From / to	East of Range Road 270	
Jurisdiction	Lacombe County	
Analysis Year and Time Period	2017 AM Peak Hour	
Input Data		
Highway Classification	Class II	
Two-way Hourly Volume	90	
Truck Percentage	5%	
Directional Split	75/25	
Peak Hour Factor (PHF):	0.8	
Lane Width (ft)	12.0	
Shoulder Width (ft)	3.0	
Base Free Flow Speed (BFFS) (mi/h)	68	
Access Points (points / mi)	2	
No-passing zones	30%	
Estimate Free Flow Speed (FFS)		
Adjustment Factor for Lane and Shoulder Width	2.6	Exhibit 15-7
Adjustment Factor for Access Points	1.0	Exhibit 15-8
FFS (mi/h)	64.4	
Demand Adjustment for PTSF		
Eastbound Volume (V1, veh/h)	67	
Westbound Volume (V2, veh/h)	23	
Adjustment Factor for Grades	1.0	
Adjustment Factor for Heavey Vehicles (ET)	1.1	Exhibit 15-18
Adjustment Factor for Recreational Vehicles (ER)	1.0	
Heavey Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV, PTSF)	0.995	
Adjusted Demand Flow Rates		
Eastbound Volume (V1,PTSF)	84	
Westbound Volume (V2, PTSF)	29	
Estimate Percent Time-Spent-Following (PTSF)		
	a -0.0014	Exhibit 15-20
	b 0.973	
Westbound	a -0.0014	Exhibit 15-20
	b 0.973	
Non-Passing Zone Adjustment Factor (fnp, PTSF	33 %	Exhibit 15-21
Base Percent Time-Spent-Following (BPTSF		
Eastboun	•	Exhibit 15-10
Westboun		
PTS		
Eastboun	d 24.7% A	Equation 15-9
Westboun		•
Determine Capaci	у	
Eastboun		Equation 15-13
		•

	Analyst: James Sun	Date: 2017-02-14
Site Information		
Highway	Township Road 412	
From / to	East of Range Road 270	
Jurisdiction	Lacombe County	
Analysis Year and Time Period	2017 PM Peak Hour	
Input Data		
Highway Classification	Class II	
Two-way Hourly Volume	109	
Truck Percentage	5%	
Directional Split	75/25	
Peak Hour Factor (PHF):	0.8	
Lane Width (ft)	12.0	
Shoulder Width (ft)	3.0	
Base Free Flow Speed (BFFS) (mi/h)	68	
Access Points (points / mi)	2	
No-passing zones	30%	
Estimate Free Flow Speed (FFS)		
Adjustment Factor for Lane and Shoulder Width	2.6	Exhibit 15-7
Adjustment Factor for Access Points	1.0	Exhibit 15-8
FFS (mi/h)	64.4	
Demand Adjustment for PTSF		
Eastbound Volume (V1, veh/h)	30	
Westbound Volume (V2, veh/h)	79	
Adjustment Factor for Grades	1.0	
Adjustment Factor for Heavey Vehicles (ET)	1.1	Exhibit 15-18
Adjustment Factor for Recreational Vehicles (ER)	1.0	
Heavey Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV, PTSF)	0.995	
Adjusted Demand Flow Rates		
Eastbound Volume (V1,PTSF)	38	
Westbound Volume (V2, PTSF)	99	
Estimate Percent Time-Spent-Following (PTSF)		
	a -0.0014	Exhibit 15-20
	b 0.973	
Westbound	a -0.0014	Exhibit 15-20
	b 0.973	
Non-Passing Zone Adjustment Factor (fnp, PTSF		Exhibit 15-21
Base Percent Time-Spent-Following (BPTSF		
Eastboun	•	Exhibit 15-10
Westboun	d 11.5%	
PTS	F LOS	
Eastboun	d 9.1% A	Equation 15-9
Westboun		•
Determine Capaci	У	
Eastboun		Equation 15-13
		•

