Groundwater Supply Evaluation



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Sign-off Sheet

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Executive Summary

This report summarizes the results of the Groundwater Supply Evaluation program completed by Stantec Consulting Ltd. at the proposed Sandhill Estates (Burbank) subdivision situated at SW-24-39-27 W4M, northeast of Red Deer, Alberta. The installation of two water supply wells was initiated due to the request from Lacombe County to conduct a 72-hour pumping test evaluation in support of the current subdivision application.

The drilling and aquifer pumping test program presented in this report was preceded by a previous desktop study that included the development of a preliminary 3D Conceptual Site Model (Stantec 2016). This preceding desktop study served as a basis to develop the scope of this field investigation and analysis, which involved the following four main components:

- Drilling one test hole to log the lithology and geophysical characteristics of the sedimentary deposits, followed by its completion as a production well (SE-1)
- Completing an adjacent observation well (SE-2) with similar depth and completion as the production well. This observation well is also intended to be used in the future as a domestic well on a separate lot of the proposed subdivision
- Completing the required pumping tests, including a 2h step drawdown test and a 72 hour continuous rate pumping test to fufill with the requirements of the Lacombe County
- Prepare a Groundwater Supply Evaluation report such that the subdivision application requirements could be fulfilled.

The preliminary desktop analysis guided the drilling program, and the bedrock was encountered at 21.64 m below ground surface. The sand and gravel unit directly overlying bedrock was unsaturated, so drilling was completed deeper within bedrock (Lacombe Member of the Paskapoo Formation). Both the production (SE-1) and the observation (SE-2) wells were installed at similar depths and at a 23 m offset distance to each other such that the hydraulic characteristics of the low transmissivity, confined/semiconfined aquifer could be determined.

Stantec procured and installed pressure transducers/data loggers in the production and observation wells, and conducted step drawdown tests, followed by an overnight recovery period. The following day, a 72 hour continuous rate pumping and recovery test was started at a rate of 18 USgpm, which corresponded to the maximum pumping rate achieved during the step drawdown test. The constant rate pumping test was initiated at SE-1 on August 9, 2016 and the water level data yielded from the test was used for estimation of the aquifer's transmissivity, hydraulic conductivity, and storage coefficient. A groundwater sample and a duplicate sample were collected after 71.67 hours of pumping at SE-1.

Potential long-term yield (Q_{20}) was calculated with hydraulic parameters obtained through the analysis of aquifer pumping test data at production well SE-1. Based on the minimum (i.e., most conservative) values for the best fitting solution, the potential long term yield for the aquifer in the vicinity of the well is approximately 109.95 m³/d. Thus, it appears that the aquifer should be



able to sustain production from a "virtual well" (hypothetical well pumping at a rate of 48 m³/d, which is equivalent of the sum of 14 individual wells all pumping at a rate of 3.43 m³/d) for the entire subdivision, while leaving potential for additional production if needed in the future. Further, the simulated cone of depression for a single domestic well pumping at a rate of 3.43 m³/d for 2.52 hours/d had a drawdown of 0.09 m at a radial distance of approximately 500 m following 1 year of intermittent pumping.

In general, groundwater quality at SE-1 is good with low total dissolved solids, albeit some exceedances of the respective guideline values for health-based and aesthetic parameters for fluoride, pH, and sodium were noted. Total coliforms were detected which indicates a need for shock chlorination prior to domestic use, but no Escherichia coli were detected.



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Stantec Consulting Ltd. (Stantec) was retained by 1842107 Alberta Ltd. (the Client) to install a production well and an observation well to conduct and evaluate a 72-hour pumping test, in accordance with a request from Lacombe County as part of their approval process for a new subdivision. The Dominion Land Survey address for the site is SW-24-39-27 W4M. The site is situated approximately 3 km southeast of Blackfalds, AB and approximately 10 km northeast of the Red Deer city centre, at the intersection of Township Road 393A and Burbank Crescent. The Burbank Subdivision Development (the Site) will occupy the majority of the southern half of SW-24-39-27 W4M (Figure 1).

A preliminary desktop hydrogeological supply evaluation study was previously completed (Stantec 2016), and as such the hydrogeological setting of the Site was reasonably well understood prior to initiation of the project. This preliminary study, based solely on desktop information, involved development of a 3D Conceptual Site Model (3D CSM) to evaluate the groundwater supply potential of the Site and to determine if it was feasible to proceed with the development using groundwater as a raw water supply source. The 3D CSM developed during the desktop study indicated that most of the wells in the region were drilled into bedrock (Paskapoo Formation) at depths ranging from approximately 30 to 110 m below ground surface (m BGS), and that there was a reasonable likelihood of securing a groundwater supply for the development.

Following review of the preliminary desktop hydrogeological study, Lacombe County requested further field-based hydrogeologic investigations to be completed to confirm the groundwater supply available at the Site. As a result, the field-based hydrogeologic investigation as is detailed in this report was initiated by the Client.

In order to address Lacombe County's request, and in addition to support the application for a potential future groundwater diversion license for this well, the following requirements of Alberta Environment and Parks (AEP) as outlined in the *Guide to Groundwater Authorization* (Information Required when Submitting an Application under the Water Act; AENV, 2011), were addressed:

- Carry out a minimum 72 hour pumping test for the production well (also as per the Lacombe County requirement). Monitor water quality throughout the tests;
- Water Quality Analyses following AENV (2011); and,
- Data Interpretation and Reporting.

This report summarizes the results of the drilling program and aquifer pumping tests completed by Stantec. Stantec was present during drilling and installation of the production and observation wells used for this aquifer evaluation. Calibre Drilling Ltd. (Calibre) was retained directly by Stantec to drill and install the production and observation well at the Site. Well development was conducted on both production and the observation wells after their installation to promote hydraulic communication with the aquifer and to obtain preliminary well



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response of the production well. Calibre geophysically logged the test hole such that the appropriate production (screened) interval could be selected. Calibre completed the field services associated with the well completion, pumping tests and final pump installation. Stantec and Calibre collaborated to install the submersible pump, instruments in the production and observation wells, and to complete the aquifer pumping test.

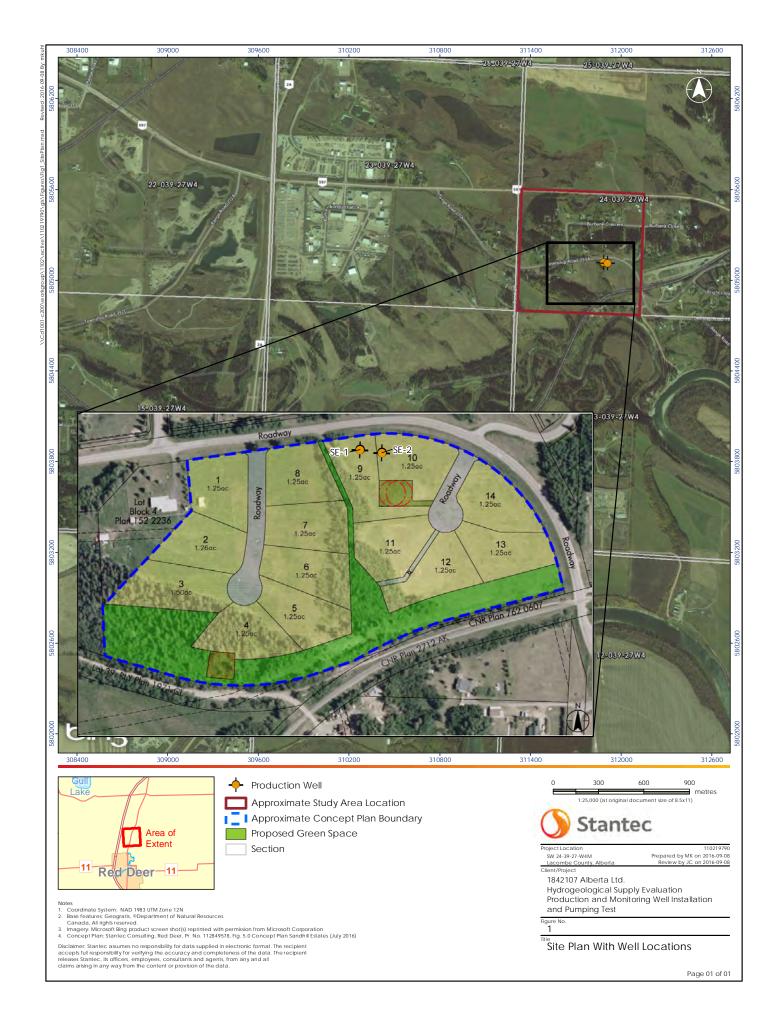
1.1 OBJECTIVE AND SCOPE OF WORK

The main objective of the field program was to install a production and monitoring well such that the aquifer could be tested to demonstrate its long term groundwater supply potential.

The scope of work for the field program was as follows:

- Finalize the location of the production well based on consideration of the following:
 - Preferred drilling locations based upon hydrogeologic considerations
 - Physical constraints at the site including existing and/or future infrastructure
 - Adherence to setbacks from property limits (8 m) in accordance with local bylaws
 - The presence of existing or future above ground and underground utilities
 - Future site uses, access requirements and utility tie in locations
 - Current site accessibility (by heavy drilling equipment) and other potential safety issues
 - Regulatory requirements in the event that the production well will be licensed
- Conduct ground clearance activities, prior to the initiation of the borehole drilling
- Drill and complete a production well and an observation well using mud and air rotary techniques
- Develop the well via air lifting methods
- Estimate production rates during well development
- Obtain water level measurements to observe the recovery rates and estimate an apparent well yield
- Conduct step drawdown tests on the production well to evaluate the maximum pumping rate for the 72 hour continuous rate pumping test
- Conduct a 72 hour pump test at the production well during which manual water level measurements would be taken periodically in addition to data collection via pressure transducers installed within the production and observation well





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2.0 FIELD PROGRAM

The following sections provide a summary of the field program completed for this project.

The Client indicated an area favorable for drilling based on the layout of the future subdivision and accessibility for future well maintenance. Following the request of the Lacombe County to conduct a 72-hour pumping test, the Client agreed to drill and install two identical wells, one acting as an observation well, that could be repurposed as individual domestic wells in two adjoining lots of the projected subdivision. Once the first well was installed and it was observed that the aquifer was under confined conditions, it was decided to locate the second well at 23 m distance from the first well to obtain valid drawdown data during the pumping test and evaluate the storage coefficient and follow the minimum distances indicated by the bylaws for the subdivision.

The volumetric testing requirements for the pumping well were targeted at a flow rate close to the double (85.61 m³/day) of the combined projected 14 individual wells (48 m³/day) to stress the aquifer over the 72-hour pumping test.

2.1 PRE-FIELD PREPARATION AND DESKTOP REVIEW OF EXISTING DATA

Preliminary desktop analysis and development of the 3D CSM for the site constrained the drilling depth to bedrock targets in in the Lacombe Member (primary target) and Haynes Member (alternate secondary target) of the Paskapoo Formation. Discussions with the Client identified a suitable access route and location for set up of heavy drilling equipment at two drilling locations. Stantec's Geomatic Group staked the limits of the two chosen lots prior to drilling activities to locate both wells at setback distances complying with the subdivision bylaws. In this manner, both wells used in this study could be used in the future to provide water supply to two separate lots.

2.2 GROUND DISTURBANCE CLEARANCE

Prior to the initiation of the borehole drilling, Stantec completed ground disturbance clearance activities. Alberta OneCall was contacted prior to commencing ground disturbance activities. Alberta OneCall contacted the registered owners of the utilities present on site and these owners located and marked utilities where present. As-built drawings of the site were also reviewed. Stantec contracted Clean Harbours Ltd. to independently identify and clearly mark all underground utilities/infrastructure within the proposed work area. Stantec personnel were in attendance when the utilities were located and marked within a 30 m radius around the two proposed borehole locations. Two pipelines belonging to Chain Lakes Gas Co-op were identified in the area, and an abandoned Ember Resources pipeline was identified several



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metres to the south of the chosen drilling locations. The ground disturbance report was reviewed to verify that the final drilling location was clear of all known utilities.

2.3 DRILLING AND INSTALLATION OF OBSERVATION AND PRODUCTION WELLS

Between August 2-5, 2016 Calibre drilled two separate boreholes and completed them as production/observation wells under Stantec supervision. The drilling program targeted an aquifer that could likely (based on previously reviewed desktop information) sustain production of at least 5-15 USgpm (1.14-3.41 m 3 /hour). The chosen completion interval was within a confined bedrock aquifer above 60 m BGS.

2.3.1 SE-1 Drilling and Production Well Installation

Drilling, geophysical logging and installation of SE-1 was completed between August 2-4, 2016. Mud rotary methodology was used to drill a pilot hole to 38.58 m BGS using a 51/8" (130.18 mm) tri-cone drill bit. Following the geophysical logging, the temporary steel casing was pulled out, and mud rotary was used to ream the hole with a 83/4" (222.25 mm) tri-cone bit to 48.50 m BGS. Calibre then installed surface casing with a diameter of 6" (152.4 mm) to the bottom of the reamed borehole at 48.50 m BGS. A rubber shale trap was attached to the bottom of the surface casing sealing the outside of the surface casing from the lower portion of the borehole. Bentonite chips were tremied down the annulus of the hole from 0 to 48.5 m BGS and hydrated. Once these bentonite chips had settled, more bentonite was added to surface and they were then covered with a thin layer of sand. The drilling mud was then removed from the inside of the casing.

Following installation of the surface casing, the borehole was drilled with air rotary methodology to 60.96 m BGS with a 5.13" (130.18 mm) bit. This drilling method enabled estimation of the approximate water production of each aquifer unit, when it was intersected as well as collection of drill cuttings for lithologic examination. The lower portion of the borehole was geophysically logged; it did not need to be reamed because the bed rock was consolidated and stable without sloughing into the borehole. A combination of geophysical information combined with lithologic observations and estimated water production from each sandstone interval contributed to the decision of where to install the well screen in SE-1. A 4.5 " (114.3 mm) Schedule 40 PVC well liner was inserted through the surface casing. This liner consisted of an unslotted spacer running from the bottom of the borehole to the screened interval, a 7.62 m long 0.020" slot PVC screen from 49.99 to 57.61m BGS, and an upper un-slotted portion that extended to 45.40 m BGS, creating an 3.10 m overlap with the surface casing (refer to Figure A-1 in Appendix A for well construction details).

2.3.2 SE-2 Drilling and Observation Well Installation

Drilling and installation of SE-2 took place from August 4-5, 2016. Mud rotary methodology was used to drill a pilot hole to 60.96 m BGS with a 51/8" (130.18 mm) tri-cone drill bit. Similar lithology



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was encountered to that observed in the SE-1 location, so this hole was not geophysical logged. The pilot hole was then reamed with a 8^{3/4}" (222.25 mm) tri-cone bit to 49.07m BGS. Surface casing with a diameter of 6" (152.4 mm) was installed to the bottom of the reamed borehole. A rubber shale trap was attached to the bottom of the surface casing sealing the outside of the surface casing from the lower portion of the borehole. Bentonite grout was tremied down the annulus of the hole from 0 to 49.07 m BGS and hydrated. Once this seal had settled, bentonite chips were added to surface, and were then covered with a thin layer of sand. The drilling mud was then removed from the inside of the casing and the well liner was installed.

The well design of SE-2 is similar to that of SE-1. The well screen was installed in the two lower sandstone units. This zone spanned from 50.60-56.69 m BGS with a total screen length of 6.09 m. The well liner consisted of 4.5" (114.3 mm) Sch. 40 PVC. The liner consisted of an un-slotted spacer running from the bottom of the borehole to the screened interval, a 0.020" slot PVC screen, and an upper un-slotted portion that extended to 46.02 m BGS which created an overlap of 3.05 m with the surface casing (refer to Figure A-2 in Appendix A).

2.3.3 Geophysical Logging of SE-1

As explained in section 2.3.1, geophysical logging was conducted in two separate stages. The first stage was completed once the pilot hole was drilled to a depth of 38.58 m BGS, and the second stage was completed once a temporary surface casing was set in place and drilling reached the total depth of 60.96 m.

Spontaneous Potential (SP)/Single Point Resistance (SPR) and natural gamma radiation logs were obtained and are included with the well completion details in Appendix A (Figures A-3 to A-6). Typically, conductivity is greater for finer matrix grain sizes (i.e., clays are more conductive than sands, and shales are more conductive than sandstones). In addition, high total dissolved solids (TDS) (i.e., "salts") in the pore fluids will increase electrical conductivity. The gamma ray tool measures the amount of natural gamma radiation in the subsurface. The main sources of gamma rays in earth materials are isotopes of potassium, uranium, and thorium, and their decay products, which are generally more abundant in clay or shale. Sand or sandstone, having lower concentrations of these elements, produce lower gamma counts, and thus lower gamma response on the borehole log. Following completion of the geophysical logging, electronic files were reviewed and interpreted by Stantec and intervals were selected for possible development and screen installation.

2.4 WELL LOCATIONS AND NAMING

The locations of the test holes and wells were estimated by Stantec upon completion with a handheld GPS unit. Table 1 presents the Northing and Easting coordinates (UTM Zone 12, NAD83 datum) of the wells. Figure 2 presents the locations of the wells.

The SE prefix was used to indicate "Sandhill Estates", followed by a dash and a number as a unique reference for both wells.



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Table 1 Surveyed Well Coordinates

| Mall Name | Dellis - Dele | W-II Towar | UTM Zone 12 NAD 83 | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|--------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| well Name | ell Name Drilling Dates Well Type | | Northing (m) | Easting (m) | | | | |
| SE-1 | August 2-4, 2016 | Production Well | 5,805,119 | 311,883 | | | | |
| SE-2 | August 4-5, 2016 | Observation Well / Future Production Well | 5,805,115 | 311,908 | | | | |
| Note: Well coordinates obtained with handheld GPS. | | | | | | | | |

The distance between SE-1 and SE-2 was measured as 23 m. Borehole lithologs, geophysical logs, and well completion details are presented in Appendix A. Annotated photographs of the drilling operations and production well are provided in Appendix B.

2.4.1 Well Development

Production well SE-1 and observation well SE-2 are both installed in competent bedrock and so minimal development was required. SE-1 was developed on August 4, 2016 for 32 minutes and SE-2 was developed for 51 minutes on August 5, 2016. Water produced from both wells was apparently free of solid content (Sand and fines) post development.

2.5 SE-1 PUMPING TESTS

Calibre Drilling installed a 4", 3 HP submersible pump (Goulds Model 80GS) in SE-1 with the bottom of the pump set at a depth of 45.51 m below top of casing (btoc). An electronic digital flow-meter, sampling port, and associated valves were temporarily installed on the wellhead to facilitate the pumping test. Stantec equipped production well SE-1 and observation well SE-2 with vented pressure transducers capable of automatically measuring and recording water level/pressure and temperature fluctuations. Both vented pressure transducers in SE-1 and SE-2 were connected to surface with vented direct read communication cables allowing for periodic data monitoring and reprogramming during the pumping test as required (without having to retrieve and redeploy the transducer). The flow meter measured in USgal/min and therefore, the main references to flow rates in subsequent sections of this report will be in the same units. Periodic manual water level measurements were also obtained with a water level tape to complement and corroborate the pressure transducer data.

Pumping test data from wells SE-1 and SE-2 are shown in graphical format in Appendix C, and raw water level measurements are available upon request due to the large amount of datalogger measurements recorded.



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2.5.1 Three-hour Step Drawdown Test

Stantec and Calibre field personnel initiated a two-hour step drawdown test (step test) at well SE-1 on August 8, 2016 from approximately 4:00 to 6:00 PM. Observation well SE-2 was used during the step test to monitor the cone of depression around SE-1. The first step of the test commenced at a pumping rate of 10 USgal/min (8 igpm). After 43 minutes of pumping, the second step was started by increasing the flow rate to 20 USgal/min (17 igpm) for 41 minutes. At this point an attempt was made to increase the flow rate further, however the pump could not sustain a higher flow rate due to excessive drawdown in the well. The step test was then continued at 20 USgal/min for another 45 minutes.

Once the pump had been turned off, water level recovery was observed with both manual measurements and Level TROLL 700 data loggers until water levels in SE-1 had recovered to 85% of static levels and water levels in SE-2 had recovered to 58% of static levels. Following this, solely the data loggers were employed to record the remainder of the recovery.

The specific capacities calculated for the three steps are 0.20, 0.16, and 0.15 L/s/m. Based on the step drawdown tests, the transmissivity of the aquifer was determined to be adequate to conduct the pumping test at SE-1 at a rate of 18 USgal/min (15 igpm, 98.16 m³/d).

2.5.2 72-Hour Constant Rate Pumping Test

Stantec and Calibre field personnel conducted a nominal 72-hour constant rate pumping test at SE-1 consisting of:

- 72.49 hours of pumping between August 9-12, 2016; followed by
- 72.96 hours of water level recovery observation (residual drawdown was 4.9% at production well SE-1 and 8.3% at monitoring well SE-2

The constant rate pumping test began at a rate of 17.8 USgal/min (14.84 igpm, 97.13 m³/d) and declined as the water level dropped over the test duration to 15.7 USgpm (13.08 igpm, 85.61 m³/d). The specific capacity calculated for the 72-hour pumping test is 0.10 L/s/m, lower than the initial values obtained during the step test.

Following the conclusion of the pumping portion of the test, manual water level measurements were collected to monitor the water level recovery in pumping well SE-1 and observation well SE-2.

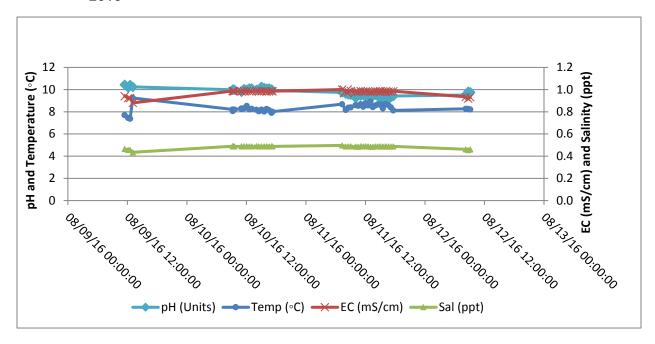
During the 72-hour pumping test, Stantec field personnel obtained field measurements of temperature (temp), pH, salinity (sal), oxidation-reduction potential (ORP), conductivity (EC) and dissolved oxygen (DO). Field measurements were collected using a YSI multi-parameter water quality probe and flow through cell connected to the sampling port installed on the pump discharge line. Field parameter measurements are presented in graphical form in Figure 4, while the tabular data is included in Appendix C, as Table C.1 for reference. Dissolved oxygen and



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ORP data were not included in the graph below as the data reflected the instrument drift and did not allow for any useful correlations to be drawn.

Figure 2 Field Parameter Measurements during Constant Rate Test (SE-1), August 9-12, 2016



The following observations were made based upon examination of the field parameter readings:

- Temp ranged from 7.4 to 9.24 °over the duration of the test
- pH values ranged from 8.98 to 10.44
- Salinity and EC remained relatively stable ranging from 0.44 to 0.50 ppt, and 0.88 to 1.0 mS/cm respectively

Groundwater sampling from this well was completed after 4,300 minutes (71.67 hours) of pumping. Samples for laboratory analysis were collected in pre-cleaned bottles with preservatives (where required) provided by Maxxam Analytics. Samples were kept in coolers with ice to regulate their temperature and delivered to Maxxam lab in Edmonton on the day they were sampled. Groundwater samples were submitted for analyses including routine parameters, fluoride, turbidity, color, Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, nitrite, nitrate, phosphorus, sulfide, Escherichia coli, total coliforms, trace dissolved metals, and total metals.

Pumping Test Analysis and Discussion October 2016

3.0 PUMPING TEST ANALYSIS AND DISCUSSION

3.1 AQUIFER PUMPING TEST ANALYSIS

Table 2 Summary of Pumping Test Parameters

| Well Name | Well Type | Distance from SE-1 | Water Level Before Pumping (BTOC/BGS) | Drawdown at the End of Pumping Period (72 Hours) | Water Level after 72.96 hours Recovery (BTOC) | Residual Drawdown | Residual Drawdown as % of the Total Drawdown After Pumping 72 Hours |
|--------------|------------|--------------------------|--|--|---|----------------------|--|
| | | (m) | (m) | (m) | (m) | (m) | % |
| SE-1 | Production | | 27.87/27.24 | 10.30 | 28.37 | 0.50 | 4.85 |
| SE-2 | Monitoring | 23 | 28.74/28.25 | 6.01 | 29.24 | 0.50 | 8.32 |

Results from the step drawdown and constant rate pumping tests were analyzed to derive estimates of the aquifer's hydraulic parameters. Various time-drawdown and drawdown-distance curves of both pumping and recovery periods were analyzed to estimate the hydraulic parameters. Theis, Hantush-Jacob, Theis Recovery, and Moench (constant head and no flow) for the step test (Figures C-1 to C-4 in Appendix C) solutions and Cooper-Jacob, Theis Recovery, Theis Agarval, Barker, Hantush-Jacob, Moench (constant head), Moench Derivative (constant head and no flow), Moench Composite Plot (constant head and no flow) for the 72-hour pumping test solutions (Figures C-5 to C-15) were used to estimate the aquifer parameters at well SE-1 (Appendix C). During the step drawdown and constant rate tests for well SE-1, well SE-2 was utilized as observation well. A summary of the estimated hydrogeologic parameters calculated from all pumping and recovery test data is presented in Table 3.

Well efficiency calculated from step test results shows values above the theoretical maximum of 100% (Table 3), possibly induced by the fact that the applied formula includes the flow rate of the last step that in this case was very similar to the previous step. Negative values of the linear well loss coefficient (wellbore skin factor S_w, Table 3) suggest a permeability enhancement in the production zone (theoretical well radius larger than the real well radius).

Calculated transmissivities as were estimated from the various analytical solutions fell within a narrow range of values, from 5.0 to 8.96 m²/day. Analytical calculations following Moench Derivative and Composite Plot (constant head and no flow) show the best fit to the theoretical curves indicate an average value of 6.74 m²/day (Table 3), given the semi-confined (leaky) conditions in the alternating mudstone, sandstone, and siltstone units in the bedrock aquifer overlain by sand and gravel (4.88 m) and thick clay and silt (13.41 m) deposits. The average hydraulic conductivity value of 0.9 m/day (1.04 x 10-5 m/second) is typical of poorly cemented sandstone deposits (Domenico and Schwartz, 1990).



TABLE 3. SUMMARY OF ESTIMATED HYDROGEOLOGICAL PARAMETERS (SE-1 and SE-2 Wells)

| Well | Analytical Method | Software Used for Pumping Test Data Evaluation | Average Transmissivity (T) m ² /d | | Storage Coefficient | Linear Well Loss Coeffcient (Wellbore Skin Factor) (S. | Nonlinear Well Loss Coefficient (C) min ² /m ⁵ | Well Efficiency % (Q from Last Step) | \$/\$ ['] | Comments S = Storativity during pumping S' = Storativity during recovery |
|-------------------------|--|---|---|-----|------------------------|---|---|---|--------------------|--|
| SE-1 Step Drawdown Test | | | | | | | | | | |
| SE-1 / SE-2 Well | Theis (Step Test, Confined Aquifer Solution) | Aqtesolv Pro | 10.26 | 1.3 | 1.10E-04 | -3.03 | 1.00 | (236) | | W.E. Maximum is 100% |
| SE-1 / SE-2 Well | Hantush-Jacob (Step Test, Leaky Aquifer) | Aqtesolv Pro | 8.91 | 1.2 | 1.20E-04 | -3.51 | 0.01 | (321) | | W.E. Maximum is 100% |
| SE-1 / SE-2 Well | Theis Recovery (Confined Aquifer Solution) | Aqtesolv Pro | 6.92 | 0.9 | | | | | 1.07 | |
| SE-1 / SE-2 Well | Moench Case 3 (Constant Head and No Flow, Leaky Aquifer Solution) | Aqtesolv Pro | 10.24 | 1.3 | 1.30E-04 | -2.71 | | | | |
| SE-1 Pumping Well | | | | 0.0 | | | | | | |
| SE-1 Well | Cooper-Jacob (Confined Aquifer Solution) | Aqtesolv Pro | 8.02 | 1.1 | | | | | | |
| SE-2 Well | Cooper-Jacob (Confined Aquifer Solution) | Aqtesolv Pro | 7.64 | 1.0 | 1.40E-04 | | | | | |
| SE-1 / SE-2 Well | Theis Recovery (Confined Aquifer Solution) | Aqtesolv Pro | 5.29 | 0.7 | | | | | 1.49 | |
| SE-1 / SE-2 Well | Theis Agarval (Confined Aquifer Solution) | Aqtesolv Pro | 8.84 | 1.2 | 9.97E-05 | | | | | |
| SE-1 / SE-2 Well | Barker (Confined Aquifer Solution) | Aqtesolv Pro | 7.26 | 1.0 | 3.49E-05 | -3.85 | | | | |
| SE-1 / SE-2 Well | Hantush-Jacob (Leaky Aquifer) | Aqtesolv Pro | 8.96 | 1.2 | 1.00E-04 | | | | | |
| SE-1 / SE-2 Well | Moench Case 1 (Constant Head) | Aqtesolv Pro | 5.00 | 0.7 | 9.10E-05 | -4.17 | | | | |
| SE-1 / SE-2 Well | Moench Case 3 Derivative (Constant Head and No Flow, Leaky Aquifer Solution) | Aqtesolv Pro | 6.74 | 0.9 | 2.47E-04 | -3.85 | | | | |
| SE-1 / SE-2 Well | Moench Case 3 (Composite Plot, Leaky Aquifer Solution) | Aqtesolv Pro | 6.74 | 0.9 | 2.47E-04 | -3.85 | | | | |
| SE-1 / SE-2 Well | Values used for Q_{20} and Yearly Calculation | | 6.74 | | 2.50E-04 | | | | | |

Note:

Values highlighed in yellow were taken as reference for Q 20 calculations. Lower or higher Storage Coefficient values are shown for illustrative purposes and were not taken into account for Q 20 calculations and they were deemed to be non-representative of long term conditions.

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Derivative curves obtained from the pumping test analysis data show drawdown departs from unit slope at less than 1 minute of the pumping test, as casing storage is depleted (Figure C-5 and C-13 in Appendix C). After 10 minutes of the pumping test, wellbore storage effects are dissipated after 1.5 log cycles measured from highest point of the derivative peak (Figure C-13 in Appendix C). Partial penetration effects of wells not screened across the entire aquifer unit may affect drawdown at early pumping stages in a similar way as wellbore storage. Derivative curves prepared from the pumping test data (Figure C-13 in Appendix C) show the doubling of the slope of the derivative curves at both wells at about 30 and 113 minutes, which may indicate the presence of linear impermeable boundaries modifying the initial infinitely acting, confined aquifer conditions. A potential recharge boundary was observed at 810 minutes (reduction of the derivative slope), consistent with the geological interpretation of alternating sandstone and mudstone / siltstone units in and above / below the screened area of the wells.

The calculated ratio of storativity during pumping (S) to storativity during recovery (S') from residual drawdown data are higher than 1(1.49; Table 3 and Figure C-8 in Appendix C), suggesting the extent of the aquifer is limited by one or more recharge boundaries (Midwest Geoscience Group, 2013).

3.2 Q₂₀ POTENTIAL LONG-TERM YIELD

Following the analytical methods recommended in the AENV guidelines (2011), potential long-term safe yield (Q_{20}) was calculated applying the Modified Moell method (Maathuis and van der Kamp) for confined aquifers. Aquifer parameters used to calculate the long term safe yields were based upon average values derived from the aquifer pumping tests as were summarized in Table 3. The applied parameters are shown in Table 4 along with the calculated long term safe yields as determined through use of the Modified Moell method.

Table 4 Parameters for Q₂₀ Evaluation

| Well Name | Average Transmissivity | Average Storage Coefficient | На | Pumping Rate | S100 min | S _{20yrs} Theor | S _{100 min} Theor | O ₂₀ Modified Moell Method |
|-----------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------|--------------|----------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| | m²/d | | m | m³/d | m | m | m | m³/d |
| SE-1 Well | 6.74 | 2.47E-04 | 22.75 | 85.61 | 7.32 | 12.21 | 7.13 | 109.95 |

Notes:

 H_a Available head (top of aquifer 49.99 - SWL 27.24 m = 22.75 m)

S Drawdown

Q₂₀ Long term safe yield



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Based upon the average value calculated in Table 3, the potential long term yield for the aquifer in the vicinity of SE-1 is approximately 109.95 m³/d (Table 4). Thus it appears that the aquifer should be able to sustain production from a virtual well such as well SE-1 for the whole development (14 lots) at a maximum pumping at a rate of 48 m³/d while leaving potential for additional production increase, if needed.

Following 20 years of constant pumping at this rate (again, a conservative assumption), the theoretical calculations suggest there remains to be sufficient available head in the aquifer (the theoretical water level would be drawn down to 39.45 m, equivalent to 53.67% of the available head of the aquifer at SE-1). The theoretical calculated drawdown in head would be 12.21 m at SE-1 (Figure C-16, Appendix C).

The development is supposed have one well for domestic use for each of the 14 lots at he maximum allowable (without obtaining a diversion license) withdrawal of 1,250 m³/year. Table 5 summarizes drawdown at after one day, one week, one year, and 20 years continuous pumping (Figure C-18, Appendix C). The results show drawdown is less than 0.5 m at well SE-1.

Table 5 Parameters for Forward Evaluation at Different Times of Continuous Pumping

| Well Name | Average Transmissivity | Average Storage Coefficient | H_{a} | Pumping Rate | S 1 day Theor | S 1 week Theor | S 1 year Theor | S _{20yrs} Theor |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|--------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| | m²/d | | m | m³/d | m | m | m | m |
| SE-1 Well | 6.74 | 2.47E-04 | 22.75 | 85.61 | | | | 12.21 |
| SE-1 Well (1,250 m³/year) | 6.74 | 2.47E-04 | 22.75 | 3.43 | 0.35 | 0.44 | 0.49 | 0.49 |

3.3 POTENTIAL IMPACT ON THE AQUIFER AND OTHER USERS

The long term effects of the pumping of the aquifer based on test results described above were calculated at various distances after 20 years of sustained pumping at a pumping rate of 85.61 m³/day. Calculated drawdowns at various radial distances after 20 years of continuous pumping (Table 6) suggest drawdown of 5.11 m at 100 m distance from pumping well SE-1, 1 m at 1,000 m distance, dissipating to negligible drawdown at distances of about 4,540 m (Figure C-17, Appendix C).

A more realistic approach to evaluate potential impact on the aquifer and other users would simulate intermittent pumping at an individual domestic well. We have assumed a one year intermittent pumping cycle for a pump pumping at 5 igpm (1.36 m³/hour) during 2.52 hours/day (3.43 m³/day, 1,250 m³/year; Figure C-19, Appendix C). Table 6 summarizes maximum drawdown (calculated one minute before turning off the simulated pump) after one year of intermittent



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pumping and minimum drawdown (calculated one minute before starting the final simulated pumping cycle).

Calculated drawdowns at various radial distances after one year of intermittent pumping (Table 6) suggest maximum and minimum drawdown of 0.27 m and 0.18 m at 100 m distance from pumping well SE-1, 0.09 m at 500 distance, and 0.04 m at 1,000 m distance (Figures C-20 and C-21, Appendix C). As a result there are no anticipated relevant interference effects expected for other groundwater users. The AEP Water Well Database (AWWID) reports well locations in the centre of quarter sections based on legal land description with a potential error of ±400 m. Seventeen domestic wells may be included within a 500 m radius from SE-1 and are located NW and NE of SE-1. They are installed at depths between 30.5 to 73.2 m from surface with test rates between 5 igpm (1.36 m³/hour) and 23 igpm (6.27 m³/hour). This indicates that some of the neighbouring wells are installed in shallower or deeper aquifer units compared to SE-1.

Table 6 Radial Distance Drawdown from Well SE-1

| | Pumping Rate | Drawdown (m) at Radial Distance (m) | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|-------------------------------------|------|-------|-------|--------|--|--|--|
| | m³/d | 1 m | 10 m | 100 m | 500 m | 1000 m | | | |
| Continuous Pumping for 20 Years | 85.61 | 12.21 | 9.80 | 5.11 | | 1.00 | | | |
| Discontinuous Pumping (2.52 Hours/Day at 5 igpm) | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 Year (last pumping cycle , 1 minute before turning off pump) | 3.43 | 2.70 | 1.77 | 0.27 | 0.09 | 0.04 | | | |
| Year (minimum drawdown after recovery one minute before starting last pumping cycle) | 3.43 | 0.19 | 0.19 | 0.18 | 0.09 | 0.04 | | | |

3.4 GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

On August 12, 2016, one groundwater sample and one duplicate sample were collected from SE-1 after approximately 71.67 hours of pumping. Samples for laboratory analysis were collected in laboratory supplied containers and were filtered and/or preserved as required. Samples were kept in coolers with ice to regulate temperature and delivered to Maxxam Analytics in Edmonton on the day of sampling. Groundwater samples were submitted for analyses including groundwater samples were submitted for analyses including routine parameters, fluoride, turbidity, color, Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen, nitrite, nitrate, phosphorus, sulfide, Escherichia coli, total coliforms, trace dissolved metals, and total metals. These results are summarized in Table E-1 located in Appendix E along with the laboratory reports. Groundwater quality data were compared to the *Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality* (Health Canada, 2014) (GCDWQ). A summary of the analytical results is presented in the following sections.

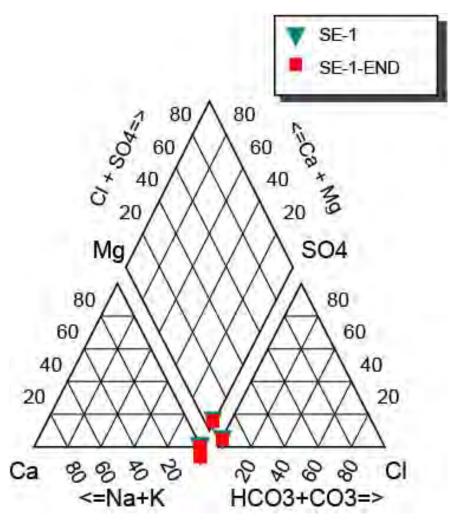


Pumping Test Analysis and Discussion October 2016

3.4.1 MAJOR IONS

The groundwater is considered fresh with a relatively low degree of mineralization. Total dissolved solids (TDS) concentrations for the SE-1 sample and its duplicate are 530 mg/L which exceeds the aesthetic objective of the GCDWQ (500 mg/L). Figure 3 presents a piper plot of the groundwater chemistries. Both sample sets plot in nearly identical positions within the sodium-bicarbonate-facies. The sample and the duplicate have fluoride concentrations of 3.1 and 3.0 mg/L which exceeds the GCDWQ guideline (maximum acceptable concentration of 1.5 mg/L). Though there is no GCDWQ value for bicarbonate these values were elevated at 490 mg/L for both samples. Lab analyzed pH values ranged from 9.07-9.08 for both samples exceeding the alkalinity of guidelines (6.5-8.5). Hydrogen sulfide values ranged from 1.0 to 1.1 mg/L for the two samples which is consistent with the rotten egg odor observed during well installation.

Figure 3 Piper Diagram of Major Cations and Anions





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3.5 METALS

3.5.1 Dissolved Metals

Table E-1 presents the dissolved metals concentrations for the sample and duplicate collected from the production well. Sodium concentrations were 220 mg/L for both the sample and duplicate and were higher than the GCDWQ aesthetic objective of 200 mg/L.

Dissolved sulfur concentrations were elevated in relation to the other metals at 19 mg/L for both samples.

3.5.2 Total Metals

Table E-1 presents the total metals concentrations for the sample and duplicate collected from the production well. Total sodium concentrations were 220 mg/L for both the sample and duplicate and were higher than the GCDWQ aesthetic objective of 200 mg/L.

Total sulfur concentrations were elevated in relation to the other total metals with concentrations of 6.6 mg/L for both samples; these are lower concentrations than the dissolved sulfur concentration however re-analysis of these parameters produced similar results.

3.6 MICROBIOLOGICAL PARAMETERS

Table E-1 provides the microbiological analysis results. No Escherichia coli were detected in the pump test sample or duplicate. Total coliforms were detected in both samples, with 1.0 mpn/100 mL noted in the primary sample and 2.0 mpn/100 mL noted in the duplicate sample. The well was shock chlorinated following sampling as per standard procedures.

The well should be resampled in the future to confirm the presence of total coliforms. Should they persist, disinfection (chlorination) of domestic use water as a standard practice will reduce the risk associated with total coliforms.

3.7 OUALITY ASSURANCE/OUALITY CONTROL RESULTS

Sample QA/QC documentation was reviewed including; chain of custody, sample temperatures, certificate of analysis, hold times. No QA/QC issues were noted for the laboratory submissions. The laboratory QA/QC data including; lab duplicate relative percent difference (RPD), lab spike, matrix spike, method blank and surrogate recovery data were reviewed and were generally found to be within acceptable criteria. Laboratory QA/QC procedures and analysis are included with the analytical results in Appendix E.

A duplicate sample was collected as part of the QA/QC program to measure the precision or reproducibility of the analytical data between groundwater samples. Duplicate samples were collected from the production well near the end of the pumping period. The relative percent



Pumping Test Analysis and Discussion October 2016

difference (RPD) between the sample and duplicate results was calculated. RPD was not calculated when one of the values is not detected or one of the results is less than five times the reportable detection limit. An RPD of 40% or less, or an AD less than or equal to 2 times the laboratory-reporting limit, is generally considered acceptable for duplicate groundwater samples (Maxxam's interpretation of CCME, 2011). Values where the relative percent difference exceeds the 40% guideline should be considered to be estimates. By this method all RPD values fall into the acceptable limit and so all results are taken to be valid.

3.8 STRATIGRAPHIC INTERPRETATION

Based upon a review of hydrogeologic drilling and geophysical information, it appears that the two water-bearing sandstone units in which the proposed production well has been completed correspond to the Lacombe member of the Paskapoo Formation (Figures 4, 5, and 6).

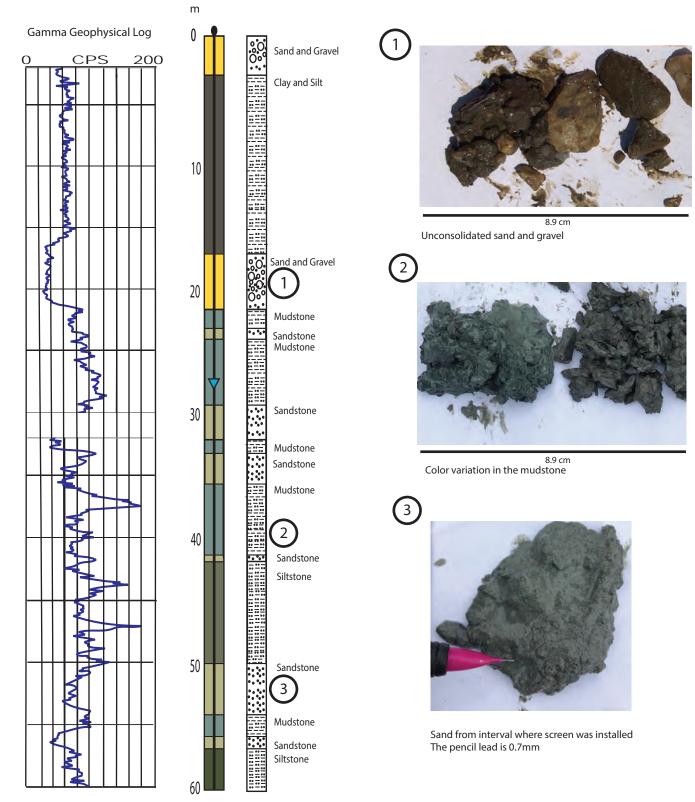
A preliminary geologic model built using publicly available regional geological and hydrogeological data resources (see cross-sections A-A' and B-B' on Figures 5 and 6) was included in Stantec (2016).

Two regional cross-sections have been generated that intersect the site from the northwest to southeast (Figure 5) and from west to east (Figure 6). Both cross-sections illustrate the geology of the site as described above including five hydrostratigraphic units. The five hydrostratigraphic units include the aeolian sand near surface, a till layer beneath the aeolian sand, a variable thickness deposit of sand and gravel on the upper bedrock surface, and the two members of the Paskapoo Formation (i.e., the Lacombe Member composing the upper bedrock surface and the Haynes Member).

Lithologic information from the wells SE-1 and SE-2 indicates that aeolian sand unit is missing at surface and is replaced by a 3.05 m thick alluvial sand and gravel unit, overlaying a 13.41 m thick till (clay and silt), and a 4.88 m thick pre-glacial sand and gravel unit above bedrock that was unsaturated. The bedrock (Lacombe Member of the Paskapoo Formation was drilled between 21.64 m and 60.96 m showing alternating mudstone with sandstone and siltstone units.

Three-dimensional geological modeling software was used to generate a conceptual model of the site geology prior to drilling, and was updated as new data was acquired and interpreted. From the three-dimensional model, two cross-sections were completed through the project site using both existing data from the AWWID, as well as the new data from the project related boreholes. Figure 5 is oriented northwest to southeast through the production well area, and Figure 6 is oriented on a west/east cross-section. Figure 4 shows a synthetic column with the representative geology, natural gamma-ray geophysical log, hydrostratigraphic interpretation of the confined aquifer with representative porous media photographs.





This information is based on SE-1 however the lithology is very similar to SE-2 and representative of the geology in the area around

September 2016 110219790



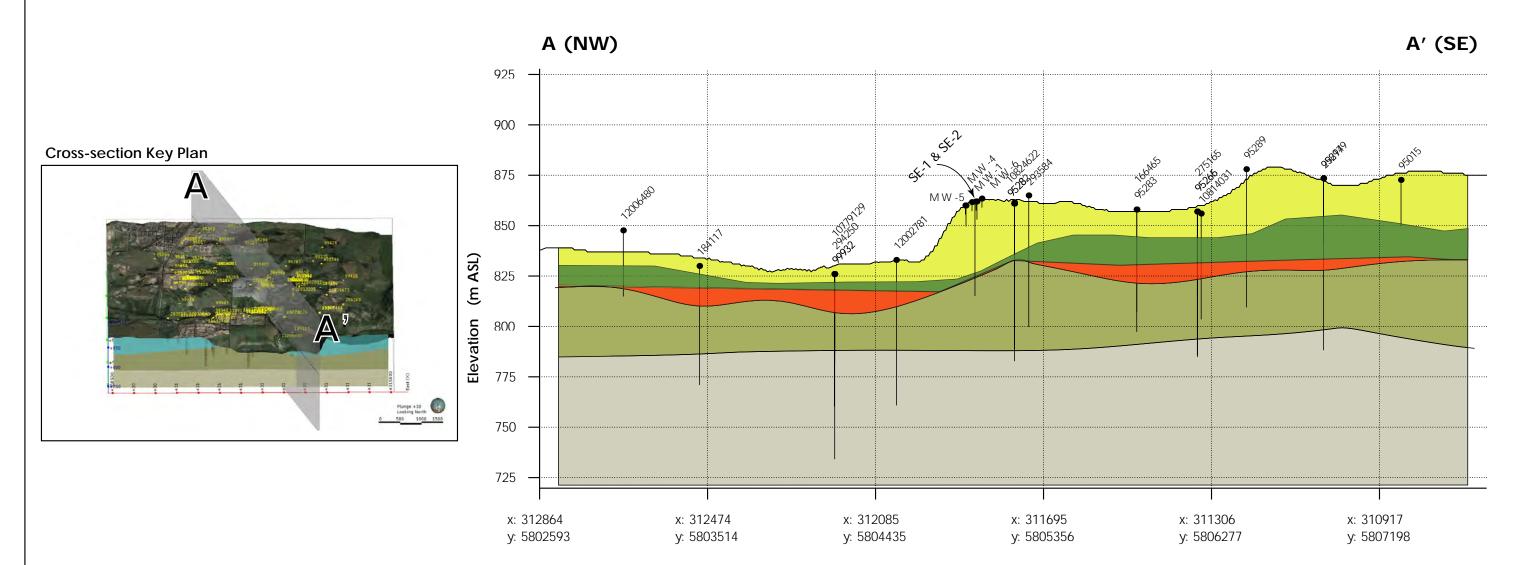
Client/Project 1842107 ALBERTA LTD.

Figure No.

4

Title

Synthetic Column With Geophysical logs and Lithological Photographs at SE-1



Position Along Section (NAD83 UTM Z12 Coords.)