	Analyst: James Sun		Date: 2017-02-14
Site Information			
Highway	Township Road 412		
From / to	East of Range Road 2	70	
Jurisdiction	Lacombe County		
Analysis Year and Time Period	2018 Post-Developm	ent AM	Peak Hour
Input Data			
Highway Classification	Class II		
Two-way Hourly Volume	99		
Truck Percentage	5%		
Directional Split	75/25		
Peak Hour Factor (PHF):	0.8		
Lane Width (ft)	12.0		
Shoulder Width (ft)	3.0		
Base Free Flow Speed (BFFS) (mi/h)	68		
Access Points (points / mi)	2		
No-passing zones	30%		
Estimate Free Flow Speed (FFS)			
Adjustment Factor for Lane and Shoulder Width	2.6		Exhibit 15-7
Adjustment Factor for Access Points	1.0		Exhibit 15-8
FFS (mi/h)	64.4		
Demand Adjustment for PTSF			
Eastbound Volume (V1, veh/h)	73		
Westbound Volume (V2, veh/h)	26		
Adjustment Factor for Grades	1.0		
Adjustment Factor for Heavey Vehicles (ET)	1.1		Exhibit 15-18
Adjustment Factor for Recreational Vehicles (ER)	1.0		
Heavey Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV, PTSF)	0.995		
Adjusted Demand Flow Rates			
Eastbound Volume (V1,PTSF)	92		
Westbound Volume (V2, PTSF)	33		
Estimate Percent Time-Spent-Following (PTSF)			
Eastbound	a -0.0014		Exhibit 15-20
	b 0.973		
Westbound	a -0.0014		Exhibit 15-20
	b 0.973		
Non-Passing Zone Adjustment Factor (fnp, PTS			Exhibit 15-21
Base Percent Time-Spent-Following (BPTS)	•		
Eastbour	,		Exhibit 15-10
Westbour	nd 4.1%		
PTS		LOS	
Eastbour	nd 24.4%	Α	Equation 15-9
Westbour	nd 8.7%	Α	
Determine Capaci	у		
Eastbour	nd 1692 ve	h/h	Equation 15-13
•			

	Analyst: James Sun	Date: 2017-02-14
Site Information		
Highway	Township Road 412	
From / to	East of Range Road 27	70
Jurisdiction	Lacombe County	
Analysis Year and Time Period	2018 Post-Development PM Peak Hour	
Input Data		
Highway Classification	Class II	
Two-way Hourly Volume	118	
Truck Percentage	5%	
Directional Split	75/25	
Peak Hour Factor (PHF):	0.8	
Lane Width (ft)	12.0	
Shoulder Width (ft)	3.0	
Base Free Flow Speed (BFFS) (mi/h)	68	
Access Points (points / mi)	2	
No-passing zones	30%	
Estimate Free Flow Speed (FFS)		
Adjustment Factor for Lane and Shoulder Width	2.6	Exhibit 15-7
Adjustment Factor for Access Points	1.0	Exhibit 15-8
FFS (mi/h)	64.4	
Demand Adjustment for PTSF		
Eastbound Volume (V1, veh/h)	33	
Westbound Volume (V2, veh/h)	85	
Adjustment Factor for Grades	1.0	
Adjustment Factor for Heavey Vehicles (ET)	1.1	Exhibit 15-18
Adjustment Factor for Recreational Vehicles (ER)	1.0	
Heavey Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV, PTSF)	0.995	
Adjusted Demand Flow Rates		
Eastbound Volume (V1,PTSF)	41	
Westbound Volume (V2, PTSF)	107	
Estimate Percent Time-Spent-Following (PTSF)		
Eastbound	a -0.0014	Exhibit 15-20
	b 0.973	
Westbound	a -0.0014	Exhibit 15-20
	b 0.973	
Non-Passing Zone Adjustment Factor (fnp, PTSI	F) 33 %	Exhibit 15-21
Base Percent Time-Spent-Following (BPTSI	<i>'</i>	
Eastbour	nd 5.1%	Exhibit 15-10
Westbour	nd 12.3%	
PTS	F	LOS
Eastbour	nd 9.3%	A Equation 15-9
Westbour	nd 23.9%	A
Determine Capaci	y	
Eastbour	nd 1692 veh	n/h Equation 15-13