Legend

Aeolian Sand

Till

Sand and Gravel (fluvial)

Paskapoo Fm. (Lacombe Member - mudstone dominated)

Paskapoo Fm (Haynes Member - sandstone dominated)

Notes

1. Coordinate System: NAD 1983 UTM Zone 12

Location

A: 312864, 5802593
B: 310668, 5807786
Scale: 1:22,500

Vertical exaggeration: 12x

0m 1000m



Project Location Within SW 24-29-27 W4M Red Deer, Alberta

6 Prepared by JR on 2016-09-28 Review by CN on 2016-09-28

Client/Project 1842107 Alberta Ltd. Burbank Sub-division

Hydrogeological Supply Evaluation

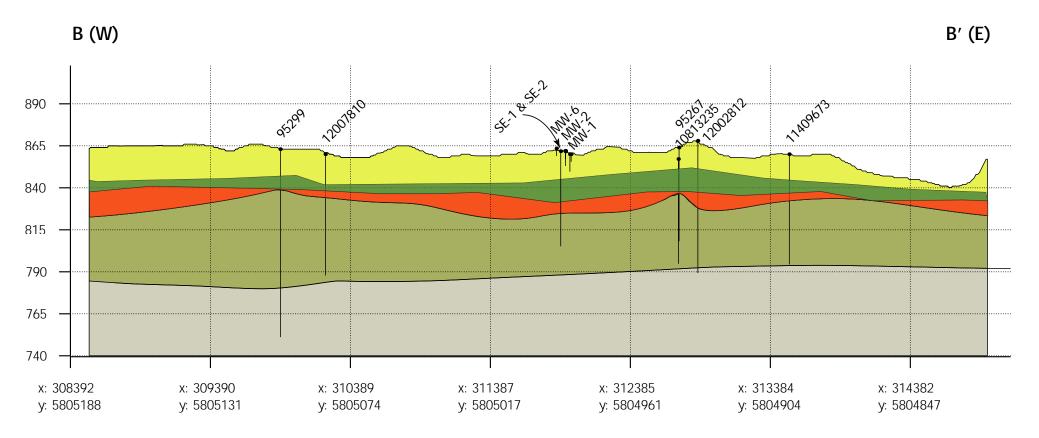
Figure No.

Title

Geological Cross-Section A - A'

Page 01 of 01

Cross-section Key Plan B Plant 4.20 Astronom 22.1 S 500 1000 1500



Position Along Section (NAD83 UTM Z12 Coords.)

Legend

Aeolian Sand

Till

Sand and Gravel (fluvial)

Paskapoo Fm. (Lacombe Member - mudstone dominated)

Paskapoo Fm (Haynes Member - sandstone dominated)

Notes

1. Coordinate System: NAD 1983 UTM Zone 12

Location

A: 308392, 5805188 B: 315097, 5804807

Scale: 1:27,000

Vertical exaggeration: 12x 0m 1000m





Project Location
Within SW 24-39-27 W4M
Red Deer, Alberta

Prepared by JR on 2016-09-28 Review by CN on 2016-09-28

Client/Project 1842107 Alberta Ltd.

1842107 Alberta Ltd. Burbank Sub-division

Hydrogeological Supply Evaluation

Figure No.

Title

Geological Cross-Section B - B'

Page 01 of

Conclusions and Recommendations October 2016

4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Based on the completion of the scope of work as was described in this report, the following conclusions and recommendations are noted:

- Based upon a review of hydrogeologic drilling and geophysical information, it appears that
 the two confined sandstone aquifer units in which both SE-1 and SE-2 wells have been
 completed are part of the Lacombe Member of the Paskapoo Formation.
- Potential long-term yield (Q₂₀) was calculated with hydraulic parameters obtained through the analysis of aquifer pumping test data at production well SE-1. Based on the minimum (i.e., most conservative estimate) transmissivity value for the best fit solution, the potential long term yield for the aquifer in the vicinity of SE-1 pumping well is approximately 109.95 m³/d. Thus, it appears that the aquifer should be able to sustain production from a virtual well SE-1 for the 14 lots pumping at a rate of 48 m³/day (7.33 lgpm) while leaving potential for additional production volume, if needed.
- Each lot will have its own domestic water well pumping at a much lower rate, at a maximum of 3.43 m³/day (0.52 lgpm) to an annual maximum of 1,250 m³/year with a simulated minimal drawdown (0.09 m at 500 distance from SE-1).
- In general, groundwater quality is good, with low total dissolved solids and exceedances of the respective guideline values for health-based and aesthetic parameters for fluoride (3.1 and 3.0 mg/L), pH (9.07-9.08), sodium (220 mg/L). Total coliforms (1.0 mpn/100ml and 2.0 mpn/100 ml) were detected and disinfection is recommended for domestic water use. No Escherichia coli were detected.
- Groundwater sampling and analysis should continue to be conducted on a regular basis (routine and bacteriological parameters).
- Well maintenance activities should be scheduled and completed on a regular basis to promote ongoing longevity and performance of the production wells (SE-1 and SE-2).
- Surface grading in the vicinity of the well head should be completed such that surface water continues to drain away from the well and toward the site runoff control system.



References October 2016

5.0 REFERENCES

- Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment (CCME). 2011. Protocols Manual for water quality sampling in Canada.
- Domenico, P.A. and Schwartz, F.W. 1990. *Physical and Chemical Hydrogeology*, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 824 p.
- Health Canada. 2014. Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality Summary Table. Water and Air Quality Bureau, Healthy Environments and Consumer Safety Branch, Health Canada, Ottawa, Ontario.
- Midwest Geoscience Group. 2013. Advanced Aquifer Testing Techniques Featuring Aqtesolv™. Calgary, Alberta, June 19-23, 2013
- Stantec Consulting Ltd. 2016. Burbank Subdivision Hydrogeologic Summary and Aquifer Potential Evaluation, April 2016.



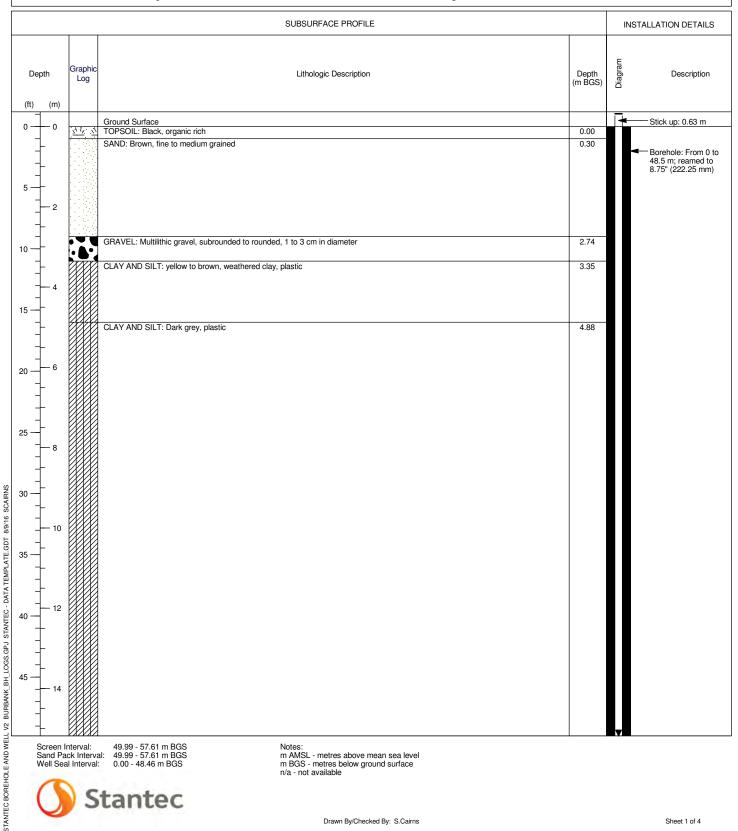
APPENDIX A BOREHOLE LOGS, CONSTRUCTION DETAILS, GEOPHYSICAL LOGS, AND DRILLER'S REPORTS

Project: Burbank

Client: 1842107 Alberta Ltd. Location: SW 24-39-27 W4M Number: 110219790

Field investigator: S.Cairns Contractor: Calibre Drilling Ltd. **Drilling method:** Mud Rotary/Air Rotary 02-Aug-2016 / 03-Aug-2016 Date started/completed:

Ground surface elevation: n/a Top of casing elevation: 311883 Easting: Northing: 5805119



Screen Interval: Sand Pack Interval: Well Seal Interval: 49.99 - 57.61 m BGS 49.99 - 57.61 m BGS 0.00 - 48.46 m BGS

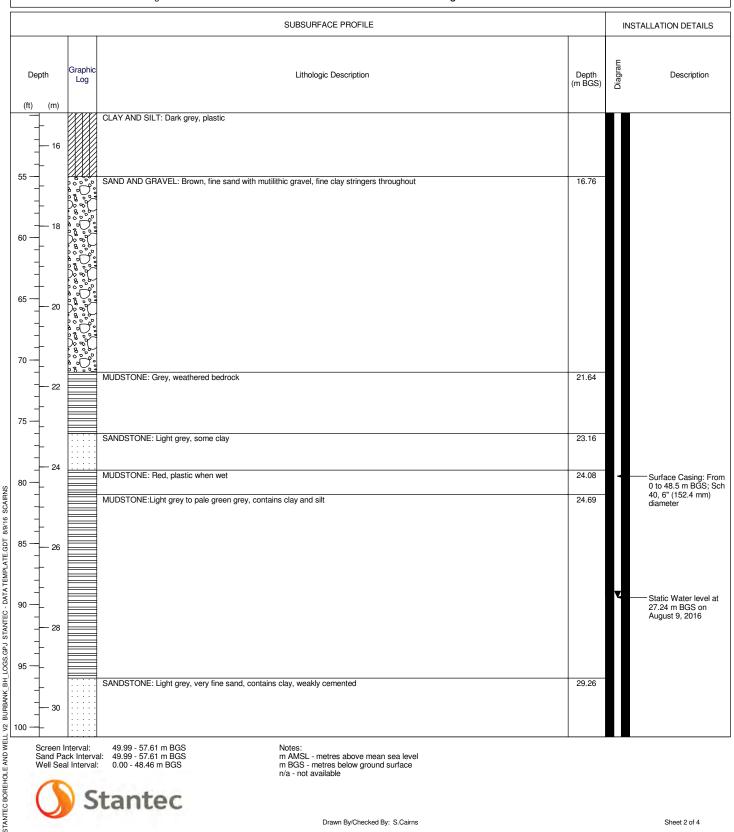


Project: Burbank

Client: 1842107 Alberta Ltd. SW 24-39-27 W4M Location:

110219790 Number: Field investigator: S.Cairns Contractor: Calibre Drilling Ltd. **Drilling method:** Mud Rotary/Air Rotary 02-Aug-2016 / 03-Aug-2016 Date started/completed:

Ground surface elevation: n/a Top of casing elevation: Easting: 311883 Northing: 5805119



Screen Interval: Sand Pack Interval: Well Seal Interval: 49.99 - 57.61 m BGS 49.99 - 57.61 m BGS 0.00 - 48.46 m BGS

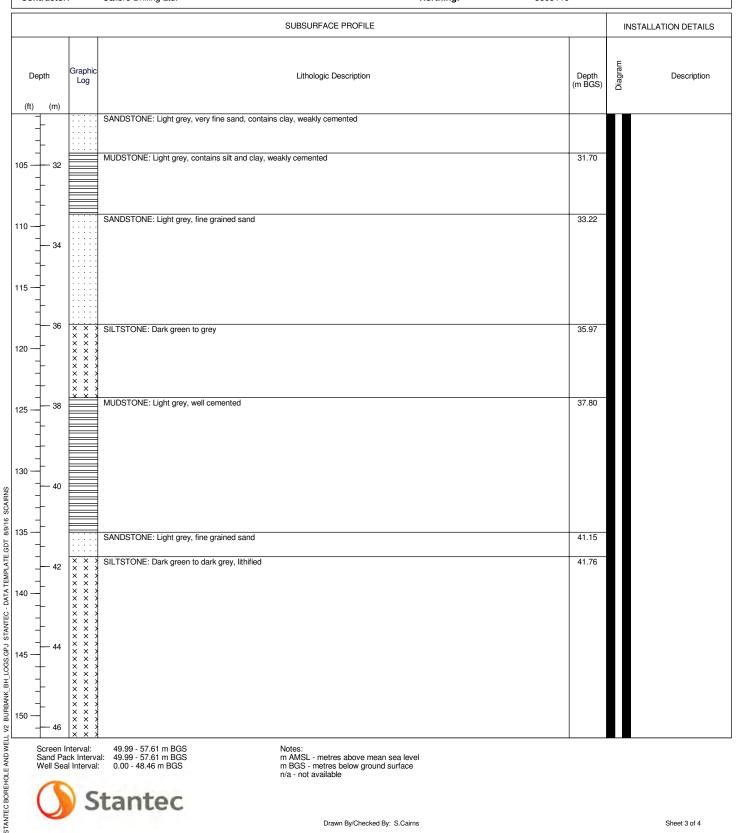


Project: Burbank

Client: 1842107 Alberta Ltd. SW 24-39-27 W4M Location:

Number: 110219790 Field investigator: S.Cairns Contractor: Calibre Drilling Ltd. **Drilling method:** Mud Rotary/Air Rotary 02-Aug-2016 / 03-Aug-2016 Date started/completed:

Ground surface elevation: n/a Top of casing elevation: n/a Easting: 311883 Northing: 5805119



Screen Interval: Sand Pack Interval: Well Seal Interval: 49.99 - 57.61 m BGS 49.99 - 57.61 m BGS 0.00 - 48.46 m BGS

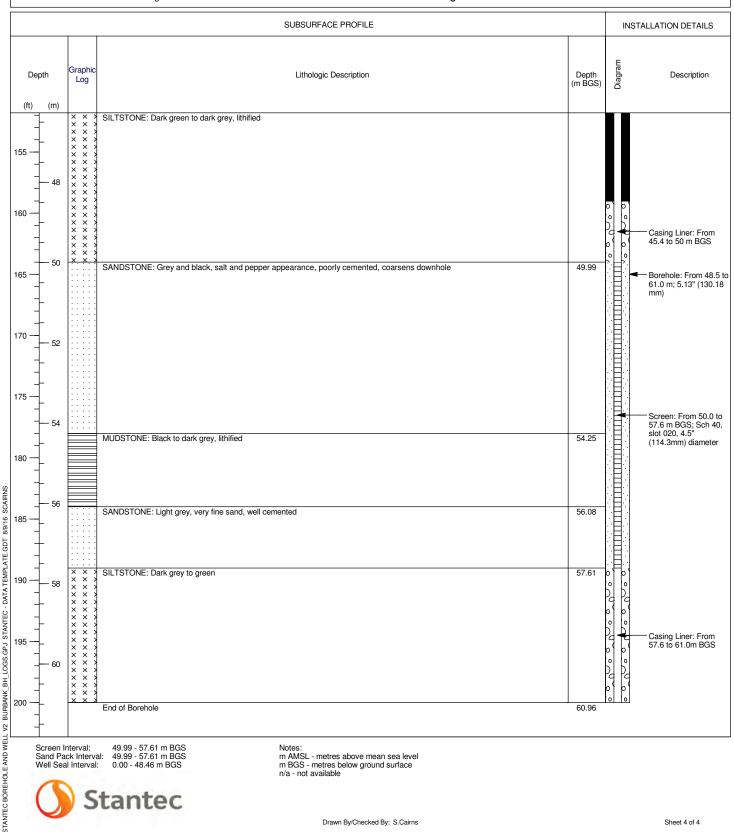


Project: Burbank

Client: 1842107 Alberta Ltd. SW 24-39-27 W4M Location:

110219790 Number: Field investigator: S.Cairns Contractor: Calibre Drilling Ltd. **Drilling method:** Mud Rotary/Air Rotary Date started/completed: 02-Aug-2016 / 03-Aug-2016

Ground surface elevation: n/a Top of casing elevation: Easting: 311883 Northing: 5805119



Screen Interval: Sand Pack Interval: Well Seal Interval: 49.99 - 57.61 m BGS 49.99 - 57.61 m BGS 0.00 - 48.46 m BGS



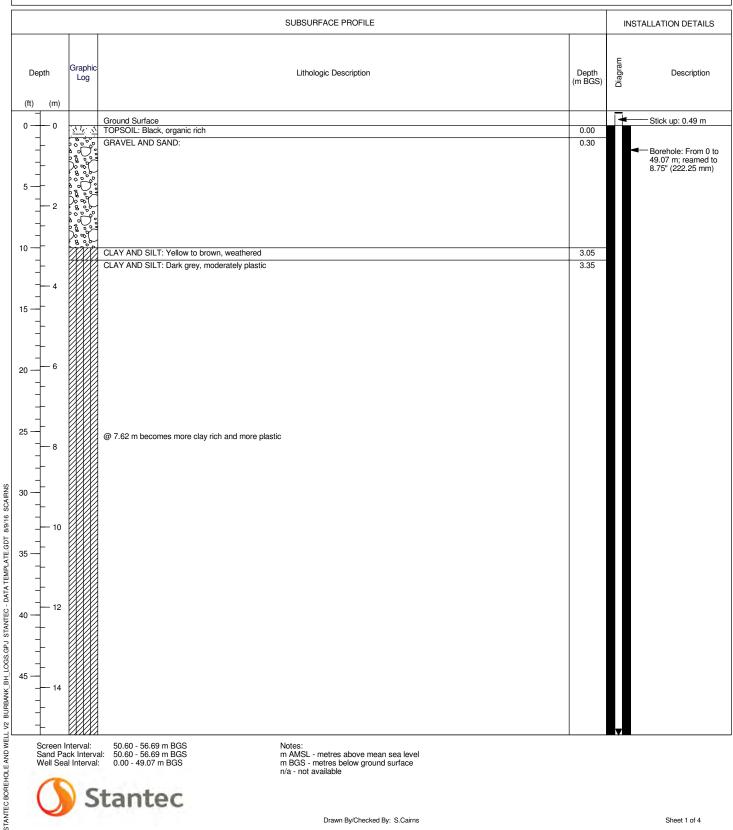
Project: Burbank

Client: 1842107 Alberta Ltd. Location: SW 24-39-27 W4M

Number: 110219790 Field investigator: S.Cairns/ D.Nisbet Contractor: Calibre Drilling Ltd. **Drilling method:** Mud Rotary

04-Aug-2016 / 05-Aug-2016 Date started/completed:

Ground surface elevation: n/a Top of casing elevation: Easting: 311908 Northing: 5805115



Screen Interval: Sand Pack Interval: Well Seal Interval: 50.60 - 56.69 m BGS 50.60 - 56.69 m BGS 0.00 - 49.07 m BGS



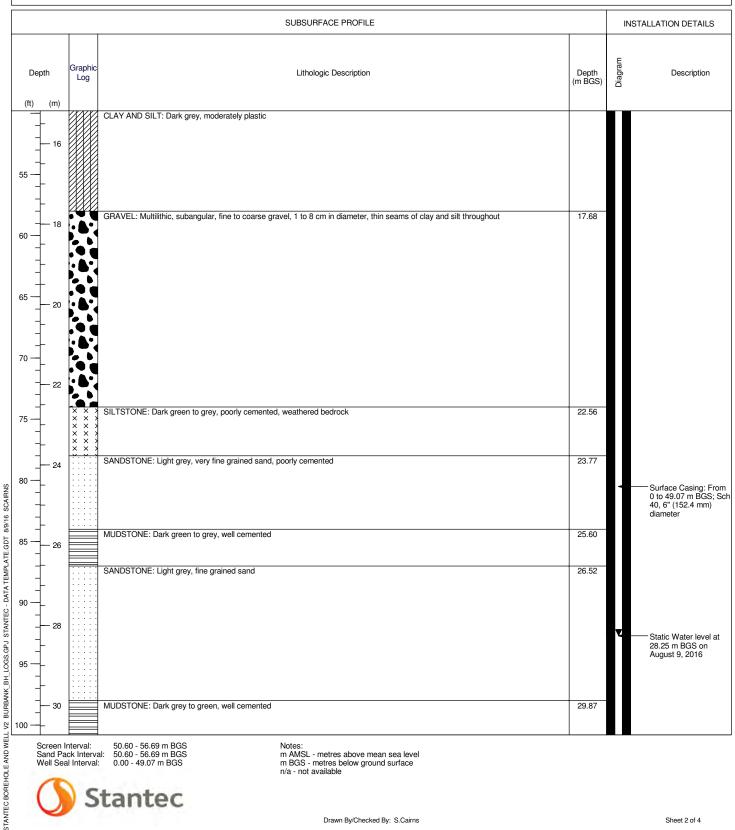
Project: Burbank

Client: 1842107 Alberta Ltd. SW 24-39-27 W4M Location:

Number: 110219790 Field investigator: S.Cairns/ D.Nisbet Contractor: Calibre Drilling Ltd. **Drilling method:** Mud Rotary

Date started/completed: 04-Aug-2016 / 05-Aug-2016

Ground surface elevation: n/a Top of casing elevation: Easting: 311908 Northing: 5805115



Screen Interval: Sand Pack Interval: Well Seal Interval: 50.60 - 56.69 m BGS 50.60 - 56.69 m BGS 0.00 - 49.07 m BGS



Project: Burbank

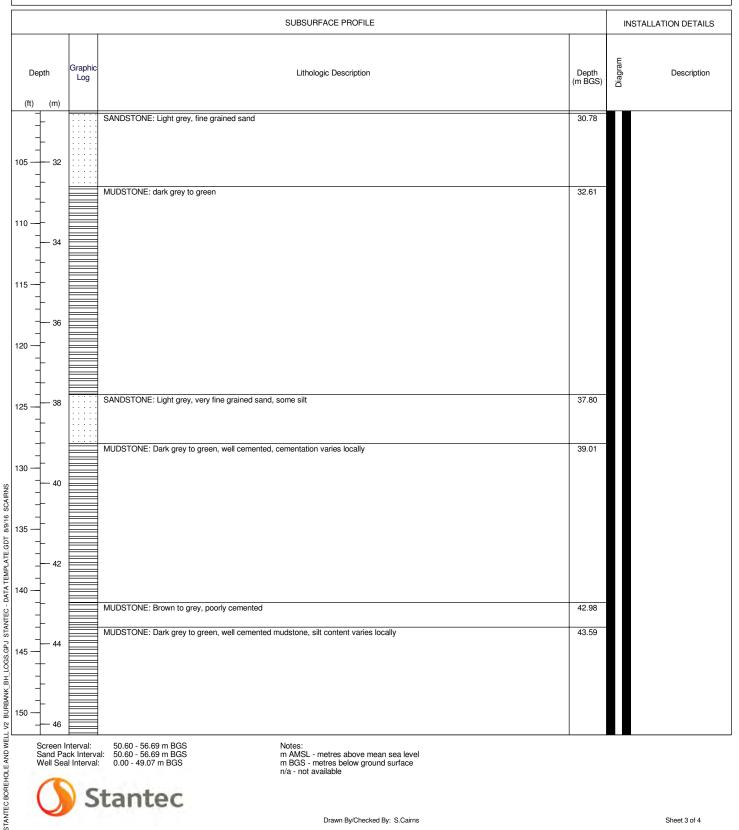
Client: 1842107 Alberta Ltd. Location: SW 24-39-27 W4M

Number: 110219790 Field investigator: S.Cairns/ D.Nisbet Contractor: Calibre Drilling Ltd.

Mud Rotary **Drilling method:**

04-Aug-2016 / 05-Aug-2016 Date started/completed:

Ground surface elevation: n/a Top of casing elevation: 311908 Easting: Northing: 5805115



Screen Interval: Sand Pack Interval: Well Seal Interval: 50.60 - 56.69 m BGS 50.60 - 56.69 m BGS 0.00 - 49.07 m BGS



Water Supply: SE-2

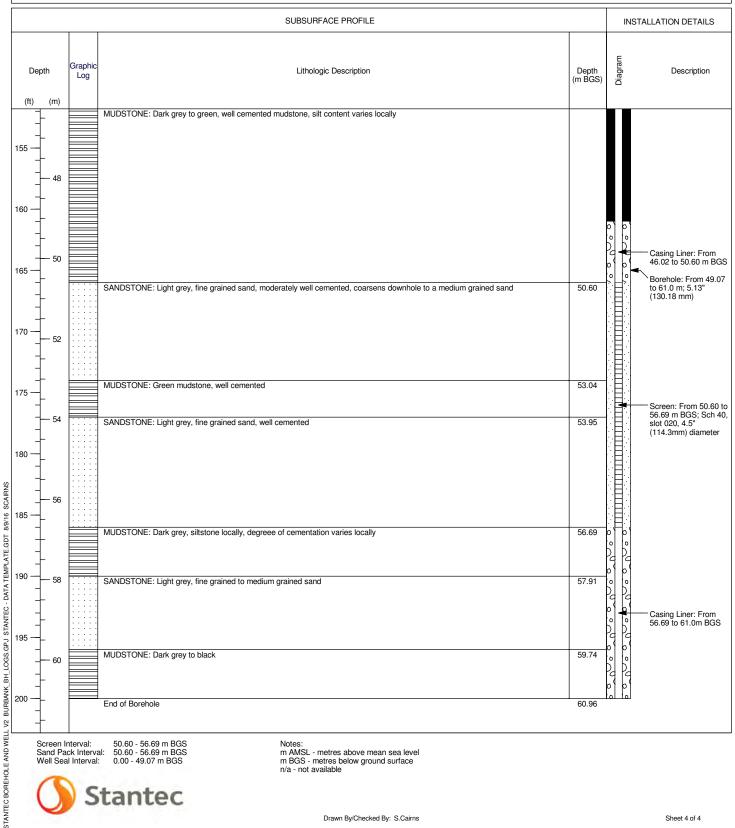
Project: Burbank

Client: 1842107 Alberta Ltd. SW 24-39-27 W4M Location:

110219790 Number: Field investigator: S.Cairns/ D.Nisbet Contractor: Calibre Drilling Ltd. **Drilling method:** Mud Rotary

Date started/completed: 04-Aug-2016 / 05-Aug-2016

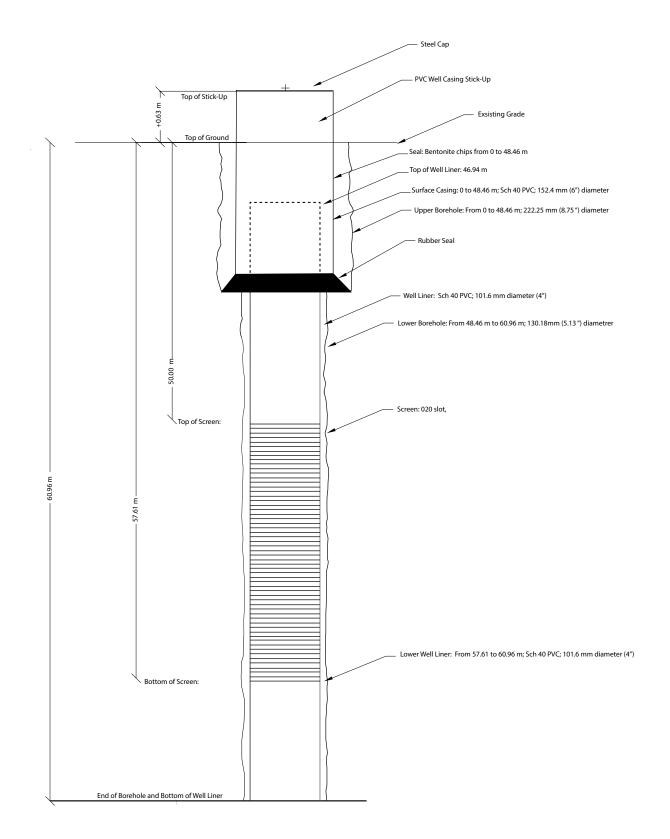
Ground surface elevation: n/a Top of casing elevation: Easting: 311908 Northing: 5805115



Screen Interval: Sand Pack Interval: Well Seal Interval: 50.60 - 56.69 m BGS 50.60 - 56.69 m BGS 0.00 - 49.07 m BGS

Notes: m AMSL - metres above mean sea level m BGS - metres below ground surface n/a - not available





Burbank Hydrogeological Investigation-2016



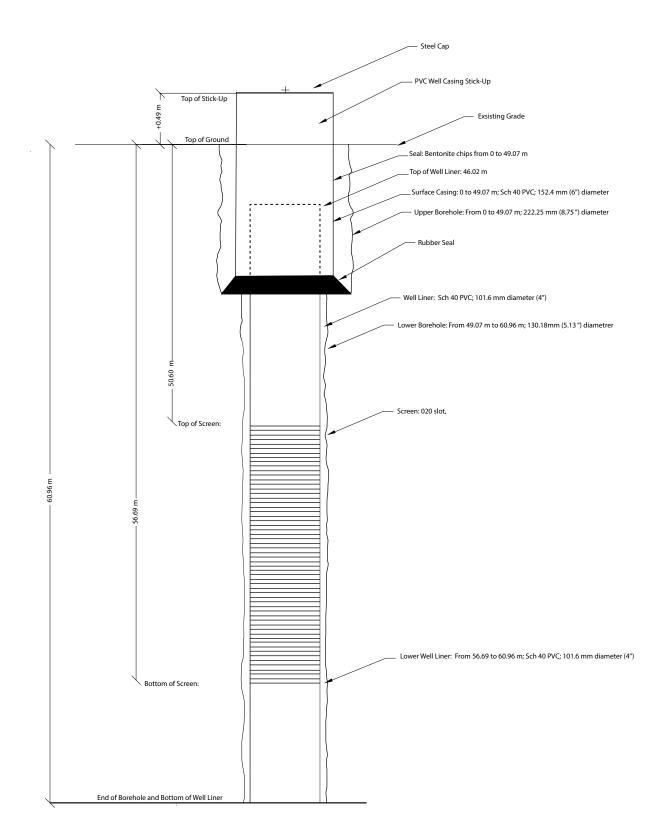
Well Completion Details

Figure No.

A-1

Title

SE-1 Burbank Pumping Well



Burbank Hydrogeological Investigation-2016



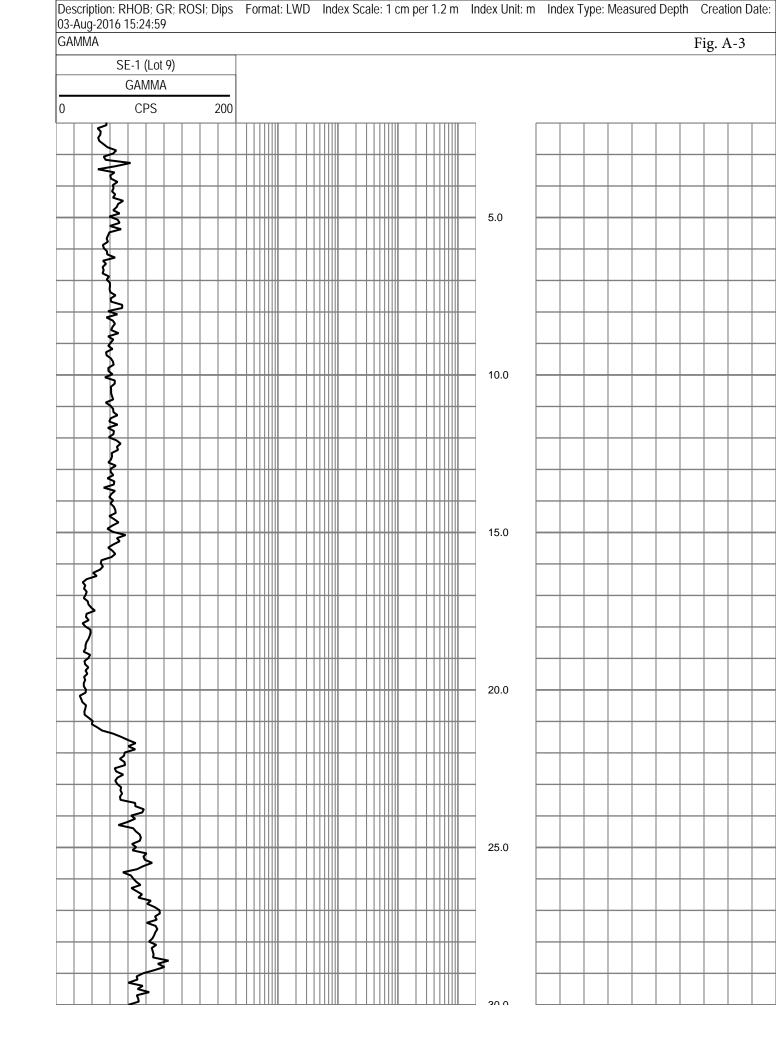
Well Completion Details

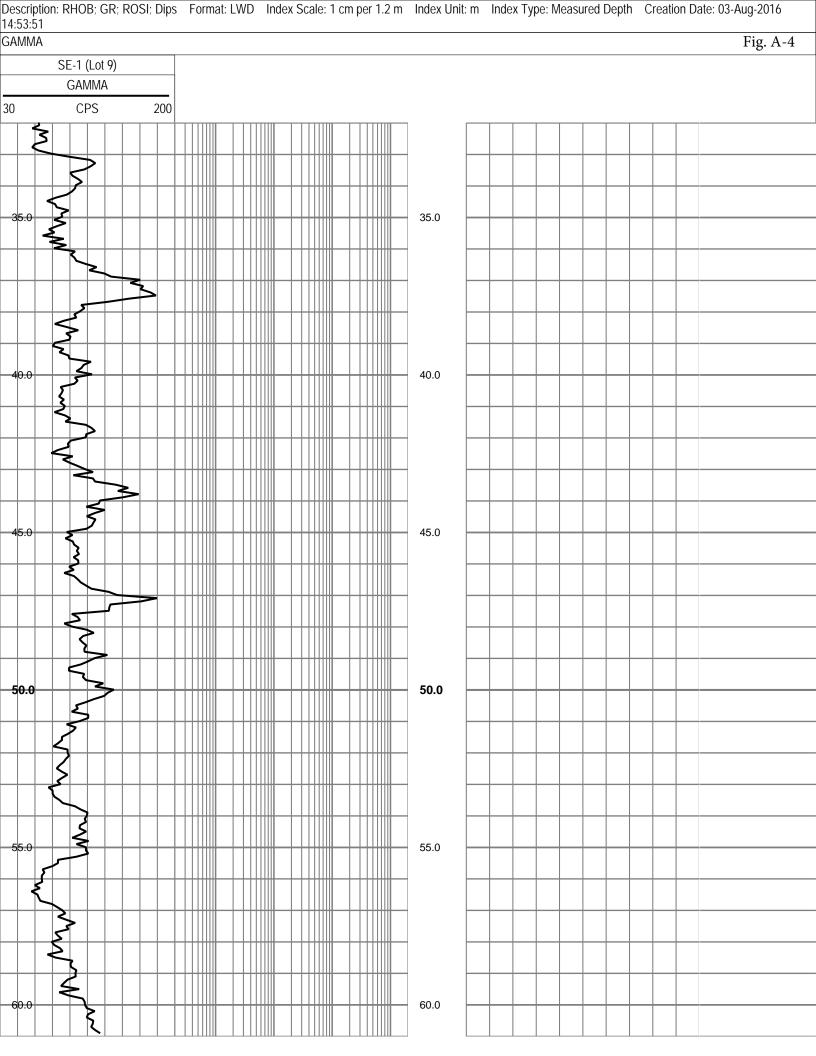
Figure No.

A-2

Title

SE-2 Burbank Observation Well





Description: GVR Image with Dips Format: LWD Index Scale: 1 cm per 1.20000004768372 m Index Unit: m Index Type: Measured Depth Creation Date: 13-Oct-2016 15:44:38 SPR Fig. A-6 SE-1 75 OHMS 100 0.0 5.0 10.0 15.0 20.0 25.0 30.0

50.0

55.0

50.0

APPENDIX B PHOTOGRAPHIC DETAILS OF DRILLING AND PUMPING TEST ACTIVITIES



Drilling on August 3, 2016 at SE-1



Rubber shale trap at the bottom of reamed 8 ¾ "(222.25 mm) BH; used in SE-1 and SE-2





020 Slot 4.5 "(114.3 mm) Sch. 40 PVC Screen



Installing the screen at SE-1 on August 4, 2016





Set up for Step Test/Pumping Test at SE-1



YSI set up during pumping Test





Flow rate meter used in all pumping test measures USgpm



Discharge from pumping test





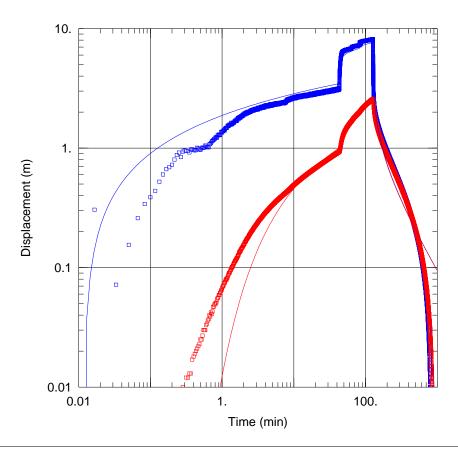
Lights run during the day and night during Pumping Test to check on pumping rate



Recovery after pumping test at SE-1



APPENDIX C PUMPING TEST DATA AND FIELD PARAMETERS



Data Set: V:\1102\active\110219790\analysis\Aqtesolv\anl_SE-1_step_test.aqt

Date: 09/19/16 Time: 18:14:44

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: Stantec Consulting. Ltd.

Client: 1842107 Project: 110219790

Location: SW 24--39-27 W4M

Test Well: SE-1
Test Date: 8 Aug 2016

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 7.586 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

WELL DATA

| Pumping Wells | | | Observation Wells | | |
|---------------|--------|---------|-------------------|--------|---------|
| Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) |
| SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | □ SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 |
| | | _ | □ SE-2 | 311908 | 5805115 |

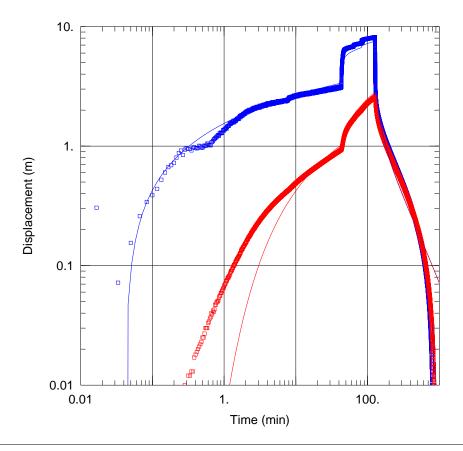
SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Theis (Step Test)

 $T = 10.26 \text{ m}^2/\text{day}$ S = 0.0001058 CSw = -3.033 $C = 1. \text{ min}^2/\text{m}^5$

P = 1.5

Step Test Model: $\underline{\text{Jacob-Rorabaugh}}$ Step Test Model: $\underline{\text{Jacob-Rorabaugh}}$ Step Test Model: $\underline{\text{S(t)}} = 49.35Q + 1.Q^{1.5}$ W.E. = 236. $\underline{\text{(Q)}}$ ($\underline{\text{C}}$ from last step). Error! Max is 100%



Data Set: V:\1102\active\110219790\analysis\Aqtesolv\anl_SE-1_step_test.aqt

Date: 09/20/16 Time: 11:55:59

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: Stantec Consulting. Ltd. Client: 1842107
Project: 110219790

Location: SW 24--39-27 W4M

Test Well: SE-1 Test Date: 8 Aug 2016

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 7.62 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1. Aquitard Thickness (b'): 1. m Aquitard Thickness (b"): 1. m

WELL DATA

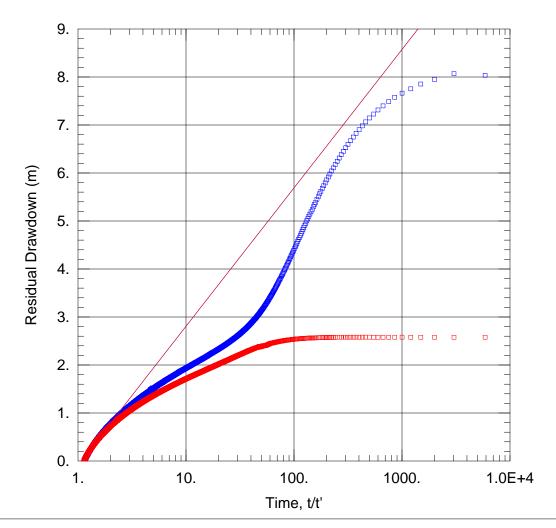
| Pumping Wells | | | Observation Wells | | |
|-----------------------|--------|---------|-------------------|--------|---------|
| Well Name X (m) Y (m) | | | Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) |
| SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | □ SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 |
| | | | □ SE-2 | 311908 | 5805115 |

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Leaky Solution Method: Hantush-Jacob

 $\begin{array}{ll} T &= \underline{8.906} \; m^2 / dav \\ 1/B &= \underline{0.002982} \; m^{-1} \\ C &= \underline{0.01} \; min^2 / m^5 \end{array}$ S = 0.0001218Sw = -3.51P = 1.5

 $\begin{array}{l} s(t) = 40.91Q + 0.01Q^{1.5} \\ \text{W.E.} = 320.8\% \, \underline{(Q \, from \, last \, step)}. \, \, \text{Error! Max. is 100\%}. \end{array}$ Step Test Model: Jacob-Rorabaugh Time (t) = $\underline{1}$. min Rate (Q) in $\underline{\text{cu. m/min}}$



Data Set: V:\1102\active\110219790\analysis\Agtesolv\anl_SE-1_step_test.agt

Date: <u>09/20/16</u> Time: <u>14:58:23</u>

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: Stantec Consulting. Ltd.

Client: 1842107 Project: 110219790

Location: SW 24--39-27 W4M

Test Well: SE-1

Test Date: 8 Aug 2016

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 7.62 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

WELL DATA

 Pumping Wells

 Well Name
 X (m)
 Y (m)

 SE-1
 311883
 5805119

| Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) |
|-----------|--------|---------|
| □ SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 |
| □ SE-2 | 311908 | 5805115 |

Observation Wells

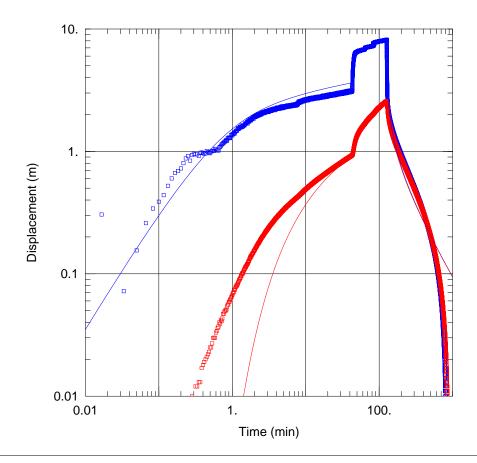
SOLUTION

Aguifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Theis (Recovery)

 $T = 6.923 \text{ m}^2/\text{day}$

S/S' = 1.067



Date: 09/20/16 Time: 11:49:41

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: Stantec Consulting. Ltd.

Client: <u>1842107</u> Project: <u>110219790</u>

r(c) = 0.05715 m

Location: SW 24--39-27 W4M

Test Well: SE-1 Test Date: 8 Aug 2016

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 7.62 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1. Aquitard Thickness (b'): 1. m Aquitard Thickness (b"): 1. m

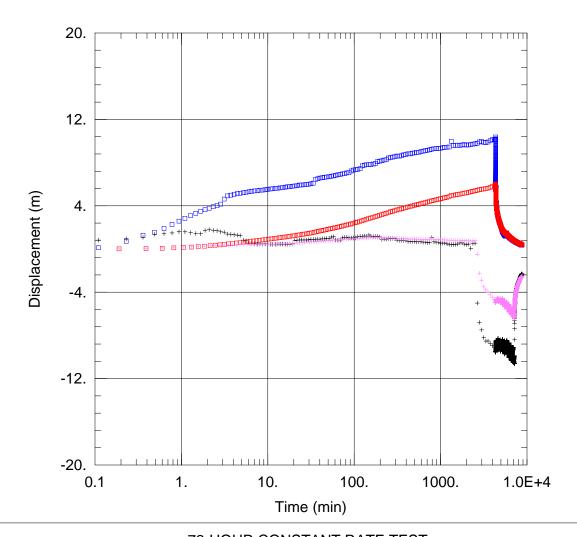
WELL DATA

| Pumping Wells | | | Observation Wells | | |
|---------------|--------|---------|-------------------|--------|---------|
| Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) |
| SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | □ SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 |
| | | | □ SE-2 | 311908 | 5805115 |

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Leaky Solution Method: Moench (Case 3)

 $\begin{array}{ll} T &= \underline{10.24} \ m^2 / dav \\ 1/B' &= \underline{0.002648} \ m^{-1} \\ 1/B'' &= \underline{0.} \ m^{-1} \\ Sw &= -2.709 \\ \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{ll} S &= \underline{0.000128} \\ S'/r &= \underline{0.0001536} \ m^{-1} \\ S''/r &= \underline{0.} \ m^{-1} \\ r(w) &= \underline{0.06509} \ m \\ \end{array}$



Data Set: V:\1102\active\110219790\analysis\Aqtesolv\anl_SE-1_pumping_test.aqt

Date: <u>09/07/16</u> Time: <u>16:56:50</u>

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: Stantec Consulting. Ltd.

Client: 1842107 Project: 110219790

Location: SW 24--39-27 W4M

Test Well: SE-1

Test Date: 9 Aug 2016

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 7.62 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

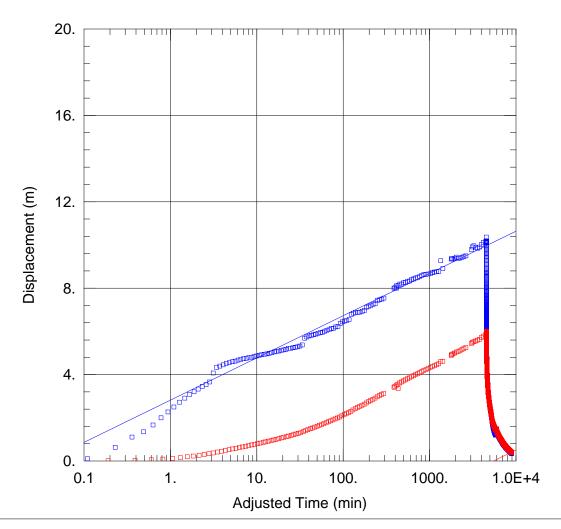
WELL DATA

 Pumping Wells

 Well Name
 X (m)
 Y (m)

 SE-1
 311883
 5805119

| Observation Wells | | | | | |
|-------------------|--------|---------|--|--|--|
| Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | | | |
| □ SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | | | |
| □ SE-2 | 311908 | 5805115 | | | |



Data Set: C:\Users\cnageli\Desktop\Burbank\Aqtesolv\anl_SE-1_pumping_test.aqt

Date: 09/18/16 Time: 18:47:42

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: Stantec Consulting. Ltd.

Client: <u>1842107</u> Project: <u>110219790</u>

Location: <u>SW 24--39-27 W4M</u>

Test Well: SE-1

Test Date: 9 Aug 2016

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 7.62 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

WELL DATA

 Pumping Wells

 Well Name
 X (m)
 Y (m)

 SE-1
 311883
 5805119

| Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) |
|-----------|--------|---------|
| □ SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 |
| □ SE-2 | 311908 | 5805115 |

Observation Wells

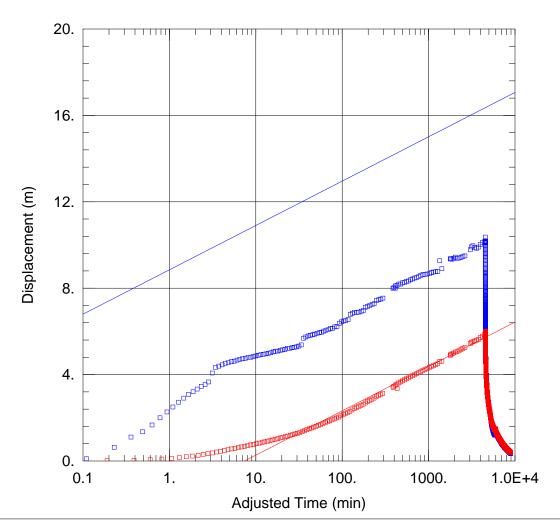
SOLUTION

Aguifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Cooper-Jacob

 $T = 8.023 \text{ m}^2/\text{day}$

S = 0.1073



Data Set: C:\Users\cnageli\Desktop\Burbank\Aqtesolv\anl_SE-1_pumping_test.aqt

Date: 09/18/16 Time: 18:48:46

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: Stantec Consulting. Ltd.