	Analyst: James Sun	Date: 2017-02-14
Site Information		
Highway	Township Road 412	
From / to	East of Range Road 270	
Jurisdiction	Lacombe County	
Analysis Year and Time Period	2037 Post-Development AM Peak Hour	
Input Data		
Highway Classification	Class II	
Two-way Hourly Volume	150	
Truck Percentage	5%	
Directional Split	75/25	
Peak Hour Factor (PHF):	0.8	
Lane Width (ft)	12.0	
Shoulder Width (ft)	3.0	
Base Free Flow Speed (BFFS) (mi/h)	68	
Access Points (points / mi)	2	
No-passing zones	30%	
Estimate Free Flow Speed (FFS)		
Adjustment Factor for Lane and Shoulder Width	2.6	Exhibit 15-7
Adjustment Factor for Access Points	1.0	Exhibit 15-8
FFS (mi/h)	64.4	
Demand Adjustment for PTSF		
Eastbound Volume (V1, veh/h)	109	
Westbound Volume (V2, veh/h)	41	
Adjustment Factor for Grades	1.0	
Adjustment Factor for Heavey Vehicles (ET)	1.1	Exhibit 15-18
Adjustment Factor for Recreational Vehicles (ER)	1.0	
Heavey Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV, PTSF)	0.995	
Adjusted Demand Flow Rates		
Eastbound Volume (V1,PTSF)	137	
Westbound Volume (V2, PTSF)	52	
Estimate Percent Time-Spent-Following (PTSF)		
:	a -0.0014	Exhibit 15-20
	b 0.973	5 –5
	a -0.0014	Exhibit 15-20
	b 0.973	
Non-Passing Zone Adjustment Factor (fnp, PTSF		Exhibit 15-21
Base Percent Time-Spent-Following (BPTSF		v = .
Eastboun	<i>'</i>	Exhibit 15-10
Westboun		
PTS		S
Eastboun		
Westboun		•
Determine Capacity		
Eastboun		Equation 15-13
	.3331,11	

	Analyst: James Sun	Date: 2017-02-14	
Site Information			
Highway	Township Road 412		
From / to	East of Range Road 270		
Jurisdiction	Lacombe County	-	
Analysis Year and Time Period	2037 Post-Development	PM Peak Hour	
Input Data			
Highway Classification	Class II		
Two-way Hourly Volume	180		
Truck Percentage	5%		
Directional Split	75/25		
Peak Hour Factor (PHF):	0.8		
Lane Width (ft)	12.0		
Shoulder Width (ft)	3.0		
Base Free Flow Speed (BFFS) (mi/h)	68		
Access Points (points / mi)	2		
No-passing zones	30%		
Estimate Free Flow Speed (FFS)			
Adjustment Factor for Lane and Shoulder Width	2.6	Exhibit 15-7	
Adjustment Factor for Access Points	1.0	Exhibit 15-8	
FFS (mi/h)	64.4		
Demand Adjustment for PTSF			
Eastbound Volume (V1, veh/h)	51		
Westbound Volume (V2, veh/h)	129		
Adjustment Factor for Grades	1.0		
Adjustment Factor for Heavey Vehicles (ET)	1.1	Exhibit 15-18	
Adjustment Factor for Recreational Vehicles (ER)	1.0		
Heavey Vehicle Adjustment Factor (fHV, PTSF)	0.995		
Adjusted Demand Flow Rates			
Eastbound Volume (V1,PTSF)	64		
Westbound Volume (V2, PTSF)	162		
Estimate Percent Time-Spent-Following (PTSF)			
Eastbound	a -0.0014	Exhibit 15-20	
	b 0.973		
Westbound	a -0.0014	Exhibit 15-20	
	b 0.973		
Non-Passing Zone Adjustment Factor (fnp, PTSF	33 %	Exhibit 15-21	
Base Percent Time-Spent-Following (BPTSF	=)		
Eastboun	d 7.7%	Exhibit 15-10	
Westboun	d 17.9%		
PTS	F LC	os	
Eastboun	d 9.4% A	A Equation 15-9	
Westboun	d 23.8% A	<u> </u>	
Determine Capaci	/		
Eastboun	d 1692 veh/h	Equation 15-13	
		•	