Client: <u>1842107</u> Project: <u>110219790</u>

Location: <u>SW 24--39-27 W4M</u>

Test Well: SE-1

Test Date: 9 Aug 2016

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 7.62 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

WELL DATA

 Pumping Wells

 Well Name
 X (m)
 Y (m)

 SE-1
 311883
 5805119

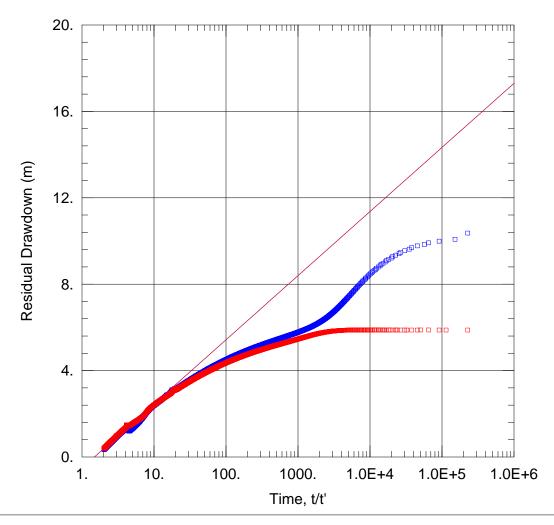
| Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) |
|-----------|--------|---------|
| □ SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 |
| □ SE-2 | 311908 | 5805115 |

Observation Wells

SOLUTION

Aguifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Cooper-Jacob

 $T = 7.641 \text{ m}^2/\text{day}$ S = 0.0001377



Data Set: C:\Users\cnageli\Desktop\Burbank\Aqtesolv\anl_SE-1_pumping_test.aqt

Date: 09/18/16 Time: 19:38:40

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: Stantec Consulting. Ltd.

Client: <u>1842107</u> Project: <u>110219790</u>

Location: <u>SW 24--39-27 W4M</u>

Test Well: SE-1

Test Date: 9 Aug 2016

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 7.62 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

WELL DATA

 Pumping Wells

 Well Name
 X (m)
 Y (m)

 SE-1
 311883
 5805119

| Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) |
|-----------|--------|---------|
| □ SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 |
| □ SE-2 | 311908 | 5805115 |

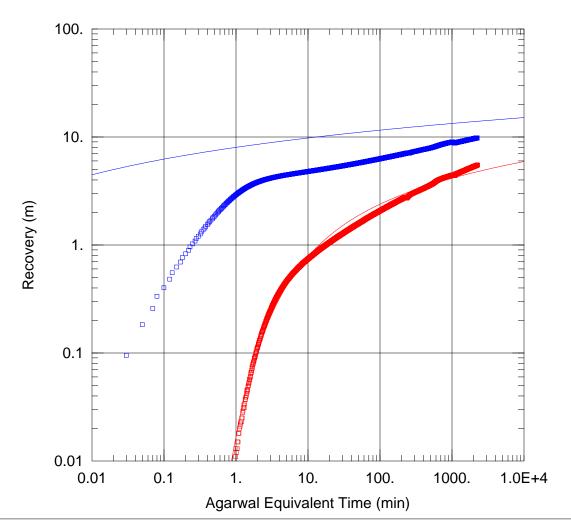
Observation Wells

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Theis (Recovery)

 $= 5.286 \text{ m}^2/\text{day}$ S/S' = 1.488



Data Set: C:\Users\cnageli\Desktop\Burbank\Aqtesolv\anl_SE-1_pumping_test.aqt

Date: 09/18/16 Time: 19:42:10

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: Stantec Consulting. Ltd.

Client: <u>1842107</u> Project: <u>110219790</u>

Location: SW 24--39-27 W4M

Test Well: SE-1

Test Date: 9 Aug 2016

WELL DATA

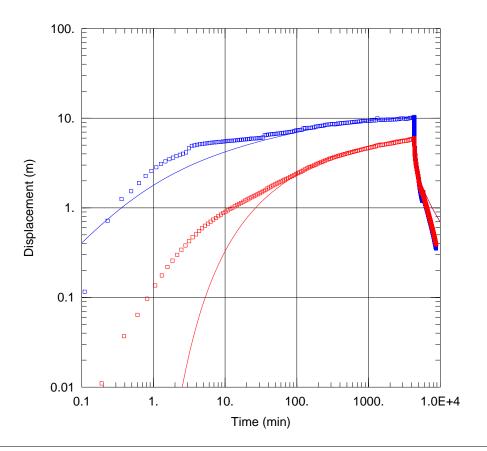
| Pumping Wells | | | Observation Wells | | |
|---------------|--------|---------|-------------------|--------|---------|
| Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) |
| SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | □ SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 |
| | | | □ SE-2 | 311908 | 5805115 |

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Theis - Agarval

 $T = 8.841 \text{ m}^2/\text{day}$ S = 9.969E-5 b = 7.62 m



Date: 09/20/16 Time: 16:37:50

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: Stantec Consulting. Ltd.

Client: 1842107 Project: 110219790

Location: SW 24--39-27 W4M

Test Well: SE-1

Test Date: 9 Aug 2016

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 7.62 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1.

WELL DATA

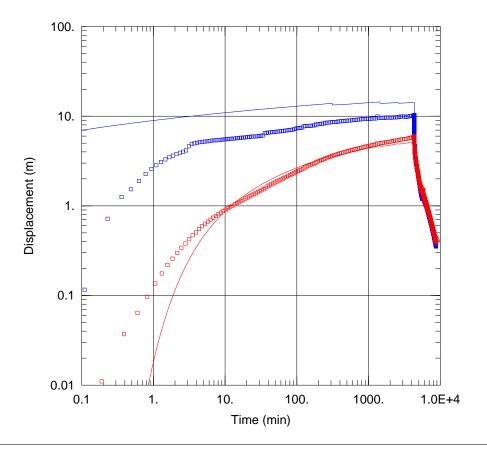
| Pumping Wells | | | Observa | ation Wells | |
|---------------|--------|---------|-----------|-------------|---------|
| Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) |
| SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | □ SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 |
| | | | □ SE-2 | 311908 | 5805115 |

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Barker

K = 0.9533 m/day Ss = 3.493E-5n = 1.955 b = 7.62 m

Sw = $\frac{-3.85}{0.05715}$ m r(w) = $\frac{0.06509}{0.06509}$ m



Data Set: V:\1102\active\110219790\analysis\Aqtesolv\anl_SE-1_pumping_test.aqt

Date: 09/20/16 Time: 16:23:28

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: Stantec Consulting. Ltd.
Client: 1842107
Project: 110219790
Location: SW 24--39-27 W4M
Test Well: SE-1

Test Date: 9 Aug 2016

WELL DATA

| Pumping Wells | | | Observation Wells | | |
|---------------|--------|---------|-------------------|--------|---------|
| Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) |
| SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | □ SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 |
| | | | □ SE-2 | 311908 | 5805115 |

SOLUTION

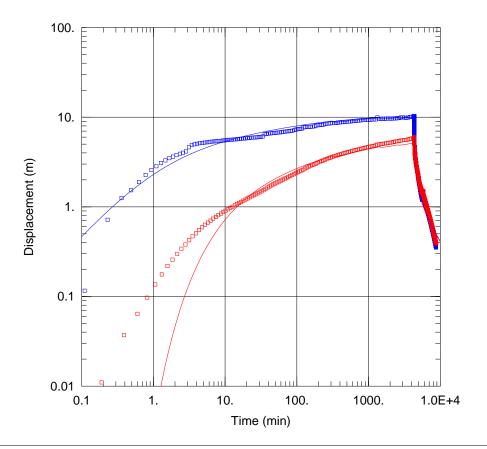
Aquifer Model: Leaky

= $\frac{8.964}{0.0004971}$ m⁻¹ Т 1/B

 $= \overline{7.62} \, \mathrm{m}$

Solution Method: Hantush-Jacob

= 0.0001021 Kz/Kr = 1.



Data Set: V:\1102\active\110219790\analysis\Aqtesolv\anl_SE-1_pumping_test.aqt

Date: 09/20/16 Time: 16:29:06

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: Stantec Consulting. Ltd.

Client: 1842107 Project: 110219790

Location: SW 24--39-27 W4M

Test Well: SE-1

Test Date: 9 Aug 2016

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 7.62 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1. Aquitard Thickness (b'): 1. m Aquitard Thickness (b"): 1. m

WELL DATA

| Pumping Wells | | | Observation Wells | | |
|---------------|--------|---------|-------------------|--------|---------|
| Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) |
| SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | □ SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 |
| | | | □ SE-2 | 311908 | 5805115 |

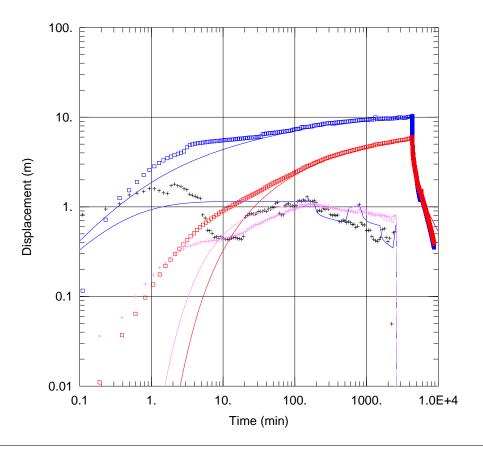
SOLUTION

Fig. C-12

Aquifer Model: <u>Leaky</u> Solution Method: <u>Moench (Case 1, Constant Head)</u>

 $T = 4.997 \text{ m}^2/\text{day}$ $1/B' = \frac{0.00174}{0.m^{-1}} \text{ m}^{-1}$ $Sw = \frac{4.997 \text{ m}^2/\text{day}}{0.00174 \text{ m}^{-1}}$ $S'' r = \frac{0.3978 \text{ m}^{-1}}{0.00174 \text{ m}^{-1}}$ $S'' r = \frac{0.3978 \text{ m}^{-1}}{0.00174 \text{ m}^{-1}}$ $S'' r = \frac{0.3978 \text{ m}^{-1}}{0.00174 \text{ m}^{-1}}$

Sw = $\frac{-4.167}{0.05715}$ m $r(w) = \frac{0.06509}{0.05715}$ m



 $Data \ Set: \ \underline{V:\ 1102\ active\ 110219790\ analysis\ Aqtesolv\ anl_SE-1_pumping_test.aqt}$

Date: 09/20/16 Time: 16:33:05

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: Stantec Consulting. Ltd.

Client: 1842107 Project: 110219790

Location: SW 24--39-27 W4M

Test Well: SE-1

 $r(c) = \overline{0.05715} \text{ m}$

Test Date: 9 Aug 2016

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 7.62 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1. Aquitard Thickness (b'): 1. m Aquitard Thickness (b"): 1. m

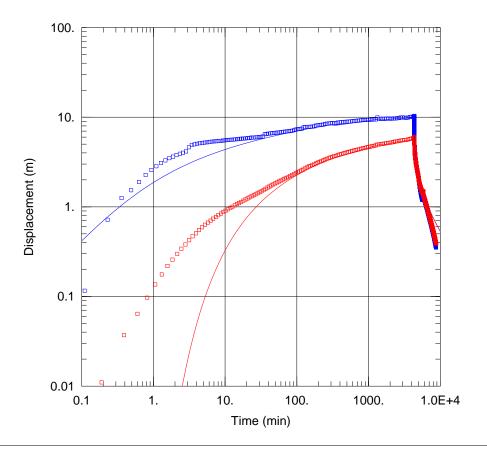
WELL DATA

| F | Pumping Wells | | Observation Wells | | | | |
|-----------|---------------|---------|-------------------|--------|---------|--|--|
| Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | | |
| SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | □ SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | | |
| | | | □ SE-2 | 311908 | 5805115 | | |

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Leaky Solution Method: Moench (Case 3)

 $\begin{array}{ll} T &= 6.739 \text{ m}^2/\text{day} \\ 1/\text{B'} &= \underline{0.04131} \text{ m}^{-1} \\ 1/\text{B''} &= \underline{0.} \text{ m}^{-1} \\ \text{Sw} &= -3.85 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{ll} S &= \underline{0.0002469} \\ S'/r &= \underline{0.001649} \text{ m}^{-1} \\ S''/r &= \underline{0.} \text{ m}^{-1} \\ r(w) &= \underline{0.06509} \text{ m} \end{array}$



Data Set: V:\1102\active\110219790\analysis\Aqtesolv\anl_SE-1_pumping_test.aqt

Date: 09/20/16 Time: 16:19:42

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: Stantec Consulting. Ltd.

Client: 1842107 Project: 110219790

Location: SW 24--39-27 W4M

Test Well: SE-1

Test Date: 9 Aug 2016

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 7.62 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1. Aquitard Thickness (b'): 1. m Aquitard Thickness (b"): 1. m

WELL DATA

| Pump | ing Wells | | Observation Wells | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|---------|-------------------|--------|---------|--|--|
| Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | | |
| SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | □ SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | | |
| | | | □ SE-2 | 311908 | 5805115 | | |

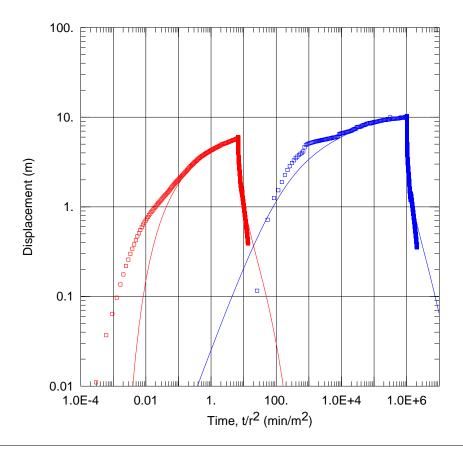
SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Leaky

Sw = -3.85 $r(c) = \overline{0.05715} \text{ m}$ Solution Method: Moench (Case 3, Constant Head)

and No Flow) = 0.0002469

 $g'/r = 0.001649 \text{ m}^{-1}$ $\beta''/r = 0. m^{-1}$ r(w) = 0.06509 m



Data Set: V:\1102\active\110219790\analysis\Aqtesolv\anl_SE-1_pumping_test.aqt

Date: 09/20/16 Time: 16:34:18

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: Stantec Consulting. Ltd.

Client: 1842107 Project: 110219790

Location: SW 24--39-27 W4M

Test Well: <u>SE-1</u> Test Date: <u>9 Aug 2016</u>

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 7.62 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1. Aquitard Thickness (b'): 1. m Aquitard Thickness (b"): 1. m

WELL DATA

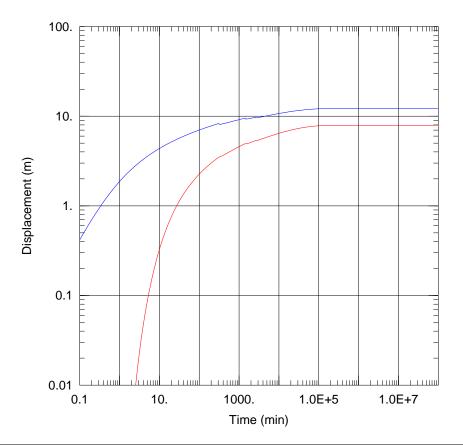
| Pump | ing Wells | | Observation Wells | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|---------|-------------------|--------|---------|--|--|--|
| Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | | | |
| SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | □ SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | | | |
| | | | □ SE-2 | 311908 | 5805115 | | | |

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Leaky Solution Method: Moench (Case 3) - Composite

 $\begin{array}{ll} T &= 6.739 \text{ m}^2/\text{day} \\ 1/\text{B'} &= \underline{0.04131} \text{ m}^{-1} \\ 1/\text{B''} &= \underline{0.} \text{ m}^{-1} \\ \text{Sw} &= -3.85 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{ll} S &= \underline{0.0002469} \\ S'/r &= \underline{0.001649} \text{ m}^{-1} \\ S''/r &= \underline{0.} \text{ m}^{-1} \\ r(w) &= \underline{0.06509} \text{ m} \end{array}$

SW = -3.85 r(W) = 0.06509 m r(C) = 0.05715 m



20 YEARS FORWARD SOLUTION

Data Set: V:\1102\active\110219790\analysis\Aqtesolv\anl_SE-1_pumping_test_forward_solution.aqt

Date: 09/20/16 Time: 15:49:48

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: Stantec Consulting. Ltd.

Client: 1842107 Project: 110219790

Location: SW 24--39-27 W4M

Test Well: <u>SE-1</u> Test Date: <u>9 Aug 2016</u>

 $r(c) = \overline{0.05715} \text{ m}$

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 7.62 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1. Aquitard Thickness (b'): 1. m Aquitard Thickness (b"): 1. m

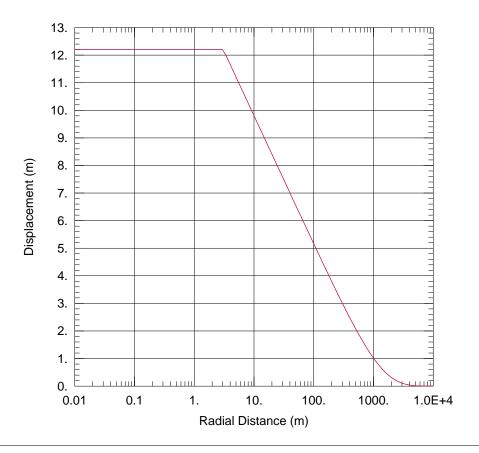
WELL DATA

| Pum | ping Wells | | Observation Wells | | | | | |
|-----------|------------|---------|-------------------|--------|---------|--|--|--|
| Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | | | |
| SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | □ SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | | | |
| | | | □ SE-2 | 311908 | 5805115 | | | |

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Leaky Solution Method: Moench (Case 3)

 $\begin{array}{ll} T &= 6.739 \text{ m}^2/\text{day} \\ 1/\text{B'} &= \frac{0.04131}{0.\text{ m}^{-1}} \\ \text{Sw} &= \frac{0.}{3.85} \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{ll} S &= \frac{0.0002469}{0.001649} \\ \text{S}'/\text{r} &= \frac{0.001649}{0.\text{ m}^{-1}} \\ \text{S}''/\text{r} &= \frac{0.}{0.06509} \text{ m} \end{array}$



20 YEARS FORWARD SOLUTION

Data Set: V:\1102\active\110219790\analysis\Aqtesolv\anl_SE-1_pumping_test_forward_solution.aqt

Date: 09/20/16 Time: 15:50:55

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: Stantec Consulting. Ltd.

Client: 1842107 Project: 110219790

Location: SW 24--39-27 W4M

Test Well: <u>SE-1</u> Test Date: <u>9 Aug 2016</u>

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 7.62 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1. Aquitard Thickness (b'): 1. m Aquitard Thickness (b"): 1. m

WELL DATA

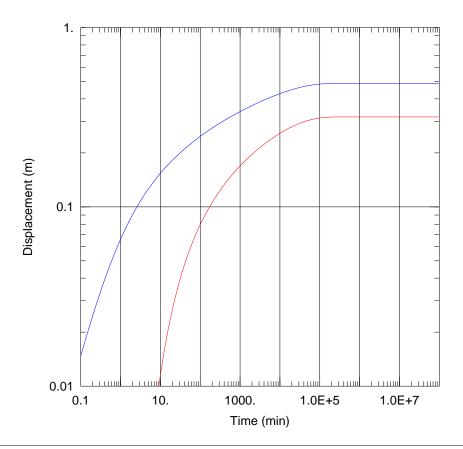
| Pump | ing Wells | | Observation Wells | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|---------|-------------------|--------|---------|--|--|
| Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | | |
| SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | □ SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | | |
| | | | □ SF-2 | 311908 | 5805115 | | |

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Leaky Solution Method: Moench (Case 3)

 $\begin{array}{ll} T &= 6.739 \text{ m}^2/\text{day} \\ 1/\text{B'} &= \underline{0.04131} \text{ m}^{-1} \\ 1/\text{B''} &= \underline{0.} \text{ m}^{-1} \\ \text{Sw} &= -3.85 \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{ll} S &= \underline{0.0002469} \\ S'/r &= \underline{0.001649} \text{ m}^{-1} \\ S''/r &= \underline{0.} \text{ m}^{-1} \\ r(w) &= \underline{0.06509} \text{ m} \end{array}$

 $r(c) = \frac{0.05715}{0.05715} \text{ m}$ Fig. C-17



20 YEARS FORWARD SOLUTION (1250 m³/year)

Data Set: V:\...\anl_SE-1_pumping_test_forward_solution_3.4m3_day.aqt Date:

<u>09/20/16</u> Time: <u>15:53:02</u>

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: Stantec Consulting. Ltd.

Client: 1842107 Project: 110219790

Location: SW 24--39-27 W4M

Test Well: SE-1

 $r(c) = \overline{0.05715} \text{ m}$

Test Date: 9 Aug 2016

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 7.62 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1. Aquitard Thickness (b'): 1. m Aquitard Thickness (b"): 1. m

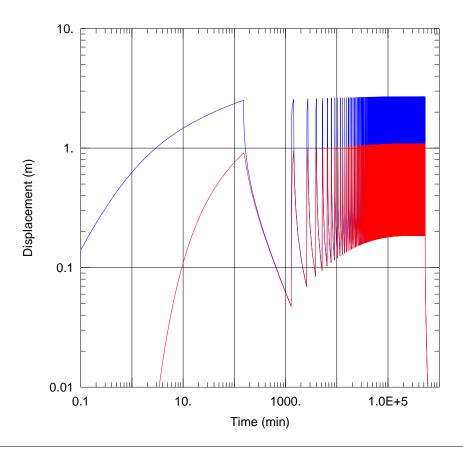
WELL DATA

| Pump | ing Wells | | Observation Wells | | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|---------|-------------------|--------|---------|--|--|--|
| Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | | | |
| SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | □ SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | | | |
| | | | □ SF-2 | 311908 | 5805115 | | | |

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Leaky Solution Method: Moench (Case 3)

 $\begin{array}{ll} T &= \underline{6.739} \ m^2/day \\ 1/B' &= \underline{0.04131} \ m^{-1} \\ 1/B'' &= \underline{0.} \ m^{-1} \\ Sw &= \underline{-3.85} \end{array} \hspace{1.5cm} \begin{array}{ll} S &= \underline{0.0002469} \\ 8'/r &= \underline{0.001649} \ m^{-1} \\ 8''/r &= \underline{0.} \ m^{-1} \\ r(w) &= \underline{0.06509} \ m \end{array}$



ONE YEAR FORWARD SOLUTION (5 igpm, 1.36 m³/hr, 2.52 hrs/day)

Data Set: V:\...\anl_SE-1_pumping_test_forward_solution_1.36m3_hour.aqt Date:

09/20/16 Time: 16:43:40

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: Stantec Consulting. Ltd.

Client: 1842107 Project: 110219790

Location: SW 24--39-27 W4M

Test Well: SE-1 Test Date: 9 Aug 2016

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 7.62 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1. Aquitard Thickness (b'): 1. m Aquitard Thickness (b"): 1. m

WELL DATA

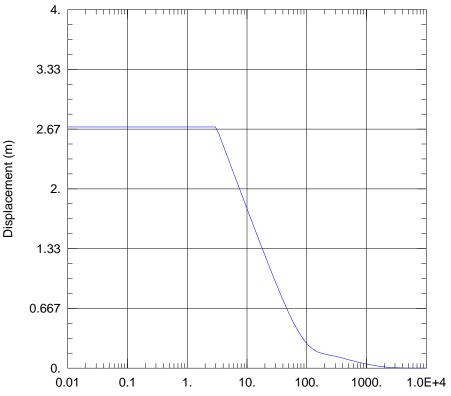
| Pumpi | ng vveiis | | Observation vveils | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|---------|--------------------|--------|---------|--|--|
| Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | | |
| SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | □ SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | | |
| | | | □ SE-2 | 311908 | 5805115 | | |

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Leaky Solution Method: Moench (Case 3)

 $= 6.739 \text{ m}^2/\text{day}$ = 0.0002469 $\frac{1/B'}{1/B''} = \frac{0.04131}{0.04131} \, \text{m}^{-1}$ $\beta'/r = \frac{0.001649}{0.001649} \text{m}^{-1}$ $\beta''/r = \overline{0. m}^{-1}$ $r(w) = \overline{0.06509} m$

Sw = -3.85 $r(c) = \overline{0.05715} \, m$



Radial Distance (m) One Minute Before Turning Pump Off After One-Year Cycle

ONE YEAR FORWARD SOLUTION (5 igpm, 1.36 m3/hr, 2.52 hrs/day)

Data Set: V:\...\anl_SE-1_pumping_test_forward_solution_1.36m3_hour.aqt Date:

<u>09/20/16</u> Time: <u>16:46:47</u>

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: Stantec Consulting. Ltd.

Client: 1842107 Project: 110219790

Location: SW 24--39-27 W4M

Test Well: SE-1

 $r(c) = \overline{0.05715} \, m$

Test Date: 9 Aug 2016

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: 7.62 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 1. Aquitard Thickness (b'): 1. m Aquitard Thickness (b"): 1. m

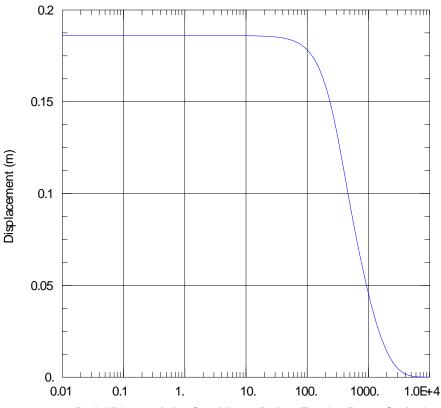
WELL DATA

| Pump | ing Wells | | Observation Wells | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|---------|-------------------|--------|---------|--|--|
| Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | Well Name | X (m) | Y (m) | | |
| SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | □ SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | | |

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Leaky Solution Method: Moench (Case 3)

 $\begin{array}{lll} T &= 6.739 \text{ m}^2/\text{day} & S &= 0.0002469 \\ 1/\text{B'} &= 0.04131 \text{ m}^{-1} & \text{B'/r} &= 0.001649 \text{ m}^{-1} \\ 1/\text{B''} &= 0. \text{ m}^{-1} & \text{B''/r} &= 0.001649 \text{ m}^{-1} \\ \text{Sw} &= -3.85 & \text{r(w)} &= 0.06509 \text{ m} \end{array}$



Radial Distance (m) One Minute Before Turning Pump On for Last Pumping Cycle

ONE YEAR FORWARD SOLUTION

Data Set: V:\...\anl_SE-1_pumping_test_forward_solution_1.36m3_hour.aqt

Date: 09/27/16 Time: 12:03:45

PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: Stantec Consulting. Ltd.

Olient: <u>1842107</u> Project: <u>110219790</u>

Location: SW 24--39-27 W4M

Test Well: SE-1

r(c) = 0.05715 m

Test Date: 9 Aug 2016

AQUIFER DATA

Saturated Thickness: $\underline{7.62}$ m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): $\underline{1}$. Aquitard Thickness (b'): $\underline{1}$. m Aquitard Thickness (b"): $\underline{1}$. m

WELL DATA

| Pumping Wells | | | Observation Wells | | | | |
|---------------|--------|---------|-------------------|--------|---------|--|--|
| Well Name | X (m) | Y(m) | Well Name | X (m) | Y(m) | | |
| SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | □ SE-1 | 311883 | 5805119 | | |

SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Leaky Solution Method: Moench (Case 3)

 $\begin{array}{lll} T &= \underline{6.739} \text{ m}^2/\text{day} & S &= \underline{0.0002469} \\ 1/B' &= \underline{0.04131} \text{ m}^{-1} & B'/r &= \underline{0.001649} \text{ m}^{-1} \\ Sw &= -3.85 & r(w) &= \underline{0.06509} \text{ m} \end{array}$

^{0.06509} m Fig. C-21

Table C-1 Field Parameters

| Date Time M/D/Y HH:MM:SS | Temp C | EC uS | EC mS | Sal ppt | DOsat % | DO mg/L | рН | pH mV | Orp mV |
|--------------------------|--------|-------|-------|---------|---------|---------|-------|--------|--------|
| 08/09/16 11:27:35 | 7.70 | 941 | 0.941 | 0.47 | 1770.2 | 210.57 | 10.44 | -170.6 | -306.3 |
| 08/09/16 12:09:16 | 7.45 | 923 | 0.923 | 0.46 | 301.5 | 36.09 | 10.19 | -157.8 | -239.0 |
| 08/09/16 12:32:31 | 7.38 | 924 | 0.924 | 0.46 | 31.9 | 3.82 | 10.43 | -169.5 | -267.1 |
| 08/09/16 13:06:30 | 9.25 | 880 | 0.880 | 0.44 | 122.4 | | 10.25 | | -226.9 |
| 08/10/16 09:14:02 | 8.21 | 987 | 0.987 | 0.49 | 2.5 | 0.29 | | -172.8 | -277.1 |
| 08/10/16 09:14:17 | 8.16 | 988 | 0.988 | 0.49 | 2.5 | 0.30 | 9.98 | -172.8 | -277.0 |
| 08/10/16 09:15:21 | 8.15 | 987 | 0.987 | 0.49 | 2.5 | 0.30 | | | -279.0 |
| 08/10/16 09:16:29 | 8.07 | 987 | 0.987 | 0.49 | 2.7 | 0.32 | 10.00 | -173.4 | -278.6 |
| 08/10/16 09:29:35 | 8.18 | | | 0.49 | 2.3 | 0.27 | 9.99 | | -283.3 |
| 08/10/16 09:34:44 | 8.20 | 985 | 0.985 | 0.49 | 2.4 | 0.28 | 9.98 | -172.6 | -284.6 |
| 08/10/16 11:00:05 | 8.31 | 985 | 0.985 | 0.49 | 344.6 | 40.38 | 9.80 | -164.9 | -231.5 |
| 08/10/16 11:00:50 | 8.26 | 985 | 0.985 | 0.49 | 69.3 | 8.13 | 9.87 | -168.2 | -245.3 |
| 08/10/16 11:30:50 | 8.32 | 987 | 0.987 | 0.49 | 3.6 | 0.42 | 10.05 | -175.8 | -265.7 |
| 08/10/16 12:05:00 | 8.52 | 987 | 0.987 | 0.49 | 10.5 | 1.22 | 10.00 | -173.5 | -261.1 |
| 08/10/16 12:35:00 | 8.23 | 984 | 0.984 | 0.49 | 2.8 | 0.33 | 10.12 | -178.4 | -261.4 |
| 08/10/16 13:05:00 | 8.28 | 983 | 0.983 | 0.49 | 2.1 | 0.25 | 10.11 | -178.3 | -262.9 |
| 08/10/16 14:02:09 | 8.18 | 988 | 0.988 | 0.49 | 25.4 | 2.98 | 9.99 | -172.9 | -245.6 |
| 08/10/16 14:32:09 | 8.05 | 985 | | 0.49 | 2.7 | 0.32 | | | -253.6 |
| 08/10/16 15:02:09 | 8.18 | 985 | 0.985 | 0.49 | 2.0 | 0.24 | 10.26 | -184.5 | -252.9 |
| 08/10/16 15:04:31 | 8.20 | 985 | 0.985 | 0.49 | 18.7 | 2.20 | 10.24 | -183.4 | -250.8 |
| 08/10/16 15:34:31 | 8.03 | 986 | 0.986 | 0.49 | 1.9 | 0.22 | 10.16 | -180.1 | -256.7 |
| 08/10/16 16:03:25 | 8.26 | 983 | 0.983 | 0.49 | 1.5 | 0.18 | 10.08 | -176.8 | -257.2 |
| 08/10/16 16:03:32 | 8.23 | 984 | 0.984 | 0.49 | 1.6 | 0.19 | 10.09 | -177.2 | -256.1 |
| 08/10/16 16:33:32 | 8.16 | 984 | 0.984 | 0.49 | 1.2 | 0.15 | 10.12 | -178.3 | -253.1 |
| 08/10/16 17:03:32 | 7.91 | 987 | 0.987 | 0.49 | 1.1 | 0.13 | 10.03 | -174.6 | -247.8 |
| 08/10/16 17:14:57 | 8.01 | 985 | 0.985 | 0.49 | 209.1 | 24.68 | 9.92 | -170.0 | -229.8 |
| 08/11/16 07:17:29 | 8.69 | 1001 | 1.001 | 0.50 | 130.1 | 15.10 | 9.74 | -162.8 | -279.4 |
| 08/11/16 08:02:53 | 8.17 | 984 | | 0.49 | 3.1 | 0.37 | 9.63 | -157.8 | |
| 08/11/16 08:32:53 | 8.37 | 983 | 0.983 | 0.49 | 2.2 | 0.25 | 9.57 | -155.4 | -285.3 |
| 08/11/16 09:02:53 | 8.40 | 988 | 0.988 | 0.49 | 1.8 | 0.22 | 9.54 | -154.1 | -290.4 |
| 08/11/16 10:02:08 | 8.60 | 982 | 0.982 | 0.49 | 267.5 | 31.12 | 9.25 | -142.0 | -232.8 |
| 08/11/16 10:32:08 | 8.54 | 979 | | 0.49 | 3.0 | 0.35 | 9.50 | | -290.8 |
| 08/11/16 11:02:08 | 8.68 | | 0.985 | 0.49 | 2.2 | 0.26 | 9.48 | -151.8 | -292.4 |
| 08/11/16 11:02:55 | 8.66 | 987 | 0.987 | 0.49 | 103.8 | 12.06 | 9.45 | -150.4 | -280.0 |
| 08/11/16 11:32:55 | 8.45 | 984 | | 0.49 | 2.1 | 0.25 | 9.51 | -152.8 | |
| 08/11/16 12:02:03 | 8.79 | 986 | | 0.49 | 1.9 | 0.21 | 9.47 | -151.4 | -296.5 |
| 08/11/16 12:32:03 | 8.57 | 984 | | 0.49 | 1.7 | 0.19 | 9.46 | | -300.9 |
| 08/11/16 13:00:21 | 8.92 | 978 | | 0.49 | 1.6 | 0.19 | 9.42 | -149.2 | -299.7 |
| 08/11/16 13:30:21 | 8.43 | 980 | | 0.49 | 1.3 | 0.16 | | | -298.8 |
| 08/11/16 13:59:57 | 8.58 | | | | | | | | |
| 08/11/16 14:29:57 | 8.67 | 985 | | | 1.4 | | | | |
| 08/11/16 14:59:57 | 8.63 | | | 0.49 | | | | | |
| 08/11/16 15:00:59 | 8.67 | 986 | | | | 40.78 | | | -274.0 |
| 08/11/16 15:30:59 | 8.32 | 984 | | 0.49 | 1.7 | 0.19 | | | |
| 08/11/16 16:00:59 | 8.68 | | | 0.49 | 1.3 | 0.16 | | -144.5 | |
| 08/11/16 16:08:19 | 8.69 | | | 0.49 | | 33.58 | | | -253.1 |
| 08/11/16 16:38:19 | 8.60 | | | 0.49 | 2.1 | 0.24 | | -143.0 | |
| 08/11/16 17:08:16 | 8.40 | | | 0.49 | 1.5 | 0.17 | _ | -144.4 | |
| 08/11/16 17:37:41 | 8.13 | | | 0.49 | 1.3 | | | -148.9 | |
| 08/12/16 08:14:01 | 8.27 | 935 | | 0.46 | 21.1 | 2.48 | | -154.1 | -297.8 |
| 08/12/16 08:43:59 | 8.26 | | | | | 0.36 | | -164.4 | -290.3 |
| 08/12/16 09:07:49 | 8.22 | 931 | 0.931 | 0.46 | 6.0 | 0.70 | 9.77 | -162.8 | -286.3 |

APPENDIX D GROUNDWATER SAMPLING PROTOCOLS

APPENDIX D GROUNDWATER SAMPLING PROTOCOLS

Groundwater Sampling

Groundwater samples were collected near the end of the pumping test of well SE-1 after approximately 4,300 minutes (71.67 hours) continuous pumping on August 12, 2016. The following procedures were followed during sampling of the projected concrete plant as part of this project.

- A YSI multiparameter water quality probe was rented from Pine-Environmental (Pine) for use during the pumping test. This instrument was fully calibrated by Pine using factory calibration solutions prior to being acquired for use on site.
- Throughout the pumping test, groundwater quality parameters were measured at varying
 intervals using the YSI probe and a flow through cell. The parameters measured included
 pH, electrical conductivity, redox potential (ORP), dissolved oxygen and temperature. A set
 of measurements were conducted immediately prior to the collection of groundwater
 samples.
- Sample bottles were rinsed with formation water prior to sample collection.
- Sterilized nitrile gloves were worn during sampling to minimize the risk of sample contamination
- Groundwater samples were collected into designated HDPE plastic, glass bottles and were stored in a cooler on ice until submission to the laboratory.
- Upon completion of sampling all equipment was thoroughly rinsed with distilled water.
- Samples were promptly delivered to the Maxxam Analytics Laboratory (Edmonton, Alberta) for regular turnaround analysis.

Quality Assurance/Quality Control

Quality assurance/quality control procedures included:

- thorough rinsing with distilled water of all equipment entering a well or in contact with the pumped water (e.g. datalogger, water level probe, and YSI);
- use of disposable, nitrile gloves, which were discarded between samples;
- use of sample containers provided by the laboratory;
- labelling of samples with company name, project number, sample number, date, and sampler initials;
- collecting of duplicate samples;
- storing of samples in ice chests cooled to approximately 4°C and transportation to the laboratory within 24 hours of collection;
- documentation of sample handling, transport, and delivery to the laboratory using appropriate chain-of-custody procedures and documentation; and
- data tracking and management.



APPENDIX E ANALYTICAL RESULTS

Table E-1 Summary of Groundwater Analytical Results Hydrogeological Supply Evaluation 1842107 Alberta Ltd.

| Sample Location Sample Date Sample ID Sampling Company Laboratory Laboratory Work Order | | | 12-Aug-16 SE-1 STANTEC MAXX B667918 | SE-1 12-Aug-16 SE-1-END STANTEC MAXX B667918 | | 12-Aug-16 SE-1-END Lab Dup STANTEC MAXX B667918 |
|--|--------------|---|---|--|--------------|--|
| Laboratory Sample ID | | | PG2321 | PG2320 | RPD | PG2320 |
| Sample Type | Units | Health Canada | | Field Duplicate | (%) | Lab Replicate |
| General Chemistry | | | | | | |
| Alkalinity (P as CaCO3) | mg/L | n/v | 37 | 36 | 3 % | - |
| Alkalinity, Bicarbonate (as CaCO3) | mg/L | n/v | 490 | 490 | 0 % | - |
| Alkalinity, Carbonate (as CaCO3) | mg/L | n/v | 45 | 43 | 5 % | - |
| Alkalinity, Hydroxide (as CaCO3) Alkalinity, Total (as CaCO3) | mg/L mg/L | n/v n/v | <0.50 480 | <0.50 470 | nc 2 % | - |
| Anion Sum | meq/L | n/v | 10 | 10 | nc | - |
| Cation Sum | meq/L | n/v | 9.5 | 9.6 | nc | - |
| Chloride Color, True | mg/L TCU | ≤250 ^A n/v | 2.3 2.0 | 2.3 | nc nc | - |
| lectrical Conductivity, Lab | μS/cm | n/v | 920 | 920 | 0 % | - |
| luoride | mg/L | 1.5 ^B | 3.1 ^B | 3.0 ^B | 3 % | - |
| Hardness (as CaCO3) Hydrogen Sulfide | mg/L mg/L | n/v n/v | 3.1 1.0 | 2.8 1.1 | 10 % 10 % | - |
| on Balance | none | n/v | 0.93 | 0.95 | 2 % | - |
| Vitrate | mg/L | 45 ^B | < 0.044 | <0.044 | nc | - |
| Vitrate (as N) Vitrate + Nitrite (as N) | mg/L mg/L | 10 ⁸ n/v | <0.010 <0.020 | <0.010 <0.020 | nc nc | - |
| Vitrite | mg/L | 3 ^B | <0.020 | <0.020 | nc | - |
| Nitrite (as N) | mg/L | 1 ^B | <0.010 | <0.010 | nc | - |
| DH Culfata | S.U. | 6.5-8.5 ^A | 9.08 ^A | 9.07 ^A | nc | - |
| Sulfate Sulfide | mg/L mg/L | ≤500 _j ^A n/v | 21 0.94 CD | 21 0.99 CD | 0 % 5 % | |
| Total Dissolved Solids | mg/L | ≤500 ^A | 530 ^A | 530 ^A | 0 % | - |
| Furbidity, Lab | ntu mg/l | ≤0.3/1.0/0.1 ^C | 0.14 | 0.14 | nc 4.9/ | - |
| Ammonia (as N) Phosphorus, Total | mg/L mg/L | n/v n/v | 0.27 0.036 | 0.26 0.038 | 4 % 5 % | - |
| Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen | mg/L | n/v | 0.34 | 0.34 | 0 % | - |
| Metals, dissolved | | | | | | |
| Aluminum Antimony | mg/L mg/L | 0.1/0.2 _a ^A 0.006 ^B | 0.0061 <0.00060 | 0.0065 <0.00060 | nc nc | - |
| Arsenic | mg/L | 0.008 0.010 ^B | 0.00042 | 0.00046 | nc | - |
| Barium | mg/L | 1.0 ^B | 0.042 | 0.042 | nc | 0.042 |
| Beryllium | mg/L | n/v | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | nc | - 0.50 |
| Boron Cadmium | mg/L mg/L | 5 ^B 0.005 ^B | 0.50 <0.000020 | 0.50 <0.000020 | 0 % nc | 0.50 |
| Calcium | mg/L | n/v | 1.3 MD | 1.1 | nc | 1.1 |
| Chromium | mg/L | 0.05 ^B | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | nc | - |
| Cobalt Copper | mg/L mg/L | n/v ≤1.0 ^A | <0.00030 <0.00020 | <0.00030 <0.00020 | nc nc | - |
| ron | mg/L | ≤0.3 ^A | <0.060 | <0.060 | nc | <0.060 |
| Lead | mg/L | 0.010 ^B | <0.00020 | <0.00020 | nc | - |
| Lithium Magnesium | mg/L mg/L | n/v n/v | 0.027 <0.20 | 0.027 <0.20 | nc nc | 0.026 <0.20 |
| Vlagnesium | mg/L | ≤0.05 ^A | <0.20 | <0.20 | nc | <0.20 |
| Mercury | μg/L | 1 ^B | 0.0052 | 0.011 | nc | - |
| Molybdenum | mg/L | n/v | 0.0022 | 0.0023 | 4 % | - |
| Nickel Phosphorus | mg/L mg/L | n/v n/v | <0.00050 <0.10 | <0.00050 <0.10 | nc nc | <0.10 |
| Potassium | mg/L | n/v | 0.52 MD | 0.53 MD | nc | 0.51 |
| Selenium | mg/L | 0.05 ^B | 0.0091 RD | 0.0075 RD | 19 % | - |
| Silicon Silver | mg/L mg/L | n/v n/v | 3.3 <0.00010 | 3.3 <0.00010 | 0 % nc | 3.3 |
| Sodium | mg/L | ≤200 ^A | 220 ^A | 220 ^A | 0 % | 210 ^A |
| Strontium | mg/L | n/v | 0.035 MD | 0.035 MD | nc | 0.034 |
| Sulfur Thallium | mg/L mg/L | n/v n/v | 19 RD | 19 RD <0.00020 | 0 % nc | 19 |
| fin | mg/L | n/v | <0.00020 <0.0010 | <0.00020 | nc | - |
| litanium | mg/L | n/v | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | nc | - |
| Jranium Janadium | mg/L | 0.02 ^B | <0.00010 | <0.00010 | nc | - |
| Vanadium Zinc | mg/L mg/L | n/v ≤5.0 ^A | <0.0010 <0.0030 | <0.0010 <0.0030 | nc nc | |
| Metals, total | | ' | | | | ' |
| Aluminum | mg/L | 0.1/0.2 _a ^A | 0.015 | 0.015 | 0 % | - |
| Antimony Arsenic | mg/L mg/L | 0.006 ^B 0.010 ^B | <0.00060 0.00044 | <0.00060 0.00047 | nc nc | |
| Barium | mg/L | 1.0 ^B | 0.0044 | 0.043 | nc | - |
| Beryllium | mg/L | n/v | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | nc | - |
| Boron Cadmium | mg/L mg/L | 5 ^B 0.005 ^B | 0.51 <0.000020 | 0.51 <0.000020 | 0 % nc | - |
| Calcium | mg/L | 0.005 n/v | 1.1 | 1.2 | nc | |
| Chromium | mg/L | 0.05 ^B | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | nc | - |
| Cobalt Copper | mg/L mg/L | n/v ≤1.0 ^A | <0.00030 <0.00020 | <0.00030 0.00088 | nc nc | - |
| opper ron | mg/L mg/L | ≤1.0° ≤0.3 ^A | <0.00020 | <0.060 | nc nc | - |
| ead | mg/L | 0.010 ^B | <0.00020 | <0.00020 | nc | - |
| ithium Magnesium | mg/L | n/v n/v | 0.027 | 0.028 <0.20 | nc | - |
| Magnesium Manganese | mg/L mg/L | n/v ≤0.05 ^A | <0.20 <0.0040 | <0.20 <0.0040 | nc nc | . |
| Mercury | μg/L | 1 ^B | <0.0020 | 0.0022 | nc | 0.0021 |
| Molybdenum | mg/L | n/v | 0.0024 | 0.0025 | 4 % | - |
| Nickel Phosphorus | mg/L mg/L | n/v n/v | <0.00050 <0.10 | <0.00050 <0.10 | nc nc | |
| Potassium | mg/L | n/v | 0.50 | 0.52 | nc | - |
| Selenium | mg/L | 0.05 ^B | <0.00020 | <0.00020 | nc | - |
| Silicon Silver | mg/L mg/L | n/v n/v | 3.3 <0.00010 | 3.3 <0.00010 | 0 % nc | |
| Sodium | mg/L | ≤200 ^A | 220 ^A | 220 ^A | 0 % | - |
| Strontium | mg/L | n/v | 0.034 | 0.034 | nc | - |
| Gulfur Thallium | mg/L | n/v n/v | 6.6 <0.00020 | 6.6 <0.00020 | 0 % | - |
| inallium Tin | mg/L mg/L | n/v n/v | <0.00020 | <0.00020 | nc nc | - |
| Titanium | mg/L | n/v | 0.0013 | 0.0021 | nc | - |
| Jranium Vanadium | mg/L | 0.02 ^B | <0.00010 | <0.00010 | nc | - |
| /anadium linc | mg/L mg/L | n/v ≤5.0 ^A | <0.0010 <0.0030 | <0.0010 <0.0030 | nc nc | . |
| | , J | | | | | |
| Microbiological Analysis | | | | | | |

Table 3 **Summary of Groundwater Analytical Results** Hydrogeological Supply Evaluation 1842107 Alberta Ltd.

Notes:

Health Canada Health Canada (2014). Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality - Summary Table. Water and Air Quality Bureau, Healthy Environments and Consumer Safety Branch, Health Canada, Ottawa, Ontario, Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality - Aesthetic Objectives/ Operational Guidelines

Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality - Maximum Acceptable Concentration

Guidelines for Canadian Drinking Water Quality - Microbial Parameters

6.5^A Concentration exceeds the indicated standard.

15.2 Measured concentration did not exceed the indicated standard.

<0.50 Laboratory reporting limit was greater than the applicable standard.

< 0.03 Analyte was not detected at a concentration greater than the laboratory reporting limit.

No standard/guideline value. n/v

Parameter not analyzed / not available.

This is an operational guidance value, designed to apply only to drinking water treatment plants using aluminum-based coagulants; it does not apply to naturally occuring aluminum found in groundwater. The operational guidance values of 0.1 mg/L applies to conventional treatment plants, and 0.2 mg/L applies to other types

High levels (above 500 mg/L) can cause physiological effects such as diarrhoea or dehyrdration.

Detection limits raised due to dilution to bring analyte within the calibrated range. CD

MD Dissolved greater than total. Results are within limits of uncertainty. RD Dissolved greater than total. Reanalysis yields similar results.

RPD

RPD is not calculated if one or more values is non detect or if one or more values is less than five times the reportable detection limit. nc





Your Project #: 110219790 Site Location: BURBANK Your C.O.C. #: M17506

Attention: CHRISTIAN NAGELI

STANTEC CONSULTING LTD 10160-112 STREET EDMONTON, AB CANADA T5K 2L6

Report Date: 2016/08/21

Report #: R2242795 Version: 1 - Final

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

MAXXAM JOB #: B667918 Received: 2016/08/12, 17:20

Sample Matrix: Water # Samples Received: 2

| | | Date | Date | | |
|--|----------|------------|------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Analyses | Quantity | Extracted | Analyzed | Laboratory Method | Analytical Method |
| Alkalinity @25C (pp, total), CO3,HCO3,OH | 2 | N/A | 2016/08/15 | AB SOP-00005 | SM 22 2320 B m |
| Chloride by Automated Colourimetry | 2 | N/A | 2016/08/17 | AB SOP-00020 | SM 22 4500-Cl G m |
| True Colour | 1 | N/A | 2016/08/13 | EENVSOP-00065 | SM 22 2120 C m |
| True Colour | 1 | N/A | 2016/08/20 | EENVSOP-00065 | SM 22 2120 C m |
| Total Coliforms and E.Coli | 2 | 2016/08/13 | 2016/08/14 | EENVSOP-00162 | SM 22 9223 A,B m |
| Conductivity @25C | 2 | N/A | 2016/08/15 | AB SOP-00005 | SM 22 2510 B m |
| Fluoride | 2 | N/A | 2016/08/15 | AB SOP-00005 | SM 22 4500-F C m |
| Sulphide (as H2S) | 2 | N/A | 2016/08/15 | AB WI-00065 | Auto Calc |
| Hardness | 2 | N/A | 2016/08/15 | AB WI-00065 | Auto Calc |
| Mercury - Low Level (Dissolved) | 2 | 2016/08/17 | 2016/08/17 | EENVSOP-00031 | EPA 1631E/245.1 R3 m |
| Mercury - Low Level (Total) | 2 | 2016/08/17 | 2016/08/17 | EENVSOP-00031 | EPA 1631E/245.1 R3 m |
| Elements by ICP - Dissolved | 2 | N/A | 2016/08/14 | AB SOP-00042 | EPA 200.7 CFR 2012 m |
| Elements by ICP - Total | 2 | 2016/08/14 | 2016/08/14 | AB SOP-00014 / AB SOP- | EPA 200.7 CFR 2012 m |
| | | | | 00042 | |
| Elements by ICPMS - Dissolved | 2 | N/A | | AB SOP-00043 | EPA 200.8 R5.4 m |
| Elements by ICPMS - Total | 2 | 2016/08/14 | 2016/08/14 | AB SOP-00014 / AB SOP- | EPA 200.8 R5.4 m |
| | | _ | | 00043 | |
| Ion Balance | 2 | N/A | | AB WI-00065 | Auto Calc |
| Sum of cations, anions | 2 | N/A | | AB WI-00065 | Auto Calc |
| Ammonia-N (Total) | 2 | N/A | | AB SOP-00007 | EPA 350.1 R2.0 m |
| Nitrate and Nitrite | 2 | N/A | 2016/08/16 | AB WI-00065 | Auto Calc |
| Nitrate + Nitrite-N (calculated) | 2 | N/A | 2016/08/16 | AB WI-00065 | Auto Calc |
| Nitrogen, (Nitrite, Nitrate) by IC | 2 | N/A | 2016/08/15 | AB SOP-00023 | SM 22 4110 B m |
| pH @25°C | 2 | N/A | 2016/08/15 | AB SOP-00005 | SM 22 4500 H+ B m |
| Sulphide | 2 | N/A | 2016/08/15 | EENVSOP-00096 | SM 22 4500-S2 D m |
| Sulphate by Automated Colourimetry | 2 | N/A | 2016/08/17 | AB SOP-00018 | SM 22 4500-SO4 E m |
| Total Dissolved Solids (Calculated) | 2 | N/A | 2016/08/17 | AB WI-00065 | Auto Calc |
| Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen | 2 | 2016/08/17 | 2016/08/18 | AB SOP-00008 | EPA 351.1 R 1978 m |
| Total Phosphorus | 2 | 2016/08/16 | 2016/08/17 | AB SOP-00024 | SM 22 4500-P A,B,F m |
| Turbidity | 2 | N/A | 2016/08/15 | EENVSOP-00066 | SM 22 2130 B m |



Your Project #: 110219790 Site Location: BURBANK Your C.O.C. #: M17506

Attention: CHRISTIAN NAGELI

STANTEC CONSULTING LTD 10160-112 STREET EDMONTON, AB CANADA T5K 2L6

Report Date: 2016/08/21

Report #: R2242795 Version: 1 - Final

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

MAXXAM JOB #: B667918 Received: 2016/08/12, 17:20

Reference Method suffix "m" indicates test methods incorporate validated modifications from specific reference methods to improve performance.

* RPDs calculated using raw data. The rounding of final results may result in the apparent difference.

Encryption Key

Please direct all questions regarding this Certificate of Analysis to your Project Manager. Wendy Sears, Project manager Email: WSears@maxxam.ca Phone# (403)735-2277

Maxxam has procedures in place to guard against improper use of the electronic signature and have the required "signatories", as per section 5.10.2 of ISO/IEC 17025:2005(E), signing the reports. For Service Group specific validation please refer to the Validation Signature Page.



STANTEC CONSULTING LTD Client Project #: 110219790 Site Location: BURBANK

Sampler Initials: SS

ROUTINE WATER & DISS. REGULATED METALS (WATER)

| | | | | | 1 | |
|-----------------------------------|-------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------|----------|
| Maxxam ID | | PG2320 | PG2320 | PG2321 | | |
| Sampling Date | | 2016/08/12 08:40 | 2016/08/12 08:40 | 2016/08/12 08:50 | | |
| COC Number | | M17506 | M17506 | M17506 | | |
| | UNITS | SE-1-END | SE-1-END Lab-Dup | SE-1 | RDL | QC Batch |
| Calculated Parameters | | | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | <u></u> |
| Anion Sum | meq/L | 10 | N/A | 10 | N/A | 8361810 |
| Cation Sum | meq/L | 9.6 | N/A | 9.5 | N/A | 8361810 |
| Hardness (CaCO3) | mg/L | 2.8 | N/A | 3.1 | 0.50 | 8361808 |
| Ion Balance | N/A | 0.95 | N/A | 0.93 | 0.010 | 8361809 |
| Dissolved Nitrate (NO3) | mg/L | <0.044 | N/A | <0.044 | 0.044 | 8361811 |
| Nitrate plus Nitrite (N) | mg/L | <0.020 | N/A | <0.020 | 0.020 | 8361812 |
| Dissolved Nitrite (NO2) | mg/L | <0.033 | N/A | <0.033 | 0.033 | 8361811 |
| Calculated Total Dissolved Solids | mg/L | 530 | N/A | 530 | 10 | 8361813 |
| Misc. Inorganics | | | | | | |
| Conductivity | uS/cm | 920 | N/A | 920 | 1.0 | 8363623 |
| рН | рН | 9.07 | N/A | 9.08 | N/A | 8363612 |
| Anions | | | | | | |
| Alkalinity (PP as CaCO3) | mg/L | 36 | N/A | 37 | 0.50 | 8363622 |
| Alkalinity (Total as CaCO3) | mg/L | 470 | N/A | 480 | 0.50 | 8363622 |
| Bicarbonate (HCO3) | mg/L | 490 | N/A | 490 | 0.50 | 8363622 |
| Carbonate (CO3) | mg/L | 43 | N/A | 45 | 0.50 | 8363622 |
| Hydroxide (OH) | mg/L | <0.50 | N/A | <0.50 | 0.50 | 8363622 |
| Dissolved Sulphate (SO4) | mg/L | 21 | N/A | 21 | 1.0 | 8363818 |
| Dissolved Chloride (CI) | mg/L | 2.3 | N/A | 2.3 | 1.0 | 8363814 |
| Nutrients | | | • | | • | • |
| Dissolved Nitrite (N) | mg/L | <0.010 | N/A | <0.010 | 0.010 | 8362515 |
| Dissolved Nitrate (N) | mg/L | <0.010 | N/A | <0.010 | 0.010 | 8362515 |
| Elements | | | | | | |
| Dissolved Aluminum (AI) | mg/L | 0.0065 | N/A | 0.0061 | 0.0030 | 8362555 |
| Dissolved Antimony (Sb) | mg/L | <0.00060 | N/A | <0.00060 | 0.00060 | 8362555 |
| Dissolved Arsenic (As) | mg/L | 0.00046 | N/A | 0.00042 | 0.00020 | 8362555 |
| Dissolved Barium (Ba) | mg/L | 0.042 | 0.042 | 0.042 | 0.010 | 8362563 |
| Dissolved Beryllium (Be) | mg/L | <0.0010 | N/A | <0.0010 | 0.0010 | 8362555 |
| Dissolved Boron (B) | mg/L | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.020 | 8362563 |
| Dissolved Cadmium (Cd) | mg/L | <0.000020 | N/A | <0.000020 | 0.000020 | 8362555 |
| RDL = Reportable Detection Limit | | | | | | |

RDL = Reportable Detection Limit

Lab-Dup = Laboratory Initiated Duplicate

N/A = Not Applicable



STANTEC CONSULTING LTD Client Project #: 110219790 Site Location: BURBANK

Sampler Initials: SS

ROUTINE WATER & DISS. REGULATED METALS (WATER)

| Maxxam ID | | PG2320 | PG2320 | PG2321 | | |
|---------------------------|-------|------------|---------------------|------------|---------|----------|
| Sampling Date | | 2016/08/12 | 2016/08/12 | 2016/08/12 | | |
| Jumpung Dute | | 08:40 | 08:40 | 08:50 | | |
| COC Number | | M17506 | M17506 | M17506 | | |
| | UNITS | SE-1-END | SE-1-END Lab-Dup | SE-1 | RDL | QC Batch |
| Dissolved Calcium (Ca) | mg/L | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.3 (1) | 0.30 | 8362563 |
| Dissolved Chromium (Cr) | mg/L | <0.0010 | N/A | <0.0010 | 0.0010 | 8362555 |
| Dissolved Cobalt (Co) | mg/L | <0.00030 | N/A | <0.00030 | 0.00030 | 8362555 |
| Dissolved Copper (Cu) | mg/L | <0.00020 | N/A | <0.00020 | 0.00020 | 8362555 |
| Dissolved Iron (Fe) | mg/L | <0.060 | <0.060 | <0.060 | 0.060 | 8362563 |
| Dissolved Lead (Pb) | mg/L | <0.00020 | N/A | <0.00020 | 0.00020 | 8362555 |
| Dissolved Lithium (Li) | mg/L | 0.027 | 0.026 | 0.027 | 0.020 | 8362563 |
| Dissolved Magnesium (Mg) | mg/L | <0.20 | <0.20 | <0.20 | 0.20 | 8362563 |
| Dissolved Manganese (Mn) | mg/L | <0.0040 | <0.0040 | <0.0040 | 0.0040 | 8362563 |
| Dissolved Molybdenum (Mo) | mg/L | 0.0023 | N/A | 0.0022 | 0.00020 | 8362555 |
| Dissolved Nickel (Ni) | mg/L | <0.00050 | N/A | <0.00050 | 0.00050 | 8362555 |
| Dissolved Phosphorus (P) | mg/L | <0.10 | <0.10 | <0.10 | 0.10 | 8362563 |
| Dissolved Potassium (K) | mg/L | 0.53 (1) | 0.51 | 0.52 (1) | 0.30 | 8362563 |
| Dissolved Selenium (Se) | mg/L | 0.0075 (2) | N/A | 0.0091 (2) | 0.00020 | 8362555 |
| Dissolved Silicon (Si) | mg/L | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 0.10 | 8362563 |
| Dissolved Silver (Ag) | mg/L | <0.00010 | N/A | <0.00010 | 0.00010 | 8362555 |
| Dissolved Sodium (Na) | mg/L | 220 | 210 | 220 | 0.50 | 8362563 |
| Dissolved Strontium (Sr) | mg/L | 0.035 (1) | 0.034 | 0.035 (1) | 0.020 | 8362563 |
| Dissolved Sulphur (S) | mg/L | 19 (2) | 19 | 19 (2) | 0.20 | 8362563 |
| Dissolved Thallium (TI) | mg/L | <0.00020 | N/A | <0.00020 | 0.00020 | 8362555 |
| Dissolved Tin (Sn) | mg/L | <0.0010 | N/A | <0.0010 | 0.0010 | 8362555 |
| Dissolved Titanium (Ti) | mg/L | <0.0010 | N/A | <0.0010 | 0.0010 | 8362555 |
| Dissolved Uranium (U) | mg/L | <0.00010 | N/A | <0.00010 | 0.00010 | 8362555 |
| Dissolved Vanadium (V) | mg/L | <0.0010 | N/A | <0.0010 | 0.0010 | 8362555 |
| Dissolved Zinc (Zn) | mg/L | <0.0030 | N/A | <0.0030 | 0.0030 | 8362555 |

RDL = Reportable Detection Limit

Lab-Dup = Laboratory Initiated Duplicate

N/A = Not Applicable

- (1) Dissolved greater than total. Results are within limits of uncertainty(MU).
- (2) Dissolved greater than total. Reanalysis yields similar results.



STANTEC CONSULTING LTD Client Project #: 110219790 Site Location: BURBANK

Sampler Initials: SS

REGULATED METALS (CCME/AT1) - TOTAL

| Maxxam ID | | PG2320 | PG2321 | | |
|----------------------------|-------|------------|------------|----------|----------|
| Sampling Date | | 2016/08/12 | 2016/08/12 | | |
| | | 08:40 | 08:50 | | |
| COC Number | | M17506 | M17506 | | |
| | UNITS | SE-1-END | SE-1 | RDL | QC Batch |
| Elements | | | | | |
| Total Aluminum (AI) | mg/L | 0.015 | 0.015 | 0.0030 | 8362391 |
| Total Antimony (Sb) | mg/L | <0.00060 | <0.00060 | 0.00060 | 8362391 |
| Total Arsenic (As) | mg/L | 0.00047 | 0.00044 | 0.00020 | 8362391 |
| Total Barium (Ba) | mg/L | 0.043 | 0.044 | 0.010 | 8362390 |
| Total Beryllium (Be) | mg/L | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | 0.0010 | 8362391 |
| Total Boron (B) | mg/L | 0.51 | 0.51 | 0.020 | 8362390 |
| Total Cadmium (Cd) | mg/L | <0.000020 | <0.000020 | 0.000020 | 8362391 |
| Total Calcium (Ca) | mg/L | 1.2 | 1.1 | 0.30 | 8362390 |
| Total Chromium (Cr) | mg/L | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | 0.0010 | 8362391 |
| Total Cobalt (Co) | mg/L | <0.00030 | <0.00030 | 0.00030 | 8362391 |
| Total Copper (Cu) | mg/L | 0.00088 | <0.00020 | 0.00020 | 8362391 |
| Total Iron (Fe) | mg/L | <0.060 | <0.060 | 0.060 | 8362390 |
| Total Lead (Pb) | mg/L | <0.00020 | <0.00020 | 0.00020 | 8362391 |
| Total Lithium (Li) | mg/L | 0.028 | 0.027 | 0.020 | 8362390 |
| Total Magnesium (Mg) | mg/L | <0.20 | <0.20 | 0.20 | 8362390 |
| Total Manganese (Mn) | mg/L | <0.0040 | <0.0040 | 0.0040 | 8362390 |
| Total Molybdenum (Mo) | mg/L | 0.0025 | 0.0024 | 0.00020 | 8362391 |
| Total Nickel (Ni) | mg/L | <0.00050 | <0.00050 | 0.00050 | 8362391 |
| Total Phosphorus (P) | mg/L | <0.10 | <0.10 | 0.10 | 8362390 |
| Total Potassium (K) | mg/L | 0.52 | 0.50 | 0.30 | 8362390 |
| Total Selenium (Se) | mg/L | <0.00020 | <0.00020 | 0.00020 | 8362391 |
| Total Silicon (Si) | mg/L | 3.3 | 3.3 | 0.10 | 8362390 |
| Total Silver (Ag) | mg/L | <0.00010 | <0.00010 | 0.00010 | 8362391 |
| Total Sodium (Na) | mg/L | 220 | 220 | 0.50 | 8362390 |
| Total Strontium (Sr) | mg/L | 0.034 | 0.034 | 0.020 | 8362390 |
| Total Sulphur (S) | mg/L | 6.6 | 6.6 | 0.20 | 8362390 |
| Total Thallium (TI) | mg/L | <0.00020 | <0.00020 | 0.00020 | 8362391 |
| Total Tin (Sn) | mg/L | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | 0.0010 | 8362391 |
| Total Titanium (Ti) | mg/L | 0.0021 | 0.0013 | 0.0010 | 8362391 |
| Total Uranium (U) | mg/L | <0.00010 | <0.00010 | 0.00010 | 8362391 |
| Total Vanadium (V) | mg/L | <0.0010 | <0.0010 | 0.0010 | 8362391 |
| RDL = Reportable Detection | Limit | | • | • | - |



STANTEC CONSULTING LTD Client Project #: 110219790 Site Location: BURBANK

Sampler Initials: SS

REGULATED METALS (CCME/AT1) - TOTAL

| Maxxam ID | | PG2320 | PG2321 | | |
|------------------------------|-------|---------------------|---------------------|--------|----------|
| Sampling Date | | 2016/08/12 08:40 | 2016/08/12 08:50 | | |
| COC Number | | M17506 | M17506 | | |
| | UNITS | SE-1-END | SE-1 | RDL | QC Batch |
| Total Zinc (Zn) | mg/L | <0.0030 | <0.0030 | 0.0030 | 8362391 |
| RDL = Reportable Detection L | imit | | | | • |



STANTEC CONSULTING LTD Client Project #: 110219790 Site Location: BURBANK

Sampler Initials: SS

RESULTS OF CHEMICAL ANALYSES OF WATER

| Maxxam ID | | PG2320 | | PG2321 | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------|---------------------|--------|----------|
| Sampling Date | | 2016/08/12 08:40 | | 2016/08/12 08:50 | | |
| COC Number | | M17506 | | M17506 | | |
| | UNITS | SE-1-END | QC Batch | SE-1 | RDL | QC Batch |
| Calculated Parameters | | | | | | |
| Sulphide (as H2S) | mg/L | 1.1 | 8361807 | 1.0 | 0.0040 | 8361807 |
| Anions | • | | | | | |
| Dissolved Fluoride (F) | mg/L | 3.0 | 8363624 | 3.1 | 0.050 | 8363624 |
| Sulphide | mg/L | 0.99 (1) | 8363075 | 0.94 (1) | 0.0038 | 8363075 |
| Microbiological Param. | | | | | | |
| E.Coli DST | mpn/100mL | <1.0 | 8361794 | <1.0 | 1.0 | 8361794 |
| Total Coliforms DST | mpn/100mL | 2.0 | 8361794 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 8361794 |
| Nutrients | | | | | | |
| Total Ammonia (N) | mg/L | 0.26 | 8363192 | 0.27 | 0.050 | 8363192 |
| Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen | mg/L | 0.34 | 8366237 | 0.34 | 0.050 | 8366237 |
| Total Phosphorus (P) | mg/L | 0.038 | 8364537 | 0.036 | 0.0030 | 8364537 |
| Physical Properties | | | | | | |
| True Colour | PtCo units | 2.0 | 8362222 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 8370668 |
| Physical Properties | | | | | | |
| Turbidity | NTU | 0.14 | 8363079 | 0.14 | 0.10 | 8363079 |
| RDL = Reportable Detection | Limit | | | | • | |
| (1) Detection limits raised d | ue to dilution to | bring analyte | e within the | e calibrated ra | inge. | |



STANTEC CONSULTING LTD Client Project #: 110219790 Site Location: BURBANK

Sampler Initials: SS

ELEMENTS BY ATOMIC SPECTROSCOPY (WATER)

| Maxxam ID | | PG2320 | PG2320 | PG2321 | | |
|------------------------|-------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------|----------|
| Sampling Date | | 2016/08/12 08:40 | 2016/08/12 08:40 | 2016/08/12 08:50 | | |
| COC Number | | M17506 | M17506 | M17506 | | |
| | UNITS | SE-1-END | SE-1-END Lab-Dup | SE-1 | RDL | QC Batch |
| Low Level Elements | | | | | | |
| Dissolved Mercury (Hg) | ug/L | 0.011 | N/A | 0.0052 | 0.0020 | 8365831 |
| Total Mercury (Hg) | ug/L | 0.0022 | 0.0021 | <0.0020 | 0.0020 | 8365833 |

RDL = Reportable Detection Limit

Lab-Dup = Laboratory Initiated Duplicate

N/A = Not Applicable



STANTEC CONSULTING LTD Client Project #: 110219790 Site Location: BURBANK

Sampler Initials: SS

GENERAL COMMENTS

| Each te | emperature is the | average of up to t | hree cooler temperatures taken at receipt |
|---------|---------------------|--------------------|---|
| | Package 1 | 6.0°C | |
| | | | |
| Result | s relate only to th | e items tested. | |



STANTEC CONSULTING LTD Client Project #: 110219790 Site Location: BURBANK Sampler Initials: SS

QUALITY ASSURANCE REPORT

| QA/QC | | | | Date | | | | |
|---------|------|--------------------------|----------------------|------------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| Batch | Init | QC Type | Parameter | Analyzed | Value | Recovery | UNITS | QC Limits |
| 8361794 | MHD | Method Blank | E.Coli DST | 2016/08/14 | <1.0 | • | mpn/100 | |
| | | | Total Coliforms DST | 2016/08/14 | <1.0 | | mpn/100 | |
| 8361794 | MHD | RPD | E.Coli DST | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | N/A |
| | | | Total Coliforms DST | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | N/A |
| 8362222 | KPG | Spiked Blank | True Colour | 2016/08/13 | | 101 | % | 80 - 120 |
| 8362222 | KPG | Method Blank | True Colour | 2016/08/13 | <2.0 | | PtCo unit | İ |
| 8362222 | KPG | RPD | True Colour | 2016/08/13 | NC | | % | 20 |
| 8362390 | CJ5 | Matrix Spike [PG2321-05] | Total Barium (Ba) | 2016/08/14 | | 94 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | , - | Total Boron (B) | 2016/08/14 | | 107 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Calcium (Ca) | 2016/08/14 | | 100 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Iron (Fe) | 2016/08/14 | | 104 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Lithium (Li) | 2016/08/14 | | 100 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Magnesium (Mg) | 2016/08/14 | | 100 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Manganese (Mn) | 2016/08/14 | | 98 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Phosphorus (P) | 2016/08/14 | | 94 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Potassium (K) | 2016/08/14 | | 105 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Silicon (Si) | 2016/08/14 | | 99 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Sodium (Na) | 2016/08/14 | | NC | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Strontium (Sr) | 2016/08/14 | | 94 | % | 80 - 120 |
| 8362390 | CJ5 | Spiked Blank | Total Barium (Ba) | 2016/08/14 | | 96 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | • | Total Boron (B) | 2016/08/14 | | 106 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Calcium (Ca) | 2016/08/14 | | 101 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Iron (Fe) | 2016/08/14 | | 106 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Lithium (Li) | 2016/08/14 | | 102 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Magnesium (Mg) | 2016/08/14 | | 103 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Manganese (Mn) | 2016/08/14 | | 99 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Phosphorus (P) | 2016/08/14 | | 95 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Potassium (K) | 2016/08/14 | | 106 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Silicon (Si) | 2016/08/14 | | 101 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Sodium (Na) | 2016/08/14 | | 102 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Strontium (Sr) | 2016/08/14 | | 96 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Sulphur (S) | 2016/08/14 | | 101 | % | 80 - 120 |
| 8362390 | CJ5 | Method Blank | Total Barium (Ba) | 2016/08/14 | < 0.010 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Boron (B) | 2016/08/14 | <0.020 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Calcium (Ca) | 2016/08/14 | < 0.30 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Iron (Fe) | 2016/08/14 | < 0.060 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Lithium (Li) | 2016/08/14 | <0.020 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Magnesium (Mg) | 2016/08/14 | < 0.20 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Manganese (Mn) | 2016/08/14 | < 0.0040 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Phosphorus (P) | 2016/08/14 | < 0.10 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Potassium (K) | 2016/08/14 | < 0.30 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Silicon (Si) | 2016/08/14 | < 0.10 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Sodium (Na) | 2016/08/14 | <0.50 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Strontium (Sr) | 2016/08/14 | <0.020 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Sulphur (S) | 2016/08/14 | <0.20 | | mg/L | |
| 8362390 | CJ5 | RPD | Total Barium (Ba) | 2016/08/14 | 1.0 | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Boron (B) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Calcium (Ca) | 2016/08/14 | 0.96 | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Iron (Fe) | 2016/08/14 | 0.15 | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Lithium (Li) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Magnesium (Mg) | 2016/08/14 | 1.2 | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Manganese (Mn) | 2016/08/14 | 1.2 | | % | 20 |



STANTEC CONSULTING LTD Client Project #: 110219790 Site Location: BURBANK Sampler Initials: SS

| QA/QC | | | | Date | | | | |
|---------|------|--------------------------|-----------------------|------------|-----------------------|----------|-------|-----------|
| Batch | Init | QC Type | Parameter | Analyzed | Value | Recovery | UNITS | QC Limits |
| | | • • | Total Phosphorus (P) | 2016/08/14 | 1.2 | · | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Potassium (K) | 2016/08/14 | 1.0 | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Silicon (Si) | 2016/08/14 | 1.7 | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Sodium (Na) | 2016/08/14 | 0.89 | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Strontium (Sr) | 2016/08/14 | 0.74 | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Sulphur (S) | 2016/08/14 | 0.61 | | % | 20 |
| 8362391 | JPG | Matrix Spike [PG2320-05] | Total Aluminum (AI) | 2016/08/14 | | 102 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Antimony (Sb) | 2016/08/14 | | 105 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Arsenic (As) | 2016/08/14 | | 102 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Beryllium (Be) | 2016/08/14 | | 101 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Cadmium (Cd) | 2016/08/14 | | 105 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Chromium (Cr) | 2016/08/14 | | 94 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Cobalt (Co) | 2016/08/14 | | 96 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Copper (Cu) | 2016/08/14 | | 93 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Lead (Pb) | 2016/08/14 | | 101 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Molybdenum (Mo) | 2016/08/14 | | 105 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Nickel (Ni) | 2016/08/14 | | 96 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Selenium (Se) | 2016/08/14 | | 95 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Silver (Ag) | 2016/08/14 | | 102 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Thallium (TI) | 2016/08/14 | | 102 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Tin (Sn) | 2016/08/14 | | 111 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Titanium (Ti) | 2016/08/14 | | 91 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Uranium (U) | 2016/08/14 | | 99 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Vanadium (V) | 2016/08/14 | | 98 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Zinc (Zn) | 2016/08/14 | | 97 | % | 80 - 120 |
| 8362391 | JPG | Spiked Blank | Total Aluminum (AI) | 2016/08/14 | | 100 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Antimony (Sb) | 2016/08/14 | | 99 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Arsenic (As) | 2016/08/14 | | 99 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Beryllium (Be) | 2016/08/14 | | 96 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Cadmium (Cd) | 2016/08/14 | | 99 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Chromium (Cr) | 2016/08/14 | | 95 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Cobalt (Co) | 2016/08/14 | | 96 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Copper (Cu) | 2016/08/14 | | 96 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Lead (Pb) | 2016/08/14 | | 102 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Molybdenum (Mo) | 2016/08/14 | | 102 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Nickel (Ni) | 2016/08/14 | | 95 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Selenium (Se) | 2016/08/14 | | 100 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Silver (Ag) | 2016/08/14 | | 102 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Thallium (TI) | 2016/08/14 | | 103 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Tin (Sn) | 2016/08/14 | | 107 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Titanium (Ti) | 2016/08/14 | | 102 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Uranium (U) | 2016/08/14 | | 99 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Vanadium (V) | 2016/08/14 | | 97 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Total Zinc (Zn) | 2016/08/14 | | 94 | % | 80 - 120 |
| 8362391 | JPG | Method Blank | Total Aluminum (AI) | 2016/08/14 | 0.0040, RDL=0.0030 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Antimony (Sb) | 2016/08/14 | <0.00060 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Arsenic (As) | 2016/08/14 | <0.00020 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Beryllium (Be) | 2016/08/14 | <0.0010 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Cadmium (Cd) | 2016/08/14 | <0.000020 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Chromium (Cr) | 2016/08/14 | <0.0010 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Cobalt (Co) | 2016/08/14 | <0.00030 | | mg/L | |



STANTEC CONSULTING LTD Client Project #: 110219790 Site Location: BURBANK Sampler Initials: SS

| QA/QC | | | | Date | | | | |
|---------|------|--------------|---------------------------|------------|-----------|----------|-------|-----------|
| Batch | Init | QC Type | Parameter | Analyzed | Value | Recovery | UNITS | QC Limits |
| | | | Total Copper (Cu) | 2016/08/14 | <0.00020 | - | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Lead (Pb) | 2016/08/14 | <0.00020 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Molybdenum (Mo) | 2016/08/14 | <0.00020 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Nickel (Ni) | 2016/08/14 | < 0.00050 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Selenium (Se) | 2016/08/14 | <0.00020 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Silver (Ag) | 2016/08/14 | < 0.00010 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Thallium (TI) | 2016/08/14 | <0.00020 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Tin (Sn) | 2016/08/14 | < 0.0010 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Titanium (Ti) | 2016/08/14 | < 0.0010 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Uranium (U) | 2016/08/14 | < 0.00010 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Vanadium (V) | 2016/08/14 | < 0.0010 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Total Zinc (Zn) | 2016/08/14 | < 0.0030 | | mg/L | |
| 8362391 | JPG | RPD | Total Aluminum (Al) | 2016/08/14 | 4.0 | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Antimony (Sb) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Arsenic (As) | 2016/08/14 | 1.5 | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Beryllium (Be) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Chromium (Cr) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Cobalt (Co) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Copper (Cu) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Lead (Pb) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Molybdenum (Mo) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Nickel (Ni) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Selenium (Se) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Silver (Ag) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Thallium (TI) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Tin (Sn) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Titanium (Ti) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Uranium (U) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Vanadium (V) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Total Zinc (Zn) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| 8362515 | MPH | Matrix Spike | Dissolved Nitrite (N) | 2016/08/15 | | 100 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | · | Dissolved Nitrate (N) | 2016/08/15 | | NC | % | 80 - 120 |
| 8362515 | MPH | Spiked Blank | Dissolved Nitrite (N) | 2016/08/15 | | 101 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | • | Dissolved Nitrate (N) | 2016/08/15 | | 103 | % | 80 - 120 |
| 8362515 | MPH | Method Blank | Dissolved Nitrite (N) | 2016/08/15 | < 0.010 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Nitrate (N) | 2016/08/15 | < 0.010 | | mg/L | |
| 8362515 | MPH | RPD | Dissolved Nitrite (N) | 2016/08/15 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Dissolved Nitrate (N) | 2016/08/15 | 1.6 | | % | 20 |
| 8362555 | JPG | Matrix Spike | Dissolved Aluminum (AI) | 2016/08/14 | | NC | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Antimony (Sb) | 2016/08/14 | | 90 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Arsenic (As) | 2016/08/14 | | 94 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Beryllium (Be) | 2016/08/14 | | 92 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Cadmium (Cd) | 2016/08/14 | | 96 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Chromium (Cr) | 2016/08/14 | | 87 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Cobalt (Co) | 2016/08/14 | | 86 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Copper (Cu) | 2016/08/14 | | 84 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Lead (Pb) | 2016/08/14 | | 89 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Molybdenum (Mo) | 2016/08/14 | | 97 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Nickel (Ni) | 2016/08/14 | | 85 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Selenium (Se) | 2016/08/14 | | 98 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Silver (Ag) | 2016/08/14 | | 94 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Thallium (TI) | 2016/08/14 | | 92 | % | 80 - 120 |



STANTEC CONSULTING LTD Client Project #: 110219790 Site Location: BURBANK Sampler Initials: SS

| QA/QC | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Date | | | | |
|---------|------|--------------|---------------------------------------|------------|-----------|----------|-------|-----------|
| Batch | Init | QC Type | Parameter | Analyzed | Value | Recovery | UNITS | QC Limits |
| | | Ασ : / μο | Dissolved Tin (Sn) | 2016/08/14 | | 100 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Titanium (Ti) | 2016/08/14 | | 98 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Uranium (U) | 2016/08/14 | | 89 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Vanadium (V) | 2016/08/14 | | 91 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Zinc (Zn) | 2016/08/14 | | 87 | % | 80 - 120 |
| 8362555 | JPG | Spiked Blank | Dissolved Aluminum (AI) | 2016/08/14 | | 98 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Antimony (Sb) | 2016/08/14 | | 93 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Arsenic (As) | 2016/08/14 | | 96 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Beryllium (Be) | 2016/08/14 | | 98 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Cadmium (Cd) | 2016/08/14 | | 100 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Chromium (Cr) | 2016/08/14 | | 90 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Cobalt (Co) | 2016/08/14 | | 92 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Copper (Cu) | 2016/08/14 | | 92 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Lead (Pb) | 2016/08/14 | | 97 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Molybdenum (Mo) | 2016/08/14 | | 98 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Nickel (Ni) | 2016/08/14 | | 92 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Selenium (Se) | 2016/08/14 | | 99 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Silver (Ag) | 2016/08/14 | | 99 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Thallium (TI) | 2016/08/14 | | 97 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Tin (Sn) | 2016/08/14 | | 104 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Titanium (Ti) | 2016/08/14 | | 96 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Uranium (U) | 2016/08/14 | | 94 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Vanadium (V) | 2016/08/14 | | 94 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Zinc (Zn) | 2016/08/14 | | 96 | % | 80 - 120 |
| 8362555 | JPG | Method Blank | Dissolved Aluminum (AI) | 2016/08/14 | < 0.0030 | 30 | mg/L | 00 120 |
| 0002000 | J. C | memou siam | Dissolved Antimony (Sb) | 2016/08/14 | <0.00060 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Arsenic (As) | 2016/08/14 | <0.00020 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Beryllium (Be) | 2016/08/14 | <0.0010 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Cadmium (Cd) | 2016/08/14 | <0.000020 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Chromium (Cr) | 2016/08/14 | <0.0010 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Cobalt (Co) | 2016/08/14 | <0.00030 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Copper (Cu) | 2016/08/14 | <0.00020 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Lead (Pb) | 2016/08/14 | <0.00020 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Molybdenum (Mo) | 2016/08/14 | <0.00020 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Nickel (Ni) | 2016/08/14 | <0.00050 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Selenium (Se) | 2016/08/14 | <0.00020 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Silver (Ag) | 2016/08/14 | <0.00010 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Thallium (TI) | 2016/08/14 | <0.00020 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Tin (Sn) | 2016/08/14 | < 0.0010 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Titanium (Ti) | 2016/08/14 | < 0.0010 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Uranium (U) | 2016/08/14 | <0.00010 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Vanadium (V) | 2016/08/14 | <0.0010 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Zinc (Zn) | 2016/08/14 | <0.0030 | | mg/L | |
| 8362555 | JPG | RPD | Dissolved Aluminum (Al) | 2016/08/14 | 1.8 | | % | 20 |
| | - | | Dissolved Antimony (Sb) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Dissolved Arsenic (As) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Dissolved Beryllium (Be) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Dissolved Cadmium (Cd) | 2016/08/14 | 0.97 | | % | 20 |
| | | | Dissolved Chromium (Cr) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Dissolved Cobalt (Co) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Dissolved Copper (Cu) | 2016/08/14 | 4.3 | | % | 20 |
| | | | Dissolved Lead (Pb) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |



STANTEC CONSULTING LTD Client Project #: 110219790 Site Location: BURBANK Sampler Initials: SS

| QA/QC | | | | Date | | | | |
|---------|------|--------------------------|---------------------------|------------|---------|----------|-------|-----------|
| Batch | Init | QC Type | Parameter | Analyzed | Value | Recovery | UNITS | QC Limits |
| | | - 71 | Dissolved Molybdenum (Mo) | 2016/08/14 | NC | , | % | 20 |
| | | | Dissolved Nickel (Ni) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Dissolved Selenium (Se) | 2016/08/14 | 0.098 | | % | 20 |
| | | | Dissolved Silver (Ag) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Dissolved Thallium (TI) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Dissolved Tin (Sn) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Dissolved Titanium (Ti) | 2016/08/14 | 6.1 | | % | 20 |
| | | | Dissolved Uranium (U) | 2016/08/14 | 1.0 | | % | 20 |
| | | | Dissolved Vanadium (V) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Dissolved Zinc (Zn) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| 8362563 | CJ5 | Matrix Spike [PG2320-06] | Dissolved Barium (Ba) | 2016/08/14 | | 91 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Boron (B) | 2016/08/14 | | 106 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Calcium (Ca) | 2016/08/14 | | 96 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Iron (Fe) | 2016/08/14 | | 100 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Lithium (Li) | 2016/08/14 | | 95 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Magnesium (Mg) | 2016/08/14 | | 101 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Manganese (Mn) | 2016/08/14 | | 95 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Phosphorus (P) | 2016/08/14 | | 97 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Potassium (K) | 2016/08/14 | | 101 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Silicon (Si) | 2016/08/14 | | 101 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Sodium (Na) | 2016/08/14 | | NC | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Strontium (Sr) | 2016/08/14 | | 92 | % | 80 - 120 |
| 8362563 | CJ5 | Spiked Blank | Dissolved Barium (Ba) | 2016/08/14 | | 95 | % | 80 - 120 |
| 0002000 | • | Spined Diami | Dissolved Boron (B) | 2016/08/14 | | 107 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Calcium (Ca) | 2016/08/14 | | 99 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Iron (Fe) | 2016/08/14 | | 104 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Lithium (Li) | 2016/08/14 | | 98 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Magnesium (Mg) | 2016/08/14 | | 105 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Manganese (Mn) | 2016/08/14 | | 99 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Phosphorus (P) | 2016/08/14 | | 101 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Potassium (K) | 2016/08/14 | | 104 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Silicon (Si) | 2016/08/14 | | 107 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Sodium (Na) | 2016/08/14 | | 97 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Strontium (Sr) | 2016/08/14 | | 96 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | | | Dissolved Sulphur (S) | 2016/08/14 | | 101 | % | 80 - 120 |
| 8362563 | CJ5 | Method Blank | Dissolved Barium (Ba) | 2016/08/14 | < 0.010 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Boron (B) | 2016/08/14 | <0.020 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Calcium (Ca) | 2016/08/14 | <0.30 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Iron (Fe) | 2016/08/14 | <0.060 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Lithium (Li) | 2016/08/14 | <0.020 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Magnesium (Mg) | 2016/08/14 | <0.20 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Manganese (Mn) | 2016/08/14 | <0.0040 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Phosphorus (P) | 2016/08/14 | <0.10 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Potassium (K) | 2016/08/14 | <0.30 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Silicon (Si) | 2016/08/14 | <0.10 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Sodium (Na) | 2016/08/14 | <0.50 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Strontium (Sr) | 2016/08/14 | <0.020 | | mg/L | |
| | | | Dissolved Sulphur (S) | 2016/08/14 | <0.20 | | mg/L | |
| 8362563 | CJ5 | RPD [PG2320-06] | Dissolved Barium (Ba) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | , | Dissolved Boron (B) | 2016/08/14 | 0.34 | | % | 20 |
| | | | Dissolved Calcium (Ca) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | Dissolved Iron (Fe) | 2016/08/14 | NC | | % | 20 |
| | | | טוססטועפע ווטוו (רפ) | 2010/06/14 | INC | | 70 | 20 |



STANTEC CONSULTING LTD Client Project #: 110219790 Site Location: BURBANK Sampler Initials: SS

| Value NC NC NC | Recovery | UNITS % | QC Limits |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|
| NC NC | Recovery | | QC LITTICS |
| NC | | /0 | 20 |
| | | % | 20 |
| IVC | | % | 20 |
| NC | | % | 20 |
| NC | | % | 20 |
| 0.54 | | % | 20 |
| 1.6 | | % | 20 |
| NC | | % | 20 |
| 1.4 | | % | 20 |
| 2 | 97 | % | 80 - 120 |
| < 0.0019 | 3. | mg/L | 00 120 |
| 0 | | % | 20 |
| Ü | 100 | % | 80 - 120 |
| <0.10 | 100 | NTU | 00 120 |
| 2.2 | | % | 20 |
| | 107 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | 109 | % | 80 - 120 |
| <0.050 | 103 | mg/L | 00 120 |
| NC | | /// // // | 20 |
| | 100 | % | 97 - 103 |
| 0.37 | 100 | % | N/A |
| 0.57 | 101 | % | 80 - 120 |
| <0.50 | 101 | mg/L | 00 120 |
| <0.50 | | mg/L | |
| NC | | % | 20 |
| 0.43 | | % | 20 |
| 0.43 | | % | 20 |
| NC | | % | 20 |
| NC | | % | 20 |
| _ | 99 | % | 90 - 110 |
| 1.4, | | uS/cm | |
| RDL=1.0 | | u.s, c | |
| 0.37 | | % | 20 |
| 0.57 | 103 | % | 80 - 120 |
| | 98 | % | 80 - 120 |
| <0.050 | 30 | | 00 120 |
| | | | 20 |
| | 107 | | 80 - 120 |
| | | | 80 - 120 |
| <1.0 | 103 | | 00 120 |
| | | | 20 |
| 0.75 | NC | | 80 - 120 |
| | | | 80 - 120 |
| <1.0 | 100 | | 55 120 |
| | | | 20 |
| | 99 | | 80 - 120 |
| | | | 80 - 120 |
| | | | 80 - 120 |
| <0.0030 | 100 | | 55 IL0 |
| _ | <0.050 NC <1.0 0.73 <1.0 1.0 | NC 107 105 <1.0 0.73 NC 105 <1.0 1.0 99 93 100 | NC % 107 % 105 % <1.0 mg/L 0.73 % NC % 105 % <1.0 mg/L 1.0 % 99 % 93 % 100 % |



STANTEC CONSULTING LTD Client Project #: 110219790 Site Location: BURBANK

Sampler Initials: SS

QUALITY ASSURANCE REPORT(CONT'D)

| QA/QC | | | | Date | | | | |
|---------|------|-----------------|-------------------------|------------|------------|----------|---------|-----------|
| Batch | Init | QC Type | Parameter | Analyzed | Value | Recovery | UNITS | QC Limits |
| 8364537 | AL2 | RPD | Total Phosphorus (P) | 2016/08/17 | 2.5 | | % | 20 |
| 8365831 | JLO | Matrix Spike | Dissolved Mercury (Hg) | 2016/08/17 | | NC | % | 85 - 115 |
| 8365831 | JLO | QC Standard | Dissolved Mercury (Hg) | 2016/08/17 | | 104 | % | 85 - 115 |
| 8365831 | JLO | Spiked Blank | Dissolved Mercury (Hg) | 2016/08/17 | | 97 | % | 85 - 115 |
| 8365831 | JLO | Method Blank | Dissolved Mercury (Hg) | 2016/08/17 | 0.0024, | | ug/L | |
| | | | | | RDL=0.0020 | | | |
| 8365831 | JLO | RPD | Dissolved Mercury (Hg) | 2016/08/17 | NC | | % | 20 |
| 8365833 | JLO | Matrix Spike | Total Mercury (Hg) | 2016/08/17 | | NC | % | 85 - 115 |
| 8365833 | JLO | QC Standard | Total Mercury (Hg) | 2016/08/17 | | 105 | % | 85 - 115 |
| 8365833 | JLO | Spiked Blank | Total Mercury (Hg) | 2016/08/17 | | 99 | % | 85 - 115 |
| 8365833 | JLO | Method Blank | Total Mercury (Hg) | 2016/08/17 | <0.0020 | | ug/L | |
| 8365833 | JLO | RPD [PG2320-07] | Total Mercury (Hg) | 2016/08/17 | NC | | % | 20 |
| 8366237 | AL2 | Matrix Spike | Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen | 2016/08/18 | | NC | % | 80 - 120 |
| 8366237 | AL2 | QC Standard | Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen | 2016/08/18 | | 98 | % | 80 - 120 |
| 8366237 | AL2 | Spiked Blank | Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen | 2016/08/18 | | 101 | % | 80 - 120 |
| 8366237 | AL2 | Method Blank | Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen | 2016/08/18 | < 0.050 | | mg/L | |
| 8366237 | AL2 | RPD | Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen | 2016/08/18 | 1.1 | | % | 20 |
| 8370668 | KPG | Spiked Blank | True Colour | 2016/08/20 | | 100 | % | 80 - 120 |
| 8370668 | KPG | Method Blank | True Colour | 2016/08/20 | <2.0 | | PtCo un | it |
| 8370668 | KPG | RPD | True Colour | 2016/08/20 | 0 | | % | 20 |

N/A = Not Applicable

Duplicate: Paired analysis of a separate portion of the same sample. Used to evaluate the variance in the measurement.

Matrix Spike: A sample to which a known amount of the analyte of interest has been added. Used to evaluate sample matrix interference.

QC Standard: A sample of known concentration prepared by an external agency under stringent conditions. Used as an independent check of method accuracy.

Spiked Blank: A blank matrix sample to which a known amount of the analyte, usually from a second source, has been added. Used to evaluate method accuracy.

Method Blank: A blank matrix containing all reagents used in the analytical procedure. Used to identify laboratory contamination.

NC (Matrix Spike): The recovery in the matrix spike was not calculated. The relative difference between the concentration in the parent sample and the spiked amount was too small to permit a reliable recovery calculation (matrix spike concentration was less than 2x that of the native sample concentration).

NC (Duplicate RPD): The duplicate RPD was not calculated. The concentration in the sample and/or duplicate was too low to permit a reliable RPD calculation (one or both samples < 5x RDL).



STANTEC CONSULTING LTD Client Project #: 110219790 Site Location: BURBANK

Sampler Initials: SS

VALIDATION SIGNATURE PAGE

The analytical data and all QC contained in this report were reviewed and validated by the following individual(s).

Suwan Fock, B.Sc., QP, Inorganics Senior Analyst

Maxxam has procedures in place to guard against improper use of the electronic signature and have the required "signatories", as per section 5.10.2 of ISO/IEC 17025:2005(E), signing the reports. For Service Group specific validation please refer to the Validation Signature Page.



Calgary: 4000 19th St. NE, T2E 6P8. Toll Free (800) 386-7247 Edmonton: 9331-48 St. T6B 2R4. Toll Free (800) 386-7247 maxxam.ca



CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

M 17506

Page of \

| Invoice Information | Report Information (if differs from invoice) | | | | Project Information | | | | | | | | Turnaround Time (TAT) Required | | | | | | | |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|---------|-----------|---------------------|-------------------------|---|------------|--------------------|--|-------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-----------------|----------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Company: Stante C | Company: | ompany: | | | | Quotation #: | | | | | | | _ | 5 - 7 Days Regular (Most analyses) | | | | | | |
| | Contact Name: | Name: | | | | P.O. #/ AFE#: | | | | | | | | | PLEASE PROVIDE ADVANCE NOTICE FOR RUSH PROJECTS | | | | | |
| Address: 1016 0 173 St | Address: | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | Rush TAT (Surcharges will be applied) | | | | | |
| Edmonto AB TSKOLD | Pr | | | | | Project #: | | | | | | - | Same Day | | | | 2 Days | | | |
| Phone: 780 (233) 4206 | Phone: Sit | | | | | Site Location: Sur bank | | | | | | _ | L | 1 D | | 3-4 Days | | | | |
| Email: Chastan pagent stantacion | Email: Si | | | | | Site #: | | | | | | | | Date Required: The Sensitive Bouterie | | | | | | |
| Coples: | Coples: Si | | | | | Sampled By: ScARNS | | | | | | | F | Rush Confirmation #: | | | | | | |
| Laboratory Use | Only | | | _ | _ | | | | Analysis Requested | | | | | | VV 23 | | | | Regulatory Criteria | |
| Seal Present Seal Intact Cooling Media VES NO Cooler ID Seal Present Seal Intact Cooling Media VES NO Cooler ID Seal Present Seal Intact Temp Cooling Media VES NO Cooler ID Seal Present Seal Intact Temp Temp | Depot Recepti | on | ainers | 1 □ VOC □ | 1-F4 | Routine Water | Regulated Metals Tot ☐ Diss ☐ Mercury Total ☐ Dissolved ☐ | /4 | | Texture (% Sand, Sift, Clay) Basic Class II Landfill | and Flowide | indity / Colour | rite + Nitrate | Frogen-Ammong | Cohorus Salphido | I natals + pure | richagical (E. Colit | DO NOT ANALYZE | AT1/CCME Drinking Water Saskatchewan D50 (Drilling Waste) Other: | |
| Cooling Media Sample Identification | Depth (Unit) Date Sampled (YYYY/MM/DD) | Time Sampled Matrix (HH:MM) | # of co | BTEX F1 | BTEX F1-F4 | Routin | Regulated | Salinity 4 | Sieve (| Basic C | Ra | Tu | SE | Ž | 1100 | Total | Bort | HOLD - | Special Instructions | |
| 1 SEI-END | 204/09/12 | 8:40 Gus | 9 | | | | | | 4 | | X | | × | X. | < V | V | X | | - Scirce parametas | |
| 2 5-1 | 2016/09/12 | 8:50 GW | a. | - | - | + | - | | _ | + | × | XX | CX | XX | K X | X | X | | | |
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| Please indicate Filtered, Preserved or Both (F, P, F/P) | | | | | | | \perp | | | | | | | Ц | | _ | | | | |
| Relinquished by: (Signature/ Print) DATE (YY | YY/MM/DD) Time (HH:MM) | Received I | by: (5 | Signat | ture/ | ure/ Print) | | | DATE (YYYY/MM/DD) | | | | Time (HH:MM) | | | | | | | |
| Angelt Bryen (and restile | 17:20 | Dudl | -/ | Dev | 7- | Stidner 2016/08/12 | | | 17 | 3 21 | 0 | 3667918 D-T | | | | | | | | |
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